

# V400 VITALIFE AEROSOL



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

WIRE ROPE LUBRICANT

### Section 1. Identification

American Oil	22 Meridian Road	Transportation Emergency (CHEMTREC)	1-800-424-8300
Stille #6	Estontown, NJ 07724	Technical Information	1-732-346-9213
Product name	: Vialite 400 (12x12 oz aerosol cans)	SDS Information	1-732-346-9213
Common name	: Wire Rope Lubricant	SDS no.	1295-975.19X
Chemical family	: Hydrocarbon	Revision date	01/30/2015
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		Chemical formula	Mixture
Lubricant.			

### Section 2. Hazards Identification

OSHA/NIOSH status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOL S - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer.
Precautionary statements	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Pressurized container. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. : If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
General	
Response	
Storage	
Disposal	
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	Health : 1 Flammability : 4 Physical hazards : 0
National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)	Health : 1 Flammability : 4 Instability : 0

### Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic*	60 - 100	64742-53-6
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	10 - 30	68476-96-8

(\*) This (These) above ingredient(s) is (are) non-hazardous and are not contributing to the hazard and classification of the final mixture. They are disclosed for information only.  
Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.  
There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.  
Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**Section 4. First aid measures**

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

- : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.
- : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous for the rescuer to provide aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place on recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Potential acute health effects**

- : Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- : Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
Irritation  
redness
- : Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing
- : Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

- : Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- : Specific treatments: No specific treatment.
- : Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

**Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

**Extinguishing media**

- : Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- : Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.
- : Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
- : Hazardous thermal decomposition products: No specific data.
- : Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- : Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.