

I. General Information

Chemical Name & Synonyms
SILICONE SEALANT
 Chemical Family
SILICONE
 Proper DOT Shipping Name
CALKING COMPOUND
 Manufacturer
PECORA CORPORATION
 Manufacturer's Address
5 WAMBOLD RD., HARLEYSVILLE, PA 19438

Trade Name & Synonyms
PECORA 863 SILICONE SEALANT
 Formula
NOT APPLICABLE
 DOT Hazard Classification
NONE
 Manufacturer's Phone Number
215-723-8051
 Chemtrec Phone Number
800-424-9300

II. Ingredients

Principal Hazardous Components	Percent	Threshold Limit Value (units)
ACETOXYSILANE	4%	10 PPM
TLV FOR ACETOXYSILANE BASED ON ACETIC ACID.		
HEALTH 1		
FLAMMABILITY 1		
REACTIVITY 1		

III. Physical Data

Boiling Point (°F)	ABOVE 300°F (149°C)	Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1)	1.05
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.)	< 5 mm	Percent Volatile By Volume (%)	< 5%
Vapor Density (Air = 1)	N/A	Evaporation Rate (Ether = 1)	< 1
Solubility in Water	< 0.1%	pH	ACIDIC DURING CURE
Appearance & Odor	SMOOTH PASTE WITH ACETIC ACID ODOR.		

IV. Fire & Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Test Method)	> 250°F OPEN CUP	Auto Ignition Temperature	UNKNOWN
Flammable Limits	NOT DETERMINED	LEL	NOT DETERMINED
Extinguishing Media	WATER FOG, CO₂, DRY CHEMICAL, FOAM.		
Special Fire Fighting Procedures	SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING SHOULD BE WORN IN FIGHTING CHEMICAL FIRES.		
Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards	NONE KNOWN TO PECORA CORPORATION.		

V. Health Hazard Data

Threshold Limit Value SEE SECTION II	OSHA Threshold Limit Value SEE SECTION II	ACGIH Threshold Limit Value SEE SECTION II
Carcinogen - NTP Program NOT KNOWN TO BE A CARCINOGEN	Carcinogen - IARC Program NOT KNOWN TO BE A CARCINOGEN	
Symptoms of Exposure EYE IRRITATION, REDDENING OF SKIN ON PROLONGED CONTACT AND POSSIBLY A MILD BURN.		
Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure NO KNOWN ADVERSE CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS. MAY ENHANCE ALLERGIC CONDITIONS ON CERTAIN PEOPLE.		

Primary Route(s) of Entry
DERMAL AND INHALATION.

Emergency First Aid
EYES: FLUSH WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES. SKIN: WIPE OFF AND FLUSH WITH WATER. INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR.

VI. Reactivity Data

Stability	<input type="checkbox"/> Unstable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stable	Conditions To Avoid AIR OR MOISTURE CAUSES POLYMERIZATION.
Incompatibility		Materials To Avoid OXIDIZING MATERIALS
Hazardous Polymerization	<input type="checkbox"/> May Occur <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Will Not Occur	Conditions To Avoid NOT APPLICABLE
Hazardous Decomposition Products SILICONE DIOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE AND OTHER CARBON PRODUCTS.		

VII. Environmental Protection Procedures

Spill Response
SCRAPE UP AND USE ABSORBENT MATERIAL TO SOAK UP ANY OIL-LIKE RESIDUES.

Waste Disposal Method
DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE, FEDERAL AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

VIII. Special Protection Information

Eye Protection GLASSES OR GOGGLES	Skin Protection WASH BEFORE SMOKING OR EATING
Respiratory Protection (Specific Type) ORGANIC VAPOR TYPE	Ventilation Recommended MECHANICAL RECOMMENDED
Other Protection RUBBER GLOVES AND APRON OPTIONAL.	

IX. Special Precautions

Hygienic Practices In Handling & Storage
STORE AT TEMPERATURES BELOW 90°F. USE REASONABLE CARE AND CAUTION.

Precautions For Repair & Maintenance Of Contaminated Equipment
NOT APPLICABLE.

Other Precautions
KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN !



January, 1989

This product (NR-201) contains a toxic chemical or chemicals subject to reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

2,4 Toluene Diisocyanate CAS #584-84-9 (4%)

This notice is attached to the MSDS for this product and must not be detached. It constitutes part of the Material Safety Data Sheet.

The National Toxicology Program (NTP) has included TDI in its "Fourth Annual Report on Carcinogens" as a substance that may reasonably be anticipated to be a carcinogen. OSHA, as well as ACGIH, also list TDI as a possible carcinogen.

The NTP action was based on the positive results of a two-year NTP oral feeding study on rodents that was conducted at or above maximum tolerated doses. TDI was not carcinogenic in a two-year rat inhalation study.