

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

HMIS RATINGS: 1-0-0-E

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May be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910, 1200. Standard must be consulted for specific requirements.

The product identity on this page meets the OSHA definition of an article and is exempt from the Hazard Communication Standard as to all normally careful uses. Some potential may exist for exposure to dust.

The ingredients in these products are resin bonded and hazards normally associated with contact to pure dusts of the listed ingredients should not be significant. Federal Mogul has listed all of the essential ingredients present in a series of products of this general description. All products identified on this MSDS are asbestos free. The friction materials listed below will not contain all of the ingredients shown below. The recommended exposure limits are those for the most hazardous substance in a class of substances. Exact formulation is considered proprietary and confidential. Precise product information will not be disclosed, other than to a health professional in accordance with the regulations, without an approved Secrecy Agreement.

The information herein is believed to be accurate, however, Federal Mogul makes no representation or warranty as to its accuracy. This data is furnished gratuitously and independently of any sale of the product, and only for customer investigation and independent verification.

Federal Mogul shall in no event be responsible for any damages of whatever nature directly or indirectly resulting from the publication or use of or reliance upon data contained herein. No express or implied warranty of any kind, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for use, with respect to the product or to the data herein is made hereunder.

IDENTITY (As Used on Label or on Friction Material)

Formulations:

NA-27 (A, W), 927A, 929A, **931**-(66, 83, 92, 162), **987**-(6, 6B), 1027-138, 1048-(9, 109, 111), 1083-(7, 49, 63), 1143-(3, 153M, 155, 162M, 301, 320M), 1135-8, 1155-(2, 2H, 61, 155, 169), 1153-5, 1157-14, 1162-15, 1175-8, 1177-9, 1182-95, 1184-41, 1189-10, 1194-3, 1199-17, 1223-44, 1224-(66, 78), 1226-(7, 16, 17), 1272-15, 1273-48, 3006-27, 3027-(73, 85, 91, 91B, 91CP, 108, 127), 3030-(6, 7, 67CP, 114, 153, 158, 160, 197, 212, 227, 258), 3041-29, 3050-(3, 19), 3059-(52, 52A, 91, 100, 100A, 120, 120A, 122A), 3079-(6, 7, 10, 13, 14, 16, 17, 36), 3080-21, 3086-(22A, 40, 65, 65A), 3115-(4, 5, 18, 23, 36, 40, 48, 49, 131), 3153-1, 3156-1, 3158-16, 3152- (21, 22, 26, 27), 3164-(4, 9, 34), 4308-3. 3170- (1, 2, 7, 8, 23, 24, 25), 3173-137

Edge Codes:

ABEX-(647, 685, 689, 697, 6000, 6008-1, 6008-1S, 6009, 6011, 6020, 6024, 6028, 6029, 6033, 6035, 6036, 6037, 6040, 6042, 6043, 6047, 6048, 6053, 6054, 6055, 6056, 6058, 6060, 6062, 6064, 6068, 6074, 6076, 6078, 6079, 6080, 6082, 6085, 6087, 6088, 6089, 6090, 6092, 6095, 6097, 6098, 6100, 6101, 6103, 6104, 6105, 6109, 6110, 6111, 6173, 6184, 6224, FT, SM, VL20, VL23), **ABB-**(281, 282, 285, 294, 296, 2003-1, 2005, 2015, 2019, 2022, 2023, 2027, 2029, 2031, 2034, 2036, 2041, 2042, 2047, 2049, 2050, 2052, 2054, 2056, 2063, 2069, 2071, 2073), **COM-**(371, 372, 377, 383, 385, 392-1, 395, 397, 3005, 3009, 3013, 3014, 3018, 3020, 3034, 3036, 3040, 3042, 3048, 3054, 4000, 4002, 4005, 4007, 4009), **ABX-**(197, 197S), **AE-**(1181, 1195, 1210, 1215, 1220, 1225, 1230, 1240, 1250, 1255, 1260, 1270, 1275, 1290, 1320, 1340, 1350, 1360, 1475, 1490), **ASAA-**2171, **BDX-**2171, City 20, **E1-**(30HS, 30GHS, 40HS), E88A, **EES-**(400, 401, 420, 421, 500, 501, 600, 601, 700, 701, 710, 711, 800, 801, 1101), **FA** (14, 16, 22, 26, 34, 867, 3000, 3010, 3020, 3030, 4000. 4005, 4006, 4008, 4010, Met, PMT, PM17/20-1, PM23-1), **FA OE** (456, 718, 867), **FC-**(20, 23), **Ferodo** (385, 392-1, 397, 3013, 3022, 3059, 3061, 3062, 3063, 3064, 3153, 3142, 3219, 4006), **FM** (200, 200-1, 296, 372, 385, 392-1, 2003-1, 2007, 2022, 2031, 2048, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2158, 2169, 2237), MA614, MA618, METALLIC 23K, **MTP** (20,30), **MPV** 2015, **NAB** (035, 131, 132, 285, 286, 286-1, 456, 456-3, 718-9, 743, 867), **NSS-**(1200, 1205, 1245, 1250, 1255, 1260, 1265, 1270, 1280, 1285, 1310, 1330, 1350), **OFS** (18, 20, 23, 20P, 20S, 23P, 23S), **OPTIPRO** (820, 825, 827, 830, 835, 837, 839), **OTR** (1, II, III, IV, V, VI, BRZ, BLK, BLU, GRN, RED, ORG, GLD, SLV), **R-**(201, 203, 204, 208, 209, 301, 401, 403, 404, 501, 503, 602, 607, 608, 609), RC101, **SB** (C, A20, A23, P20, P23), **SOR008, SOR215, XSOR009.**

