

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Refinish Solutions Basecoat (See label for exact formula)

Other means of identification

Product Code RB Refinish Solutions Basecoat (See label for exact formula)

Recommended use Automotive Refinish Color Coating

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name **MATRIX**

A brand of VALSPAR Automotive

Address 600 Nova Drive SE

Massillon, OH 44646

United States

Telephone (330) 299-8879 General Assistance

www.valsparauto.com Website

RON.ANDRUS@valspar.com E-mail

Contact Person Ron Andrus

Emergency phone number Chemtrec (800)-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 Health hazards Acute toxicity, dermal Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity Category 2 Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child) Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

Category 2

Category 2

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Material name: Refinish Solutions Basecoat RB Refinish Solutions Basecoat Version#: 01 Issued date 10-23-2015 SDS US

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Label elements



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

classified (HNOC)

Hazard(s) not otherwise Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental Information

<= 87.43% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. <= 70.94% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. <= 70.33% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. <= 70.24% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

	X			

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
methyl acetate		79-20-9	10 to <30
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	10 to <30
xylene		1330-20-7	1 to <10
1-Methoxy-2-propyl a	cetate	108-65-6	1 to <5
2-butoxyethyl acetate		112-07-2	1 to <5
silica, amorphous gel		112926-00-8	1 to <5
ethyl benzene		100-41-4	0.1 to <5
n-butyl alcohol		71-36-3	0.1 to <5
liquid HALS		41556-26-7	0.1 to <1
stoddard solvent		8052-41-3	0 to <1
VM&P naphtha		8032-32-4	0 to <1
Other components be	low reportable levels		30 to <40

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

(Consult SDS for base and toners contained on mixed paint label for possible additional information)

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for
	The second of the control of the con

breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical

device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing

before reuse.

Eve contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention

immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye delayed damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic

effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder,

carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved

materials.

General fire hazards Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

(Consult SDS for base and toners contained on mixed paint label for possible additional information)

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only nonsparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a wellventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
, , ,		100 ppm	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	PEL	610 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
,		1000 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	PEL	300 mg/m3	
·		100 ppm	
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	PEL	2900 mg/m3	
,		500 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Components	Туре	Value	
silica, amorphous gel (CAS	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
112926-00-8)			
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Type	Value	Form
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2)	TWA	20 ppm	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
,	TWA	500 ppm	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	250 ppm	
,	TWA	200 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TWA	150 ppm	
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
1 11 1 1 (010 0050 110)	T14/4	100	

TWA

100 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2)	TWA	33 mg/m3	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3 250 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3 125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	760 mg/m3 250 ppm	
	TWA	610 mg/m3 200 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3 200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3 150 ppm	
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	Ceiling	150 mg/m3	
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	Ceiling TWA	1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3	
silica, amorphous gel (CAS 112926-00-8)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
VM & P NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)	Ceiling TWA	1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3	

Biological limit values

Components

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6)

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

Type

TWA

Value

50 ppm

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6) Can-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Ca

Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be

recommended by the glove supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below

recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved

respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove

contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Form Liquid.

Color Per mixed paint description.

Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point-144.4 °F (-98 °C) estimatedInitial boiling point and boiling range134.24 °F (56.8 °C) estimatedFlash point14.0 °F (-10.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

Flammability limit - upper (%)

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Not available.

Vapor pressure <= 1055.98 hPa estimated

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 797 °F (425 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Varies by mixed paint formula.

Other information

Density Per label on mixed paint formula.

Flammability class
Percent volatile
Specific gravity
Flammable IB estimated
Varies per mixed paint formula.
Varies per mixed paint formula.

VOC Per label on mixed paint formula. lbs/gal Regulatory

Per label on mixed paint formula. Ibs/gal Material Per label on mixed paint formula. g/l Regulatory Per label on mixed paint formula. g/l Material

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use,

storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid

temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible

materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens.

Hazardous decompositionNo hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

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11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache.

Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation.

