

# Safety Data Sheet OLI-9070.x

# 1. Product and company identification

Product name : OLI-9070.x

Material uses : Petrochemical industry: Fuel additive.

Internal code : 10555 System code : 10555

**Supplier**: Innospec Fuel Specialties LLC

8310 South Valley Highway

Suite 350 Englewood CO, 80112 USA

Information contact : 1-800-441-9547

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: sdsinfo@innospecinc.com

NON-emergency enquiries : corporatecommunications@innospecinc.com

#### **Emergency telephone number**

In USA, Canada and North America, 24 hour / 7 day emergency information for our product is provided by the CHEMTREC® Emergency Call Center based in the USA

Country information : Emergency telephone number

USA, Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands : +1 800 424 9300 In case of difficulties, or for ships at sea : +1 703 527 3887

In Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia Pacific and South America 24 hour / 7 day emergency response for our products is provided by the NCEC CARECHEM 24 global network



Country information : Emergency telephone Location number

South America (all countries) : +1 215 207 0061 Philadelphia USA

+55 113 711 9144 Brazil Brazil Mexico +52 555 004 8763 Mexico Europe (all countries) Middle East, Africa (French, Portuguese, English) +44 (0) 1235 239 670 London, UK Middle East, Africa (Arabic, French, English) +44 (0) 1235 239 671 Lebanon Asia Pacific (all countries except China) +65 3158 1074 Singapore China +86 10 5100 3039 Beijing China

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

# Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### **GHS label elements**

**Hazard pictograms** 



#### Signal word

**Hazard statements** 

: Danger

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H315 + H320 - Causes skin and eye irritation.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

P301 + P310 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P302 + P352 + P312 + P362-2 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

P235 - Keep cool.

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Disposal**

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

**Target organs** 

 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.
 Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, the nervous system, liver, gastrointestinal tract, ears.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	•	<u> </u>
Substance/mixture	• Mixture	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
▼ylene ethylbenzene	30 - 60 4.99 - 9.99	1330-20-7 100-41-4
Benzene, ethylenated, residues, distn. lights Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. naphthalene	0.99 - 4.99 0.99 - 4.99 0.09 - 0.99	178535-25-6 64742-94-5 91-20-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** 

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

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### Section 4. First aid measures

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie. belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth,

throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:
 carbon dioxide
 carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Flash point

: Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

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#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Kylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).  TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 434 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 651 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 655 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).  TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).  TWA: 20 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 545 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.  TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.  STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 545 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).  TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
naphthalene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 52 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  STEL: 15 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 75 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.  TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 75 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 75 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).  TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

#### **Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

#### **Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

**Physical state** 

Color

Odor

**Odor threshold** 

**Boiling point** 

**Melting point** 

Flash point **Evaporation rate**  Liquid.

: Amber. [Light]

Aromatic.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Lowest known value: 136.05°C (276.9°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 153.68°C (308.6°F)

: Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.71compared with butyl acetate

: Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits

Flammability (solid, gas)

: Greatest known range: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure : Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted

average: 0.72 kPa (5.4 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

**Vapor density** : Highest known value: 5.5 (Air = 1) (Benzene, ethylenated, residues, distn. lights).

Weighted average: 4 (Air = 1)

Specific gravity: 0.947 [ASTM D 4052]

Density : 7.89 lbs/gal

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

: Lowest known value: 400°C (752°F) (Benzene, ethylenated, residues, distn. lights).

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Not available.

**Viscosity** 

: Kinematic (room temperature): 0.19 cm²/s (19 cSt) [ASTM D445] Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.092 cm²/s (9.2 cSt) [ASTM D445]

Pour point : < -40°C

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity
Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

: The product is stable.

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Dose
<b>x</b> ylene		Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	4320 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	4300 mg/kg
ethylbenzene	· Ne'	Mouse	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	35500 mg/m³
	- '	Rabbit	LC50 Inhalation	4000 ppm
			Vapor	
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>5000 mg/kg
Benzene, ethylenated,	OECD 423 Acute Oral toxicity -	Rat - Male,	LD50 Oral	>2000 mg/kg
residues, distn. lights	Acute Toxic Class Method	Female		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),		Rat	LC50 Inhalation	>590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
heavy arom.			Vapor	
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2 mL/kg
	-	Rat	LDLo Oral	5 mL/kg
naphthalene	-	Rat	LC50 Inhalation	>340 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			Vapor	
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2000 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LD50 Dermal	>2500 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	490 mg/kg

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
xylene	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant -
	-	Rat	Skin - Mild irritant -
	-	Rabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant -
ethylbenzene	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant -
	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant -
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant -
	-	Mammal - species	Eyes - Mild irritant -
		unspecified	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Benzene, ethylenated, residues, distn. lights	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria	Negative

