Tro-spray AUTOMOTIVE FINISHES A Quest Automotive Brand

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier SLM Fine Aluminum

Other means of identification

Product Code SB-961-2

Recommended use Automotive Refinish Toner

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Pro-Spray Automotive Finishes Limited

Address Unit H, Normandy Lane, Stratton Business Park

Biggleswade, Bedfordshire SG18 8QB United Kingdom

United Kingdom

Telephone General Information +44 (0) 1767 314320

Website prosprayfinishes.com
E-mail colour@pro-spray.co.uk

Emergency phone number Office hours only +44 (0) 1767 314320

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, dermal Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Sensitization, skin Category 1 Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity (fertility) Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1

exposure

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic

life with long lasting effects.

Material name: SLM Fine Aluminum SDS US

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise

Supplemental information

classified (HNOC)

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

93.11% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 59.36% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 56.15% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 51.56% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	30 to <40
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate		108-65-6	5 to <10
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		95-63-6	1 to <5
Aluminum		7429-90-5	1 to <5
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	1 to <5
light aromatic solvent naphtha		64742-95-6	1 to <5
Trimethylbenzene		25551-13-7	1 to <5
Xylene		1330-20-7	1 to <5
Cumene		98-82-8	0.1 to <1
hydrotreated heavy naphtha		64742-48-9	0.1 to <1
Methyl methacrylate		80-62-6	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable	levels		40 to <50

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical Skin contact

advice/attention if you feel unwell. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Ingestion

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged

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exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods General fire hazards Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US OSHA Table 7-1 Lir	mits for Air Contaminants	s (29 CFR 1910 1000)
US. USITA TABLE 2-1 LII	illis ivi Ali Collialillialis	5 (23 CI IX 13 IU. 1000)

Components	Type `	Value	Form
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	PEL	245 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
hydrotreated heavy naphtha (CAS 64742-48-9)	PEL	400 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	PEL	410 mg/m3	
·		100 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	50 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS	TWA	20 ppm	
100-41-4)		20 pp	
Methyl methacrylate (CAS	STEL	100 ppm	
80-62-6)		• •	

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US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре	Value	Form
	TWA	50 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS	STEL	200 ppm	
123-86-4)	-	FF	
	TWA	150 ppm	
Trimethylbenzene (CAS	TWA	25 ppm	
25551-13-7)	0.751	450	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem			_
Components	Туре	Value	Form
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	125 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		5 mg/m3	Welding fume or pyrophoric powder
		10 mg/m3	Total
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	245 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
nydrotreated heavy naphtha (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	TWA	410 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
·		200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
US. Workplace Environmental Exp	osure Level (WEEL) Guides		
Components	Type	Value	
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate	TWA	50 ppm	

(CAS 108-65-6) Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices Components Value **Specimen** Sampling Time Determinant Ethyl benzene (CAS Sum of Creatinine in 0.15 g/g 100-41-4) mandelic acid urine and phenylglyoxylic acid Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Creatinine in 1.5 g/g Methylhippuric acids urine

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6) Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Skin designation applies.

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Can be

Appropriate engineering controls

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to

maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency

shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Form Liquid.

Color Metallic. Silver.

Odor Solvent.

Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -108.4 °F (-78 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 258.98 °F (126.1 °C) estimated

range

Flash point

71.6 °F (22.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available. **Flammability (solid, gas)** Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.4 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

7.5 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 13.46 hPa estimated

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 797 °F (425 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. Not available. **Viscosity**

Other information

8.24 lbs/gal Density

Flammable IB estimated Flammability class

Percent volatile 59.4 % 0.99 Specific gravity

VOC 4.9 lb/gal Regulatory

4.9 lb/gal Material 586 g/l Regulatory 586 g/l Material

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Reactivity

Material is stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by Inhalation

inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin contact

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Toxic if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction. **Acute toxicity**

Components Species **Test Results**

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg

Inhalation

Rat LC50 > 2000 ppm, 48 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 6 g/kg

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 2000 ppm, 7 Hours

24.7 mg/l, 2 Hours

Rat 8000 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral LD50

Rat 1400 mg/kg

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Components **Species Test Results** Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) **Acute** Dermal LD50 Rabbit 17800 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

hydrotreated heavy naphtha (CAS 64742-48-9)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Rat 61 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 25 ml/kg

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 18.5 mg/l, 2 Hours Rat 3750 ppm, 8 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 5.5 ml/kg Rabbit 6000 mg/kg

> Rat 7800 mg/kg

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Wistar rat 160 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 8970 mg/kg

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

Oral

LC50 Mouse 3907 mg/l, 6 Hours 6350 mg/l, 4 Hours

Rat

LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg

> Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation. Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

ACGIH sensitization

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6) Sensitizer.

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause genetic defects. Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in Reproductive toxicity

laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Tast Dasults

Not an aspiration hazard. **Aspiration hazard**

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be **Chronic effects**

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (C	AS 95-63-6)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0.16 mg/l, 96 hours
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-4	1-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
hydrotreated heavy naphth	a (CAS 64742-48-	9)	
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
			8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl methacrylate (CAS	80-62-6)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	136.3 - 183.4 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-8	6-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours

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Components **Species Test Results**

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

No data is available on the degradability of this product. Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Cumene 3.66 Ethyl benzene 3.15 Methyl methacrylate 1.38 n-butyl acetate 1.78 **Xylene** 3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some

product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1263

Paint, Paint Related Material, MARINE POLLUTANT (BYK CERAFAK 100 90146, **UN proper shipping name**

SILBERLINE 1147 AR)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 **Class** Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Ш Packing group

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 Special provisions

150 Packaging exceptions 202 Packaging non bulk 242 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk П Packing group **Environmental hazards** Yes **ERG Code** 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Other information

Passenger and cargo Allowed.

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group || Environmental hazards

 Marine pollutant
 Yes

 EmS
 F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 to <5	
Aluminum	7429-90-5	1 to <5	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1 to <5	
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 to <5	
Cumene	98-82-8	0.1 to <1	
Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	0.1 to <1	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

hydrotreated heavy naphtha (CAS 64742-48-9)

light aromatic solvent naphtha (CAS 64742-95-6)

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

hydrotreated heavy naphtha (CAS 64742-48-9)

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

hydrotreated heavy naphtha (CAS 64742-48-9)

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

hydrotreated heavy naphtha (CAS 64742-48-9)

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Inventory name

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Listed: April 6, 2010 Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004

International Inventories

Country(s) or region

Country(s) or region	inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 04-15-2015

Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

Material name: SLM Fine Aluminum

SDS US

No

On inventory (yes/no)*

NFPA ratings

Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Disclaimer

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Material name: SLM Fine Aluminum SB-961-2 Version #: 01 Issue date: 04-15-2015