May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Narcotic effects.

Components	Species	Test Results	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-4	1-4)		
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
<u>Acute</u>			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg	
		20 ml/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours	
		50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours	
Oral		0000 #	
LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg	
	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg	
Mathed tata (OAO 70 00	Rat	5800 mg/kg	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20	-9)		
<u>Acute</u> Oral			
LD50	Rabbit	2.7 a/ka	
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36		3.7 g/kg	
•	-3)		
<u>Acute</u> Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	
Inhalation	Nabbit	5400 mg/kg	
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours	
Oral	ιται	ουου ρριτι, 4 πουτο	
LD50	Rat	790 mg/kg	
	rat	r oo mgang	

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-8	66-4)		
Acute	•		
<u>Inhalation</u>			
LC50	Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Oral		•	
LD50	Rat	14000 mg/kg	
2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS	S 112-07-2)		
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	1500 mg/kg	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	2400 mg/kg	
silica, amorphous gel (CAS	3 112926-00-8)		
<u>Acute</u>			
Oral			
LD50	Mouse	> 15000 mg/kg	
	Rat	> 22500 mg/kg	
VM & P NAPHTHA (CAS 8)	032-32-4)		
<u>Acute</u>			
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	3400 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours	
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Oral			
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg	
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg	

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity.

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to

humans.

silica, amorphous gel (CAS 112926-00-8) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to

humans.

stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to

humans.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to

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humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth

defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -single exposure May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged

exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-	-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		r acread riminow (r intepriared premiside)	The Tringh, contour
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-	20-9)	(Chochiyilatina iliyilac)	
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123	3-86-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-	36-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1897 - 2072 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic	1.050	DI	7.744 0.504 // 00
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Ethyl benzene	3.15
Methyl acetate	0.18
n-butyl acetate	1.78
n-butyl alcohol	0.88
stoddard solvent	3.16 - 7.15
Xylene	3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion,

photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed

waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulationsDispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the

user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner

(see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow

label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty

containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site

for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

3 **Class** Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Packing group Ш

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures

before handling.

Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 202 Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** Yes. **ERG Code**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures

before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft

Allowed with restrictions. Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards**

> Marine pollutant Yes. F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures

before handling. Not established.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code



IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2) Listed. acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed. Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Listed. n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Listed. n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Listed. Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed. SARA 304 Emergency release notification Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance Not listed. SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
2-Butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	1 to <5	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 to <5	
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 to <10	
n-butyl alcohol	71-36-3	10 to <30	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112® Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

6532 Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12©) <5 %WV

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) **DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number**

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

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US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. Not listed. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2)
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)
liquid HALS (CAS 41556-26-7)
VM & P NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3) silica, amorphous gel (CAS 112926-00-8) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2) acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3) silica, amorphous gel (CAS 112926-00-8) VM & P NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2) acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)
VM & P NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

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SDS US 17/19

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

nickel naphthenate (CAS 61788-71-4)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Listed: June 11, 2004

Listed: April 19, 2002

Listed: October 1, 1989

Listed: May 7, 2004

Listed: February 21, 2003

Listed: September 2, 2011

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (CAS 872-50-4)
2-ethoxyethanol (CAS 110-80-5)
2-ethoxyethyl acetate (CAS 111-15-9)
Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)
Listed: January 1, 1993
Listed: December 2, 2005
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: August 7, 2009

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

2-ethoxyethanol (CAS 110-80-5) Listed: January 1, 1989 2-ethoxyethyl acetate (CAS 111-15-9) Listed: January 1, 1993

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	•	On inventory
 		yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECS	C) No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	No
	Substances (EINECS)	
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENC	S) No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substanc	es No
• •	(PICCS)	
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

Material name: Refinish Solutions Basecoat RB Refinish Solutions Basecoat Version#: 01 Issued date 10-23-2015

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date October 23, 2015

Version # 01.

HMIS® ratings

Health: 3* Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings

Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Disclaimer

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