HALLIBURTON

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

TUNNEL-GEL® SW

Revision Date: 04-Sep-2015 **Revision Number: 7**

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Name TUNNEL-GEL® SW

Internal ID Code HM006411

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Viscosifier

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Halliburton Energy Services

Halliburton House, Howemoss Place

Kirkhill Industrial Estate

Dvce

Aberdeen, AB21 0GN United Kingdom

www.halliburton.com

For further information, please contact

E-Mail address: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 8 08 189 0979 / 1-760-476-3961

Emergency telephone - §4	45 - (EC)1272/2008
Europe	112
Croatia	Centar za kontrolu otrovanja (CKO): (+385 1) 23-48-342 (Poison Control Center (PCC) - Institute for Medical Research and Occupational Health)
Cyprus	+210 7793777
Denmark	Poison Control Hotline (DK): +45 82 12 12 12
France	ORFILA (FR): + 01 45 42 59 59
Germany	Poison Center Berlin (DE): +49 030 30686 790
Italy	Poison Center, Milan (IT): +39 02 6610 1029
Netherlands	National Poisons Information Center (NL): +31 30 274 88 88 (NB: this service is only available to health professionals)
Norway	Poisons Information (NO):+ 47 22 591300
Poland	Poison Control and Information Centre, Warsaw (PL): +48 22 619 66 54; +48 22 619 08 97
Romania	+40 21 318 36 06
Spain	Poison Information Service (ES): +34 91 562 04 20
United Kingdom	NHS Direct (UK): +44 0845 46 47

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Carcinogenicity	Category 2 - H351
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - (Repeated Exposure)	Category 2 - H373

2.2. Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms



Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

Precautionary Statements - EU (§28, 1272/2008)

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P314 - Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell

Contains

Substances CAS Number Crystalline silica, quartz 14808-60-7 Crystalline silica, cristobalite 14464-46-1 Crystalline silica, tridymite 15468-32-3

2.3. Other Hazards

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on Ingredients

Mixture 3.2. Mixtures

Substances	EINECS	CAS	PERCENT	EU - CLP Substance	REACH No.
		Number	(w/w)	Classification	
Crystalline silica, quartz	238-878-4	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1%	Carc. 2 (H351)	No data available
				STOT RE 1 (H372)	
Crystalline silica,	238-455-4	14464-46-1	0.1 - 1%	Carc. 2 (H351)	No data available
cristobalite				STOT RE 1 (H372)	
Crystalline silica, tridymite	239-487-1	15468-32-3	0.1 - 1%	Carc. 2 (H351)	No data available
				STOT RE 1 (H372)	

For the full text of the H-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory

irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 **Eyes**

minutes and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Skin

Ingestion Under normal conditions, first aid procedures are not required.

4.2. Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Breathing crystalline silica can cause lung disease, including silicosis and lung cancer. Crystalline silica has also been associated with scleroderma and kidney disease.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

All standard fire fighting media

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special Exposure Hazards

Not applicable.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Protective Equipment for Fire-Fighters

Not applicable.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid creating and breathing dust. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

See Section 8 for additional information

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect using dustless method and hold for appropriate disposal. Consider possible toxic or fire hazards associated with contaminating substances and use appropriate methods for collection, storage and disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8 and 13 for additional information.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposure below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard En 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Material is slippery when wet.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Use good housekeeping in storage and work areas to prevent accumulation of dust. Close container when not in use. Do not reuse empty container. Product has a shelf life of 36 months.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Exposure Scenario No information available Other Guidelines No information available

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure Limits

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Substances	CAS Number	EU	UK	Netherlands	France
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.075 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Not applicable	Not applicable	TWA: 0.075 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Not applicable	Not applicable	TWA: 0.075 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Germany	Spain	Portugal	Finland
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica,	14464-46-1	Not applicable	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³

cristobalite					
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Austria	Ireland	Switzerland	Norway
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	0.1 mg/m³ TWA (respirable dust) 0.3 mg/m³ STEL (calculated, respirable dust)	TWA: 0.15 mg/m³	TWA: 0.3 mg/m³ TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ STEL: 0.9 mg/m³ STEL: 0.3 mg/m³
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	0.1 mg/m³ TWA (respirable dust) 0.3 mg/m³ STEL (calculated, respirable dust)	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.15 mg/m³ TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ STEL: 0.45 mg/m³ STEL: 0.15 mg/m³
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	0.1 mg/m³ TWA (respirable dust) 0.3 mg/m³ STEL (calculated, respirable dust)	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.15 mg/m³ TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ STEL: 0.45 mg/m³ STEL: 0.15 mg/m³

