

# AMERICAN Glycopyrrolate Injection, USP

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations Revision Date: 01/10/2019 Date of issue: 02/10/2014

Version: 1.0

### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

1.1. Product Identifier Product Form: Solution

Product Name: Glycopyrrolate Injection, USP Product Code: 4601-25; 4602-25; 4605-25; 4620-25

#### 1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the substance/mixture: Indicated for use in anesthesia as a preoperative antimuscarinic to reduce salivary, tracheobronchial, and pharyngeal secretions; to reduce the volume and free acidity of gastric secretions; and, to block cardiac vagal inhibitory reflexes during induction of anesthesia and intubation. When indicated, glycopyrrolate injection may be used intraoperatively to counteract surgically or drug-induced or vagal reflexes associated arrhythmias. Glycopyrrolate protects against the peripheral muscarinic effects (e.g., bradycardia and excessive secretions) of cholinergic agents such as neostigmine and pyridostigmine given to reverse the neuromuscular blockade due to non-depolarizing muscle relaxants. For use in adults as adjunctive therapy for the treatment of peptic ulcer when rapid anticholinergic effect is desired or when oral medication is not tolerated.

### 1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

#### Company

American Regent, Inc. 5 Ramsey Road P.O. Box 9001 Shirley, NY 1-800-645-1706

www.americanregent.com

### 1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

#### Classification (GHS-US)

Not classified

### 2.2. Label Elements

### **GHS-US Labeling**

No labeling applicable

- **2.3. Other Hazards** Refer to patient insert for more information. Exposure may aggravate individuals with pre-existing skin, kidney, liver, and pulmonary disorders.
- 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) No data available

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### **3.1. Substance** Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Water for injection	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	99.1	Not classified
Benzyl alcohol	(CAS No) 100-51-6	0.9	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation: vapor), H331 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Glycopyrronium bromide (Glycopyrrolate)	(CAS No) 596-51-0	0.02	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320 STOT SE 3, H335
Sodium hydroxide	(CAS No) 1310-73-2	Used to adjust pH	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 3, H402

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Hydrochloric acid	(CAS No) 7647-01-0	Used to	Met. Corr. 1, H290
		adjust pH	Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation: gas), H331
			Skin Corr. 1A, H314
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

**First-aid Measures General**: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

**First-aid Measures After Inhalation**: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Seek medical attention.

**First-aid Measures After Skin Contact**: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush with copious quantities of water for 15 minutes. Seek medical advice.

**First-aid Measures After Eye Contact**: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms/Injuries:** Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use. May cause an allergic reaction in sensitive individuals. Please refer to the package insert for more detailed information.

### 4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

### **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid. CAUTION: Carbon dioxide is an asphyxiant. Lack of oxygen can be fatal.

#### 5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

#### 5.3. Advice for Firefighters

**Firefighting Instructions:** Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

**Protection During Firefighting:** Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion and decomposition products.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Do not breathe vapour or mist.

#### 6.1.1. For Non-emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE). Refer to section 8.2.

**Emergency Procedures:** Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

### 6.1.2. For Emergency Responders

**Protective Equipment:** Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

**Emergency Procedures:** Ventilate area.

**6.2. Environmental Precautions** Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Vacuum spillage with a vacuum cleaner having a high efficiency particulate (HEPA) filter, or absorb liquid with clay absorbent, absorbent pads or paper towels. Use plastic tools to scoop up, sweep or containerize spilled material. Use plastic drums to contain spilled materials. Wipe working surfaces to dryness, and then wash with soap and water.

**6.4.** Reference to Other Sections See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

**Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work.

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#### 7.2. **Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities**

**Technical Measures:** Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in original container. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

**Incompatible Products:** Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Storage Temperature: 20 - 25 °C (68 - 77 °F) Excursions permitted to 15 - 30 °C (59 - 86 °F) (See USP Controlled Room

Temperature).

7.3. Specific End Use(s) Pharmaceutical.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. **Control Parameters**

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)	7 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	50 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m³)	7 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm

#### 8.2. **Exposure Controls**

**Appropriate Engineering Controls** : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the

> immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

**Personal Protective Equipment** Gloves. Safety glasses.





**Hand Protection** : Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

**Eye Protection** : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

**Skin and Body Protection** : Wear suitable protective clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Respiratory Protection** : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

**Other Information** : When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### **Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties**

**Physical State** : Liquid **Appearance** : Clear, colorless Odor : Benzyl Alcohol **Odor Threshold** : No data available рΗ

: 2.0 - 3.0

**Evaporation Rate** : No data available **Melting Point** : No data available **Freezing Point** : No data available **Boiling Point** : ≈ 100 °C (212 °F) **Flash Point** : No data available **Auto-ignition Temperature** : No data available **Decomposition Temperature** : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable Vapor Pressure : No data available Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C : No data available **Relative Density** : No data available

Specific Gravity : ≈ 1.0

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Solubility: Soluble in waterPartition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: No data availableViscosity: No data available

**9.2. Other Information** No additional information available

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

- **10.1. Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- **10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.
- **10.5.** Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizers. Strong bases.
- **10.6.** Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), Halogenated

compounds, Nitrogen oxides.

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Water (7732-18-5)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 90000 mg/kg	
Glycopyrronium bromide (Glycopyrrolate) (596-51-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	709 mg/kg	
Benzyl alcohol (100-51-6)		
LD50 Oral Rat	1230 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	2 g/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	8.8 mg/l/4h	
Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	238 - 277 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5010 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	1.68 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	781 ppm/4h (reported as 3124 ppm/1 h)	

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified (pH: 2 - 3)
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified (pH: 2 - 3)
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
IARC group	3

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LC50 Fish 1	45.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	40 mg/l
Benzyl alcohol (100-51-6)	
LC50 Fish 1	460 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	23 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
LC 50 Fish 2	10 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])

### 12.2. Persistence and Degradability Not established

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Glycopyrrolate Injection, USP	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Benzyl alcohol (100-51-6)	
Log Pow	1.1

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### 12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other Adverse Effects

**Other Information** : Avoid release to the environment.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**Sewage Disposal Recommendations:** Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way. **Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international

regulations.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

14.1. In Accordance with DOT
 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG
 14.3. In Accordance with IATA
 Not regulated for transport
 Not regulated for transport

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1 US Federal Regulations

13.1 O3 reactar regulations		
Water (7732-18-5)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Benzyl alcohol (100-51-6)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302		
Listed on United States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) 500 (gas only)		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 % (acid aerosols including mists, vapors, gas, fog, and other	

airborne forms of any particle size)

### 15.2 US State Regulations

### Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Benzyl alcohol (100-51-6)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

**Revision Date** : 01/10/2019

**Other Information**: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation: gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation: vapor)	Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapor) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

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Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Eye Irrit. 2B	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H227	Combustible liquid
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H320	Causes eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

Refer to American Regent prescribing information for further information at: http://americanregent.com/AllProducts.aspx

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