Reactivity 0



Material Safety Data Sheet

Document Code: PM200-Latex Date of Preparation
Version: 03a December 2, 2003

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS HMIS CODES

PROMAR 200 Interior Latex Flat

Extra White B30W251 Dover White B30W206
Deep Base B30W253 Luminous White B30W207

Antique White B30W204

PROMAR 200 Interior Latex Eg-Shel

Extra White B20W2251 (B20W251)

Deep Base B20W2253 (B20W203) (B20W253)

Antique White B20W2204 (B20W204)

Dover White B20W2206 (B20W206)

Luminous White B20W2207 (B20W207)

PROMAR 200 Interior Latex Low Sheen Eg-Shel

Extra White B20W1251
Deep Base B20W1253
Luminous White B20W1207

PROMAR 200 Interior Latex Semi-Gloss

Extra White B31W2251 (B31W251)

Deep Base B31W2253 (B31W203) (B31W253)

Antique White B31W2206 (B31W206)

Luminous White B31W2207 (B31W207)

PROMAR 200 Interior Latex Gloss

Extra White B21W251 Midtone Base B21W253 Luminous White B21W207

MANUFACTURER'S NAME
THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

101 Prospect Avenue N.W.

Cleveland, OH 44115

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

(216) 566-2917

INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.

(216) 566-2902

Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS Number Ingredient Name CAS Number Ingredient Name

Listed products may contain the following ingredients based upon color. To obtain individual product MSDS or environmental data, call (216) 566-2902.

Flat Colors		13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide
14808-60-7	Quartz	14807-96-6	Talc
14464-46-1	Cristobalite	107-21-1	Ethylene Glycol
1332-58-7	Kaolin	1333-86-4	Carbon Black

Eg-Shel Colors 112-34-5 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol 107-21-1 Ethylene Glycol 14464-46-1 Cristobalite Semi-Gloss Colors 112-34-5 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol 107-21-1 Ethylene Glycol 14464-46-1 Cristobalite 471-34-1 Calcium Carbonate. 13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide 14807-96-6 Talc 1333-86-4 Carbon Black		ol 1: 14 3 Gl ol 64 1: 14	1332-58-7 471-34-1 3463-67-7 4807-96-6 1333-86-4 .oss Colors .742-54-7 112-34-5 107-21-1 4464-46-1 3463-67-7 4807-96-6 1333-86-4	Kaolin Calcium Carbonate Titanium Dioxide Talc Carbon Black Heavy Paraffinic Oil 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol Ethylene Glycol Cristobalite Titanium Dioxide Talc Carbon Blac			
% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredient Na					
max 1	64742-54-7	Heavy Paraff ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	inic O i 5 5	il. mg/m3 as 1 mg/m3 as 1			
max 3	112-34-5	2-(2-Butoxye ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	Not Not	- ethanol Establishe Establishe		0.1	mm
max 7	107-21-1	Ethylene Gly ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	50	ppm CEIL		0.1	mm
max 17	14808-60-7	Quartz ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	0.05	_	Respirable Dus Respirable Dus		
max 3	14464-46-1		0.05	_	Respirable Dus Respirable Dus		
max 6	1332-58-7	Kaolin ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	10	mg/m3 as 1	Respirable Dus [.] al Dust	t	
max 19	471-34-1	OSHA PEL Calcium Carb			espirable Fraction		
		ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL OSHA PEL	10 15 5	mg/m3 as 1 mg/m3 Tota mg/m3 Resp		on	
max 28	13463-67-7	Titanium Dio ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL OSHA PEL	10 10 10 5	mg/m3 as 1 mg/m3 Tota mg/m3 Resp		on	
<3% due to tinting	14807-96-6	Talc ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	2	_	Respirable Dus [.] Respirable Dus [.]		
<1% due to tinting	1333-86-4	Carbon Black ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	3.5 3.5	mg/m3 mg/m3			

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Section 3 - Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

FOR COMPLETE DISCUSSION OF TOXICOLOGY DATA REFER TO SECTION 11.

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing.

Keep warm and quiet.

If on SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.

Get medical attention.

If SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT LEL UEL None N.A. N.A.

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

Not Applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate and remove with inert absorbent.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

DOL STORAGE CATEGORY

Not Applicable

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

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Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

Removing or disturbing old paint from interior or exterior surfaces by sanding, scraping, abrading or other means may produce dust, debris or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust, debris or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children and pregnant women. Structures built before 1978 should be tested by a licensed inspector prior to removing or disturbing old paint. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority. VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES & EYE PROTECTION

Wear gloves recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2. Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1-12.5 lb/gal Slower than Ether PRODUCT WEIGHT EVAPORATION RATE SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.10-1.50 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air N.A. 212-477 °F BOILING POINT MELTING POINT VOLATILE VOLUME 56-70 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER N.A. 9.0-9.5 VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)

0.7-1.6 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents

0.3-0.8 lb/gal Emitted VOC

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID None known. INCOMPATIBILITY None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

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Section 11 - Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Crystalline Silica (Quartz, Cristobalite) is listed by IARC and NTP. Long term exposure to high levels of silica dust, which can occur only when sanding or abrading the dry film, may cause lung damage (silicosis) and possibly cancer.

Carbon Black is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is insufficient evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Ethylene Glycol is considered an animal teratogen. It has been shown to cause birth defects in rats and mice at high doses when given in drinking water or by gavage. There is no evidence to indicate it causes birth defects in humans.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

TOXI	COT.	OCV.	DATA
TONT	COD	OGI	$D\Delta I\Delta$

CAS No.	Ingred			
	Heavy Paraffinic Oil.			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Established
	LD50	RAT		Not Established
112-34-5	2-(2-E	Butoxyet	hoxy) -e	thanol
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Established
	LD50	RAT		5660 mg/kg
107-21-1	\mathtt{Ethyle}	ene Glyc	col.	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Established
	LD50	RAT		4700 mg/kg
14808-60-7	Quartz			
			4HR	Not Established
	LD50	RAT		Not Established
14464-46-1	Cristo	balite		
		RAT		Not Established
	LD50	RAT		Not Established
1332-58-7	Kaolin	1		
				Not Established
	LD50	RAT		Not Established
471-34-1	Calciu	ım Carbo	nate.	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Established
	LD50	RAT		Not Established
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide.			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Established
	LD50	RAT		>7500 mg/kg
14807-96-6	Talc			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Established
	LD50	RAT		Not Established
1333-86-4	Carbon	n Black.	•	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Established
	LD50	RAT		>15400 mg/kg

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Section 12 - Ecologial Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No Data Available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information

No data available

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

CAS No. CHEMICAL/COMPOUND % by WT % Element 107-21-1 Ethylene Glycol. maximum 7 Glycol Ethers maximum 3

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm

TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 - Other Information

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no

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warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.