#### **Carcinogenicity**

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
▼ylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Benzene, ethylenated, residues, distn. lights	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
✓ylene	Acute LC50 3.3 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC <1000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 6800 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Benzene, ethylenated, residues, distn. lights	Acute EC50 6.2 mg/l (growth rate) Fresh water	Algae	72 hours WAF
3	Acute EC50 1.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours WAF
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
naphthalene	Acute EC50 1.96 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.6 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

. C.	<u></u>			
Product/ingredient name	Test OECD 310 Ready Biodegradability - CO <sub>2</sub> in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)		Result 15 % - Not readily - 28 days	
Benzene, ethylenated, residues, distn. lights				
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability	
Wylene ethylbenzene Benzene, ethylenated,		3	Readily Readily Not readily	
residues, distn. lights Solvent paphtha (petroleum)		_	Inherent	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

heavy arom.

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
	3.12 to 3.2	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene	3.1	-	low
Benzene, ethylenated, residues, distn. lights	3.43 to 6.5	-	high
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.		<100	low
naphthalene	3.3	>100	low

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Mammable liquids, n.o.s. (xylene, ethylbenzene) RQ (xylene, ethylbenzene)	AMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, ethylbenzene)	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (xylene, ethylbenzene)
Transport hazard class(es)	3 TRANSCELLUID	3	3
Packing group	III	Ш	III
Environmental hazards	No.	Mo.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 326.88 lbs / 148.4 kg [41.399 gal / 156.71 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.  Limited quantity Yes.  Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L  Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 220 L  Special provisions B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 223, 274, 955	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.  Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L Packaging instructions: 355 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 220 L Packaging instructions: 366 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 10 L Packaging instructions: Y344  Special provisions A3

# **Section 14. Transport information**

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: naphthalene; ethylbenzene; toluene

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs) SARA 302/304** 

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Fire hazard

> Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%		Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
▼ylene	30 - 60	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
ethylbenzene	4.99 - 9.99	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Benzene, ethylenated, residues, distn. lights	0.99 - 4.99	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	0.99 - 4.99	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
naphthalene	0.09 - 0.99	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	30 - 60 4.99 - 9.99 0.09 - 0.99
Supplier notification	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	30 - 60 4.99 - 9.99 0.09 - 0.99

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

**Massachusetts** 

: The following components are listed: ETHYL BENZENE; XYLENE

**New York** 

: The following components are listed: Naphthalene; Ethylbenzene; Xylene (mixed)

**New Jersey** 

The following components are listed: NAPHTHALENE; MOTH FLAKES; ETHYL BENZENE; BENZENE, ETHYL-; XYLENES; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-

**Pennsylvania** 

: The following components are listed: NAPHTHALENE; BENZENE, ETHYL-; BENZENE, **DIMETHYL-**

California Prop. 65

Date of issue/Date of revision 2015-07-05 12/14

# Section 15. Regulatory information

: **WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**WARNING:** This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level	Contains : % or ppm
<b>e</b> thylbenzene	Yes.	No.	41 µg/day (ingestion) 54 µg/day (inhalation)	No.	4.99 - 9.99
naphthalene	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.	0.09 - 0.99
toluene	No.	Yes.	No.	7000 µg/day (ingestion) 13000 µg/day (inhalation)	<10ppm
cumene	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	<10ppm

#### **International lists**

**National inventory** 

**Australia inventory (AICS)** 

**Canada inventory** 

China inventory (IECSC)

**Europe inventory** 

#### Japan inventory (ENCS)

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

**Philippines inventory (PICCS)** 

Korea inventory (KECI)

Taiwan inventory (TCSI)

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** 

: All components are listed or exempted.

All components are listed or exempted.

All components are listed or exempted.

 At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in ELINCS.

Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Not determined.

: At least one component is not listed.

: Not determined.

: At least one component is not listed.

: All components are listed or exempted.

- Our REACH (pre-) registrations DO NOT cover the following:

  1. The manufacture of these products by our company outside the EU unless covered by the Only Representative provisions, and
- 2. The importation of these products into Europe by other companies. Re-importation by other companies is not covered by our (pre-) registrations Customers and other third parties importing and/or re-importing our products into Europe will need either:
- Their own (pre-) registration for substances contained in the imported product, or constituent monomers (imported above 1 tonne per year and >2% by weight) in the case of imported polymers, or
- In the case of importation only, to make use of the "Only Representative" provisions, if available.

## Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2015-07-05

### Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Risk phrases : R10- Flammable.

R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R38- Irritating to skin.

R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Safety phrases: S36/37- Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

**History** 

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Version : 1.01

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the

Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.