

Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/24/2017 4.0 10/09/2017 671678-00006 Date of first issue: 05/12/2016

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc

Address : 2000 Galloping Hill Road

Kenilworth - New Jersey - USA 1685

Telephone : 908-740-4000

Telefax : 908-735-1496

Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 3

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ

systemic toxicity - single

exposure

Category 1 (Central nervous system)

Specific target organ

systemic toxicity - repeated

exposure

: Category 1 (Central nervous system)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.



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H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H370 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system). H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system)

through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.

No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/doctor. Rinse mouth.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P307 + P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Hazardous ingredients

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Pentobarbital sodium	57-33-0	>= 30 - < 50
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	>= 10 - < 20
Ethanol	64-17-5	>= 10 - < 20
Phenytoin sodium	630-93-3	>= 5 - < 10
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	>= 1 - < 5



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SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Toxic if swallowed.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection.

and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

Specific fighting Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod- : Carbon oxides



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ucts Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition.
Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective

equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray

jet.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material

can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust

ventilation if advised by assessment of the local exposure



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potential

Advice on safe handling : Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit

flammable gases

Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Ingredients	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
		(Form of	ters / Permissible	
		exposure)	concentration	
Pentobarbital sodium	57-33-0	TWA	40μg/m3 (OEB3)	Merck
		Wipe limit	400µg/100cm2	Merck
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	TWA	10 mg/m³	US WEEL
Ethanol	64-17-5	TWA	1,000 ppm	NIOSH REL
			1,900 mg/m³	
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	1,000 ppm	OSHA Z-1
			1,900 mg/m³	
Phenytoin sodium	630-93-3	TWA	50 μg/m3 (OEB3)	Merck
		Wipe limit	500 μg/100 cm2	Merck
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	TWA	10 ppm	US WEEL



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Engineering measures : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing

technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-

less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of

the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face

containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to

maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided

by air purifying respirators against exposure to any

hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is

flammable, which may impact the selection of hand

protection.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets,

disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of



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engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : pink

Odor : No information available.

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : 44 - 60 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available



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Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Toxic if swallowed.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 298.5 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 200 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Ingredients:

Pentobarbital sodium:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 118 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 239 mg/kg



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LD50 (Rabbit): 175 mg/kg

LD50 (Dog): 65 mg/kg

Propylene glycol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rabbit): > 159 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 124.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Phenytoin sodium:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 150 - 490 mg/kg

Benzyl alcohol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,620 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.178 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Propylene glycol:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

Ethanol:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation



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Benzyl alcohol:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Propylene glycol:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Ethanol:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Benzyl alcohol:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Propylene glycol:

Test Type: Maximization Test Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

Ethanol:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Benzyl alcohol:

Test Type: Maximization Test Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406



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Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Propylene glycol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Ethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: equivocal

Phenytoin sodium:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection



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Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Mammalian bone marrow sister chromatid ex-

change

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Benzyl alcohol:

Genotoxicity in vitro Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo Genotoxicity in vivo

> cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Ingredients:

Propylene glycol:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 2 Years

Result: negative

Phenytoin sodium:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 2 Years

Result: positive Target Örgans: Liver

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 2 Years

Result: positive Target Organs: Liver

ment

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Benzyl alcohol:

Species: Mouse



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Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 103 weeks

Method: OECD Test Guideline 451

Result: negative

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Phenytoin sodium 630-93-3

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

Phenytoin sodium 630-93-3

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Ingredients:

Pentobarbital sodium:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Propylene glycol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Ethanol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Phenytoin sodium:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Fertility: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Result: positive

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 150 mg/kg body weight



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Result: positive

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Monkey

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

Benzyl alcohol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system).

Ingredients:

Pentobarbital sodium:

Routes of exposure: Ingestion

Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Ingredients:

Phenytoin sodium:

Routes of exposure: Ingestion

Target Organs: Central nervous system

Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10

mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Ingredients:

Propylene glycol:

Species: Rat, male NOAEL: 1,700 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion

Exposure time: 2 y



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Ethanol:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: 1,280 mg/kg LOAEL: 3,156 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 90 Days

Phenytoin sodium:

Species: Mouse NOAEL: 30 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 13 Weeks Target Organs: Liver

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 1.072 mg/l

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 28 Days

Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Ingredients:

Pentobarbital sodium:

Ingestion : Symptoms: dry mouth, mood swings, Dizziness, Headache,

Nausea, central nervous system effects, Sweating

Phenytoin sodium:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Nausea, constipation, confusion, Vomiting, central

nervous system effects, Dizziness, insomnia, Blood disorders,

Liver disorders, Tremors, anorexia

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ingredients:

Pentobarbital sodium:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 49.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Propylene glycol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l



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Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aguatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 19,300 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to microorganisms NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 h

Ethanol:

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l Toxicity to algae

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 9 d

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Phenytoin sodium:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity Toxic effects cannot be excluded

Chronic aquatic toxicity Toxic effects cannot be excluded

Benzyl alcohol:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770 Toxicity to algae

mg/l



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Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Persistence and degradability

Ingredients:

Propylene glycol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 98.3 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Ethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 84 % Exposure time: 20 d

Benzyl alcohol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 92 - 96 % Exposure time: 14 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredients:

Propylene glycol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.07

Ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -0.35

Benzyl alcohol:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: 1.05

octanol/water

Mobility in soil

No data available



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Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or

death.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number UN 1992

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. Proper shipping name

(Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 6.1 Packing group Ш Labels 3(6.1)

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. UN 1992

Proper shipping name Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

(Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)

3 Class 6.1 Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш

Labels Flammable Liquids, Toxic

Packing instruction (cargo 366

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

355

IMDG-Code

UN number UN 1992

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. Proper shipping name

(Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 6.1 Packing group Ш Labels 3 (6.1) **EmS Code** F-E, S-D Marine pollutant no



Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

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Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 1992

Proper shipping name : Flammable liquids, toxic, n.o.s.

(Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)

Class : 3 Subsidiary risk : 6.1 Packing group : III

Labels : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC

ERG Code : 131 Marine pollutant : no

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels

established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Pentobarbital sodium 57-33-0 >= 30 - < 50 %

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

 Pentobarbital sodium
 57-33-0

 Water
 7732-18-5

 Propylene glycol
 57-55-6

 Ethanol
 64-17-5

 Phenytoin sodium
 630-93-3

 Benzyl alcohol
 100-51-6

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Phenytoin sodium, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Pentobarbital sodium, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.



Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

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California List of Hazardous Substances

Ethanol 64-17-5 Phenytoin sodium 630-93-3

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Ethanol 64-17-5

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

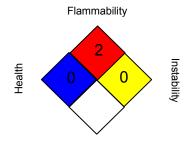
DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA:



Special hazard.

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

US WEEL : USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

US WEEL / TWA : 8-hr TWA

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Haz-



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ardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System: GLP - Good Laboratory Practice: HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System: IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG -United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 10/09/2017

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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