Substances	CAS Number	Italy	Poland	Hungary	Czech Republic
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ TWA: 4.0 mg/m ³ TWA: 1.0 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Not applicable	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ TWA: 4.0 mg/m ³ TWA: 1.0 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Not applicable	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ TWA: 4.0 mg/m ³ TWA: 1.0 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Denmark	Romania	Croatia	Cyprus
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³	Not applicable

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) Worker

No information available.

General Population

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

No information available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Controls

Use approved industrial ventilation and local exhaust as required to maintain exposures

below applicable exposure limits.

Personal protective equipment

If engineering controls and work practices cannot prevent excessive exposures, the selection and proper use of personal protective equipment should be determined by an industrial hygienist or other qualified professional based on the specific application of this product.

Respiratory Protection Not normally needed. But if significant exposures are possible then the following

respirator is recommended:

Dust/mist respirator. (N95, P2/P3)

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Wear clothing appropriate for the work environment. Dusty clothing should be laundered

before reuse. Use precautionary measures to avoid creating dust when removing or

laundering clothing.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions None known.

Environmental Exposure Controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State:PowderColor:Light gray to TanOdor:OdorlessOdor Threshold:No information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u>

Remarks/ - Method

pH: 6.5-8.5

Freezing Point/Range No data available Melting Point/Range No data available **Boiling Point/Range** No data available **Flash Point** No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available upper flammability limit No data available lower flammability limit No data available **Evaporation rate** No data available **Vapor Pressure** No data available **Vapor Density** No data available

Specific Gravity 2.4

Water Solubility Partly soluble Solubility in other solvents No data available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available **Autoignition Temperature** No data available **Decomposition Temperature** No data available No data available **Viscosity Explosive Properties** No information available **Oxidizing Properties** No information available

9.2. Other information

VOC Content (%) No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Not expected to be reactive.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Will Not Occur

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

None anticipated

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Hydrofluoric acid.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Amorphous silica may transform at elevated temperatures to tridymite (870 C) or cristobalite (1470 C).

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity

Inhalation Inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is

carcinogenic to humans (IARC, Group 1). There is sufficient evidence in experimental

animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (IARC, Group 2A).

Breathing silica dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory passages. Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may also have serious chronic health

effects (See "Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity" subsection below).

Eye ContactMay cause mechanical irritation to eye. **Skin Contact**May cause mechanical skin irritation.

Ingestion None known.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity Silicosis: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a

progressive, disabling, and sometimes-fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness, and reduced

pulmonary function. This disease is exacerbated by smoking. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis.

Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans) and has determined that there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (Group 2A - possible carcinogen to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these minerals. The National Toxicology Program classifies respirable crystalline silica as "Known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2). There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by scarring of the lungs, skin, and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

Toxicology data for the components

Substances	CAS Number	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	>15,000 mg/kg (Human)	No data available	No data available
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	>15,000 mg/kg (Human)	No data available	No data available
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	>15,000 mg/kg (Human)	No data available	No data available

Substances	CAS Number	Skin corrosion/irritation
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Non-irritating to the skin
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Non-irritating to the skin
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Non-irritating to the skin

Substances	CAS Number	Eye damage/irritation
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Mechanical irritation of the eyes is possible.
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Mechanical irritation of the eyes is possible.
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Mechanical irritation of the eyes is possible.

Substances	CAS Number	Skin Sensitization
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available.
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No information available
Crvstalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No information available

Substances	CAS Number	Respiratory Sensitization
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No information available
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No information available

Substances	CAS Number	Mutagenic Effects
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not regarded as mutagenic.
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Not regarded as mutagenic.
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Not regarded as mutagenic.