| 001, 000, 002, 007, 000, 000), 110 101, GB (0, 7120, 7120, 1 20, 1 20), | COROUG, CORETO, ACOROU | V. | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| SE | ECTION I | | | | | |
| Manufacturer's Name: | Emergency Telepho | Emergency Telephone Number: | | | | |
| Federal Mogul Friction Products | Telephone Number | Telephone Number for Information | | | | |
| Address: (Number, Street, City, State, Zip Code) | | | | | | |
| 2410 Papermill Road, PO Box 3250 | Date Prepared: | April 11, 2005 | | | | |
| Winchester, VA 22604 | Preparer: | J. P. Kwolek / D | ick Hummel | | | |
| SECTION II - Hazardous Ingredients / Identity Information | | | | | | |
| All Components (Hazardous and non) | MINI | MUM | MINIMUM | | | |
| (Specific Chemical Identity: Common Names) | OSHA PE | | TLV | | | |
| Phenolic, Cashew, Elastomeric, Linseed Compounds, Lim | e 5.0 mg/M ³ | 5.0 mg/M | 3 | | | |
| Vitreous and Non Vitreous Fibers: organic and inorganic: (proprietary) | | | | | | |
| Barytes, Calcium Carbonate, Mica, Iron Chromite (trivalent chromium), Amorphous silica, | | | | | | |
| Sodium hexametaphosphate, Ferrophosphorus, Fullers earth, Portland Cement, Slag wool, Vermiculite | | | | | | |
| Metal/Metal Oxides: (Aluminum, Aluminum Oxide, Magnesium | Oxide, Iron, Iron oxides, Titaniun | | | | | |
| Carbon Products: (Carbon, Carbon black, Graphites, Coke | e, Coal) 2.0 mg/M ³ | 2.0 mg/M | 3 | | | |
| Talc, Kyanite, Rottenstone, Lime, Mica, Mineral fibers (exe | | res | | | | |
| Inorganic (biosoluable) fibers | 1 fiber/cm ³ | 1 fiber /cn | n ³ | | | |
| Copper, Zinc, Brass fibers and chips | 1.0mg/M ³ | 1.0 mg/M | | | | |
| Chrome green oxide | 0.5 mg/M ³ | 0.5 mg/M | | | | |
| Ceramic fibers | 0.5 fibers/cm ³ | 0.5 fibers/ | cm ³ | | | |
| Quartz, Tripoli | 0.3 mg/M ³ | 0.3 mg/M | 3 | | | |
| Lead (<0.025% in brass chips only, < 0.25% in formula) | 0.005 mg/M ³ | 0.005 mg/ | /M ³ | | | |

