SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision7 September 2016Version 6

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: QD INHIB. PRIMER RED OXID	
Product code	: 97-908C	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Industrial applications.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs, kidneys and liver) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 28.3%

GHS label elements

Product name QD INHIB. PRIMER RED OXID

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs, kidneys, liver)
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Product name

: QD INHIB. PRIMER RED OXID

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
∠ groine	≥20 - ≤50	8032-32-4
xylene	≥20 - ≤30	1330-20-7
Kaolin	≥5.0 - ≤10	1332-58-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥5.0 - ≤10	14807-96-6
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥5.0 - ≤10	64742-95-6
ethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	100-41-4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤4.3	95-63-6
diiron trioxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1309-37-1
Stoddard solvent	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	8052-41-3
toluene	<1.0	108-88-3
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	96-29-7
carbon black, respirable powder	≤1.0	1333-86-4
cumene	<1.0	98-82-8
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	≤1.0	22464-99-9

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids
apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is
irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained
personnel.Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water
or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep
person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed			
Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.		

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Section 4. First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
ndication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for c	<u>ont</u>	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively,

Large spill
 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in

container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Zigroine	None.
zylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Coolin	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Caolin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
,	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 20 mppcf 8 hours. Form: not
	containing asbestos
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	None.
thylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
,_, · · ·····	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
liiron trioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Stoddard solvent	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 525 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 2900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
bluene	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
	AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.
	CEIL: 300 ppm
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

2-butanone oxime	IPEL (PPG).
	TWA: 3 ppm
	STEL: 9 ppm
carbon black, respirable powder	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 245 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
Key to abbreviations	
A = Acceptable Maximum Peak	S = Potential skin absorption
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR = Respiratory sensitization
C = Ceiling Limit	SS = Skin sensitization

STEL

TD

TLV

TWA

= Short term Exposure limit values

= Threshold Limit Value

= Time Weighted Average

= Total dust

= Ceiling Limit С F = Fume

Ζ

IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

= Respirable R

= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.		
Material supports combustion.	: Yes.		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 14.44°C (58°F)		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Melting point	: Not available.		
рН	: Not available.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
Odor	: Not available.		
Color	: Not available.		
Physical state	: Liquid.		
<u>Appearance</u>			

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.9%
Evaporation rate	: 0.85 (butyl acetate = 1)
Vapor pressure	: 1.3 kPa (9.8 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.04
Density(lbs / gal)	: 8.68
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm ² /s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 74% (v/v), 58.44% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 41.56

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
∠ groine	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3400 ppm	4 hours
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Kaolin	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
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Section 11. Toxicological information

	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	
athylhanzona				
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
carbon black, respirable	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-
powder				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
zirconium salt				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Classification

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	· ·		·		
Skin	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.		

<u>Mutagenicity</u> <u>Conclusion/Summary</u> : There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>Carcinogenicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
diiron trioxide	-	3	-
toluene	-	3	-
carbon black, respirable powder	-	2B	-
cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
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Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Category
Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
Stoddard solvent	Category 1
toluene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea, stomach, testes.

Aspiration hazard

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Result
Ligroine xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleur ethylbenzene Stoddard solvent toluene cumene	n), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Information on the likely ro	outes of exposure	
Potential acute health effe	ects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respire	atory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to th	-
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critica	
Over-exposure signs/sym	-	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the f pain or irritation watering redness	ollowing:
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the f respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	ollowing:
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the f irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	ollowing:
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the f reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	ollowing:
Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short	and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	concentrations in excess of the stated health effects such as mucous memb effects on the kidneys, liver and centr headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscul loss of consciousness. Solvents may through the skin. There is some evid vapors in combination with constant I expected from exposure to noise alor irritation and reversible damage. Inge	ixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor d occupational exposure limit may result in adverse orane and respiratory system irritation and adverse ral nervous system. Symptoms and signs include ar weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, v cause some of the above effects by absorption ence that repeated exposure to organic solvent oud noise can cause greater hearing loss than ne. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause estion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. n, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic

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Section 11. Toxicological information

effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
effects		
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ects	
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	1	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	1	Suspected of damaging fertility.
Numerical measures of toxic	ity	
Acute toxicity estimates		

Route	ATE value
Øral	10706 mg/kg
Dermal	3489.9 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	7567.4 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	29.17 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Young of the year	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
₩ylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-		Readily
toluene	-		Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

	United States Pa
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Product name QD INHIB. PRIMER RED OXID

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
xylene	3.16	7.4 to 18.5	low	
ethylbenzene	3.15	79.43	low	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low	
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	high	
toluene	2.73	8.32	low	
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	low	
cumene	3.66	35.48	low	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal
	of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any
	regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products
	via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to
	the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
	Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered
	when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a
	safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been
	cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.
	Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere
	inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been
	cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	11	П	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (Ibs)	482.23	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
			United States Page: 15/17

14. Transport information

Product name QD INHIB, PRIMER RED OXID

14. Transport information

RQ substances

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Additional information

- DOT : Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
- : None identified. IMDG
- : None identified. ΙΑΤΑ

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

2

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

(xylene, ethylbenzene)

U.S. Federal regulations

- SARA 302/304
- **SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
V groine	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	
xylene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	-
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
Stoddard solvent	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
toluene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
2-butanone oxime	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
carbon black, respirable powder	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	ł
cumene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	-

SARA 313

Chemical name	CAS number	Concentration

United States

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Product name QD INHIB. PRIMER RED OXID

Section 15. Regulatory information

Supplier notification	
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: xylene ethylbenzene 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

1330-20-7	10 - 30
100-41-4	1 - 5
95-63-6	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Ass	ociation (U.S.A.)	
Health : 2 Flammability : 3 Instability : 0		
Date of previous issue	: 4/29/2016	
Organization that prepared the MSDS	: EHS	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.