	CAS Number	Carcinogenic Effects	
Crystalline silica, quartz		Contains crystalline silica which may cause silicosis, a delayed and progressive lung disease. The IARC and NTP have determined there is sufficient evidence in humans of the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica with repeated respiratory exposure. Based on available scientific evidence, this substance is a threshold carcinogen with a mode of action involving indirect genotoxicity secondary	

	to lung injury.
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	Contains crystalline silica which may cause silicosis, a delayed and progressive lung disease. The IARC and NTP have determined there is sufficient evidence in humans of the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica with repeated respiratory exposure. Based on available scientific evidence, this substance is a threshold carcinogen with a mode of action involving indirect genotoxicity secondary to lung injury.
Crystalline silica, tridymite	Contains crystalline silica which may cause silicosis, a delayed and progressive lung disease. The IARC and NTP have determined there is sufficient evidence in humans of the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica with repeated respiratory exposure. Based on available scientific evidence, this substance is a threshold carcinogen with a mode of action involving indirect genotoxicity secondary to lung injury.

Substances	CAS Number	Reproductive toxicity
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No information available
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No information available

	CAS Number	STOT - single exposure	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No significant toxicity observed in animal studies at concentration requiring classification.	
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No significant toxicity observed in animal studies at concentration requiring classification.	
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No significant toxicity observed in animal studies at concentration requiring classification.	

	CAS Number	STOT - repeated exposure	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled: (Lungs)	
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled: (Lungs)	
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled: (Lungs)	

Substances	CAS	Aspiration hazard
	Number	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Not applicable

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity Effects

Substances	CAS Number	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Toxicity to Invertebrates
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available	LL0 (96h) 10,000 mg/L (Danio rerio) (similar substance)	No information available	LL50 (24h) > 10,000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (similar substance)
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No information available	LL0 (96h) 10,000 mg/L (Danio rerio) (similar substance)	No information available	LL50 (24h) > 10,000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (similar substance)
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No information available	LL0 (96h) 10,000 mg/L(Danio rerio) (similar substance)	No information available	LL50 (24h) > 10,000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (similar substance)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substances	CAS Number	Persistence and Degradability
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available
Crystalline silica, cristobalite		The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.
Crystalline silica, tridymite		The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Substances	CAS Number	Log Pow
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No information available
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No information available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Substances	CAS Number	Mobility
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No information available
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Substances	PBT and vPvB assessment
Crystalline silica, quartz	Not PBT/vPvB
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	Not PBT/vPvB
Crystalline silica, tridymite	No data available

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal MethodBury in a licensed landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

IMDG/IMO

UN Number: Not restricted
UN Proper Shipping Name: Not restricted
Transport Hazard Class(es): Not applicable
Packing Group: Not applicable
Environmental Hazards: Not applicable

<u>RID</u>

UN Number:
UN Proper Shipping Name:
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Packing Group:
Not applicable
Environmental Hazards:
Not applicable
Not applicable

ADR

UN Number:
UN Proper Shipping Name:
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Packing Group:
Not applicable
Environmental Hazards:
Not applicable
Not applicable

IATA/ICAO

UN Number:
UN Proper Shipping Name:
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Packing Group:
Not applicable
Environmental Hazards:
Not applicable
Not applicable

14.1. UN Number: Not restricted

14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name: Not restricted

14.3. Transport Hazard Class(es): Not applicable

14.4. Packing Group: Not applicable

14.5. Environmental Hazards: Not applicable

14.6. Special Precautions for User: None

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

EINECS Inventory This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

US TSCA Inventory

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

Germany, Water Endangering

Classes (WGK)

WGK 0: Generally not water endangering.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

No information available

SECTION 16: Other Information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms

bw - body weight

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP - REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on Classification,

Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures

EC - European Commission

EC10 - Effective Concentration 10%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

EEC - European Economic Community

ErC50 - Effective Concentration growth rate 50%

IBC Code - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

LL0 - Lethal Loading 0%

LL50 - Lethal Loading 50%

MARPOL – International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

mg/kg – milligram/kilogram

mg/L - milligram/liter

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OEL - Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT - Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PC - Chemical Product category

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

ppm - parts per million

PROC - Process category

REACH - REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL concerning the

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

SU - Sector of Use category

Key literature references and sources for data

www.ChemADVISOR.com/

Revision Date: 04-Sep-2015

Revision Note

SDS sections updated: 1

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

Disclaimer Statement

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End of Safety Data Sheet