FORM: WIN-EHS-MS-019-21B PRINT DATE: 10/28/2010

Rev. ISSUE: 7/21/2006



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| Boiling Point NA Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1) 1.5 - 3.5 Solicity (Air = 1) NA Melting Point NA Separation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) 0 NA Vapor Density (Air = 1) NA Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) 0 NA Separation Rate (Butyl | | SEC | TION I | II - Pl | hysical/0 | Chemic | al Character | istics | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|----------|---|------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------|----|-----------|---|
| Solubility in Water | | | | NA | | Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1) | | | | 1.5 – 3.5 | |
| Solid Soli | Boiling Point | | | NA | | Melting Point | | | | NA | |
| Solid, Brownish Grey Color, Friction Material Odor | Vapor Density (Air = 1) | Vapor Density (Air = 1) | | NA | | Evapo | Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) | | | | 0 |
| Plash Point (Method Used) NA Firam and Explosion Hazard Data | Solubility in Water | Insolu | uble | | | | | | | | |
| Rash Point (Method Used) NA Flammable Limits NA LEL UEL | Appearance and Odor | Solid | , Brown | ish G | rey Colo | r, Fricti | on Material O | dor | | | |
| Extinguishing Media Water, (Class A, B, or C) Special Fire Fighting Procedures suitable respiratory protection should leave the area to prevent significant exposure to toxic combusting agases from any source. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards Powder will smolder and burn SECTION V - Reactivity Data Stability Unstable Conditions to Avoid NK Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid) NK Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid) NK Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts Incomplete combustion will create carbon monoxide and dioxide Hazardous Vill Not Occur Conditions to Avoid NK Stable X Incomplete combustion to Avoid NK Hazardous Polymerization Will Not Occur X Incomplete combustion to Avoid NK Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation? Skin? Ingestion? Yes Yes Yes Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic) Some persons may be sensitive to cashew resins and develop dermatitis-type problems. Dust of glass fiber, silica, talc, graphite, carbon black, and coal may produce pneumoconiosis, silicosis, a progressive degenerative scarring of lung tissue and other lung damage. Metal dusts may be irritents to the eyes and upper respiratory swite degenerative scarring of lung tissue and other lung damage. Metal dusts may be irritents to the eyes and upper respiratory swite degenerative scarring of lung tissue and other lung carbon from iron, aluminum, and zinc dusts. Carcinogenicity: NTP? IARC Monographs? OSHA No *IARC (volume 42, 1987), has concluded that there is sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica to experimental animals and "limited evidence" with respect to humans. Signs and Symptoms of Exposure Cashew Resins - skin eruptions similar in appearance to poison ivy. Pneumoconiosis and silicosis - coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, sputum production, impaired pulmonary function. Dusts in eye may cause irritation. Gastrointestinal disturbances possible from ingestion. Glass fiber may create transient mechanical irritation of the skin of some persons. Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure | | SE | CTION | IV – | Fire and | Explo | sion Hazard | Data | | | |
| Special Fire Fighting Procedures Special Fire Fighting Procedures Positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Personnel not having suitable respiratory protection should leave the area to prevent significant exposure to toxic combustion gases from any source. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards Powder will smolder and burn Section V - Reactivity Data | Flash Point (Method Used) | | N/ | | | Florence de la Lineita | | LEL | | UEL | |
| Substible respiratory protection should leave the area to prevent significant exposure to toxic combustion gases from any source. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards | Extinguishing Media | | | er, (Class A, B, or C) | | | | | | | |
| Stability Stable V Unstable Conditions to Avoid NK Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts Incomplete combustion will create carbon monoxide and dioxide Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts May Occur Conditions to Avoid NK Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts May Occur Conditions to Avoid NK Polymerization Will Not Occur X Incomplete combustion will create carbon monoxide and dioxide Hazardous May Occur Conditions to Avoid NK SECTION VI - Health Hazard Data Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation? Skin? Ingestion? Yes Yes Yes Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic) Some persons may be sensitive to cashew resins and develop dermatitis-type problems. Dust of glass fiber, silica, talc, graphite, carbon black, and coal may produce pneumoconiosis, silicosis, a progressive degenerative scarring of lung tissue and other lung damage. Metal dusts may be irritants to the eyes and upper respiratory system. There is little evidence of chronic industrial poisoning from iron, aluminum, and zinc dusts. Carcinogenicity: NTP? IARC Monographs? OSHA No 1 IARC (volume 42, 1987), has concluded that there is sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica to experimental animals and "limited evidence" with respect to humans. Signs and Symptoms of Exposure Cashew Resins - skin eruptions similar in appearance to poison ivy. Pneumoconiosis and silicosis - coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, sputum production, impaired pulmonary function. Dusts in eye may cause irritation. Gastrointestinal disturbances possible from ingestion. Glass fiber may create transient mechanical irritation of the skin of some persons. Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure Existing respiratory problems may be aggravated by exposure to any dust. Emergency and First Aid Procedures Eye Contact: Sush affected area thoroughly with soap and water, launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation persists, get medical attention. Give large quantiti | suita | | suitable | table respiratory protection should leave the area to prevent significant exposure to toxic | | | | | | | |
| Stability | Unusual Fire and Explosion Ha | zards | Powd | er wil | ll smolde | r and b | urn | | | | |
| Stable X | | | 5 | SECT | ION V - | Reactiv | ity Data | | | | |
| Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid) Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts Hazardous Polymerization May Occur Conditions to Avoid NK | Stability | | U | nstabl | le | | | | | NK | |
| Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts Hazardous May Occur Will Not Occur X SECTION VI - Health Hazard Data Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation? Skin? Ingestion? Yes Yes Yes Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic) Some persons may be sensitive to cashew resins and develop dermatitis-type problems. Dust of glass fiber, silica, talc, graphite, carbon black, and coal may produce pneumoconicosis, silicosis, a progressive degenerative scarring of lung tissue and other lung damage. Metal dusts may be irritants to the eyes and upper respiratory system. There is little evidence of chronic industrial poisoning from irron, aluminum, and zinc dusts. Carcinogenicity: NTP? IARC Monographs? OSHA Regulated? No Yes* No *IARC (volume 42, 1987), has concluded that there is sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica to experimental animals and "limited evidence" with respect to humans. Signs and Symptoms of Exposure Cashew Resins - skin eruptions similar in appearance to poison ivy. Pneumoconiosis and silicosis - coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, sputum production, impaired pulmonary function. Dusts in eye may cause irritation. Gastrointestinal disturbances possible from ingestion. Glass fiber may create transient mechanical irritation of the skin of some persons. Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure Existing respiratory problems may be aggravated by exposure to any dust. Emergency and First Aid Procedures Eye Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes with eye lids open, get medical attention Skin Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes with eye lids open, get medical attention. Inhalation: Remove from exposure to fresh air, restore breathing, get medical attention. Do not make an unconscious person | | | S | table | | Х | | | | | |
| Hazardous Polymerization May Occur X | Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid) | | N | | | | | | | | |
| No Polymerization Will Not Occur X | Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts Incomplete combustion will create carbon monoxide and dioxide | | | | | | | de | | | |
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| Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure Existing respiratory problems may be aggravated by exposure to any dust. Emergency and First Aid Procedures Eye Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes with eye lids open, get medical attention Skin Contact: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water, launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation persists, get medical attention. Inhalation: Remove from exposure to fresh air, restore breathing, get medical attention. Give large quantities of water and induce vomiting, get medical attention. Do not make an unconscious person | Cashew Resins - skin eruptions similar in appearance to poison ivy. Pneumoconiosis and silicosis - coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, sputum production, impaired pulmonary function. Dusts in eye may cause irritation. Gastrointestinal | | | | | | | | | | |
| Emergency and First Aid Procedures Eye Contact: Skin Contact: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water, launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation persists, get medical attention. Remove from exposure to fresh air, restore breathing, get medical attention. Give large quantities of water and induce vomiting, get medical attention. Do not make an unconscious person | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Eye Contact: Skin Contact: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water, launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation persists, get medical attention. Remove from exposure to fresh air, restore breathing, get medical attention. Give large quantities of water and induce vomiting, get medical attention. Do not make an unconscious person | | | gravated | d by ex | xposure t | o any du | st. | | | | |
| Skin Contact: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water, launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation persists, get medical attention. Remove from exposure to fresh air, restore breathing, get medical attention. Give large quantities of water and induce vomiting, get medical attention. Do not make an unconscious person | | | | | | | | | | | |
| If irritation persists, get medical attention. Inhalation: Remove from exposure to fresh air, restore breathing, get medical attention. Give large quantities of water and induce vomiting, get medical attention. Do not make an unconscious person | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ingestion: Give large quantities of water and induce vomiting, get medical attention. Do not make an unconscious person | If irritation persists, get medical attention. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ingestion: Give large quantities of water and induce vomiting, get medical attention. Do not make an unconscious person | | | | | | | | | | |

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

HMIS RATINGS: 1-0-0-E

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SECTION VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled

Grinding, drilling, milling, etc. can result in the release of airborne dust. Wet sweep or vacuum, avoid generating airborne dust and avoid breathing dust. Measures as outlined in Section VIII should be followed if dust is generated.

Waste Disposal Method

Hazardous Ingredients: 40 CFR, Part 261, 262 and applicable State and Local regulations.

Other Precautions

Pre-employment screening for allergies and histories of skin sensitivities may be beneficial in determining persons sensitive to cashew materials.

| | SECTION VIII - Control Measures |
|---------------------|---|
| Respiratory Protect | tion (Specify Type) |
| NIOSH a | oproved for pneumoconiosis - fibrosis producing dusts and dusts with TLV not less than 0.05 mg/M ³ |
| Ventilation | Local Exhaust |
| | For dust exposures exceeding TLV |
| | Mechanical (General) |
| | Not recommended for dust exposures |
| | Special |
| | NK |
| | Other |
| | Barrier creams for persons with skin sensitivity to cashew resins and fiber glass |
| Drotootivo Clavos | · |

Protective Gloves Recommended

Eye Protection

Should not be needed for normal handling of product. Eye protection is good practice where dust is propelled by grinding or drilling activities.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment

Long sleeved shirts or other protective clothing may be beneficial to prevent skin contact of persons sensitive to cashew resins and fiber glass.

Work / Hygienic Practices

Employees should be properly instructed in the use of control measures as indicated above when there is a need for it. If dust from this product is produced, unnecessary exposures should be avoided by using a vacuum in place of dry brooming. Use wet method of cleaning for other surfaces. Proper and adequate personal hygiene should be practiced by exposed workers.

HMIS RATINGS: Health = 1;

Flammability = 0 Reactivity = 0

Protective Equipment = E (dust masks recommended)

NA - Not Available NK - Not Known

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