HALLIBURTON

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

Lime Fluid System

Revision Date: 03-Sep-2015 Revision Number: 19

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Name Lime Fluid System

Internal ID Code HM007224

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Mud System

Sector of use Refer to the Annex for a listing of uses.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Halliburton Manufacturing Services, Ltd. Halliburton House, Howemoss Crescent

Kirkhill Industrial Estate

Dyce

Aberdeen, AB21 0GN United Kingdom

www.halliburton.com

For further information, please contact

E-Mail address: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number +44 8 08 189 0979 / 1-760-476-3961

Emergency telephone - §4	Emergency telephone - §45 - (EC)1272/2008							
Europe	112							
Croatia	Centar za kontrolu otrovanja (CKO): (+385 1) 23-48-342 (Poison Control Center (PCC) - Institute for Medical Research and Occupational Health)							
Cyprus	+210 7793777							
Denmark	Poison Control Hotline (DK): +45 82 12 12 12							
France	ORFILA (FR): + 01 45 42 59 59							
Germany	Poison Center Berlin (DE): +49 030 30686 790							
Italy	Poison Center, Milan (IT): +39 02 6610 1029							
Netherlands	National Poisons Information Center (NL): +31 30 274 88 88 (NB: this service is only available to health professionals)							
Norway	Poisons Information (NO):+ 47 22 591300							
Poland	Poison Control and Information Centre, Warsaw (PL): +48 22 619 66 54; +48 22 619 08 97							
Romania	+40 21 318 36 06							
Spain	Poison Information Service (ES): +34 91 562 04 20							
United Kingdom	NHS Direct (UK): +44 0845 46 47							

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation Category 2 - H319

2.2. Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms



Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements - EU (§28, 1272/2008)

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P280 - Wear eye protection/face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Contains

SubstancesCAS NumberCalcium hydroxide1305-62-0Crystalline silica, quartz14808-60-7

2.3. Other Hazards

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on Ingredients

3.2. Mixtures Mixture

Substances	EINECS	CAS	PERCENT	EU - CLP Substance	REACH No.
		Number	(w/w)	Classification	
Calcium hydroxide	215-137-3	1305-62-0	1 - 5%	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)	01-2119475151-45
				Eye Corr. 1 (H318)	
Crystalline silica, quartz	238-878-4	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1%	Carc. 2 (H351)	No data available
				STOT RE 1 (H372)	

For the full text of the H-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory

irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Eyes In case of contact, or suspected contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of

water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention immediately after

flushing.

Skin Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

while removing all contaminated clothing and shoes

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing by mouth. Obtain immediate medical

attention.

4.2. Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes eye irritation. Breathing crystalline silica can cause lung disease, including silicosis and lung cancer. Crystalline silica has also been associated with scleroderma and kidney disease. Causes eye irritation Carcinogen.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special Exposure Hazards

Decomposition in fire may produce harmful gases.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Protective Equipment for Fire-Fighters

Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire fighting personnel.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors. Ensure adequate ventilation.

See Section 8 for additional information

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials. Scoop up and remove.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8 and 13 for additional information.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposure below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard En 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Material is slippery when wet.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry location.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Exposure Scenario Please refer to the attached Annex for a listing of exposure scenarios.

Other Guidelines No information available

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Substances	CAS Number EU		UK	Netherlands	France
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	Not applicable	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ STEL: 15 mg/m ³	Not applicable	5 mg/m³
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.075 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Germany	Spain	Portugal	Finland
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Austria	Ireland	Switzerland	Norway		
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ STEL" 4 mg/m ³	5 mg/m³ TWA 15 mg/m³ STEL	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ STEL: 10 mg/m ³		
			(calculated)		1		

Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	0.1 mg/m ³ TWA	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³
			(respirable dust)	_	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³
			0.3 mg/m ³ STEL		STEL: 0.9 mg/m ³
			(calculated, respirable		STEL: 0.3 mg/m ³
			dust)		

Substances	CAS Number	Italy	Poland	Hungary	Czech Republic
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	Not applicable	TWA: 2 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ TWA: 4.0 mg/m ³ TWA: 1.0 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Denmark	Romania	Croatia	Cyprus
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	Not applicable

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

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Substances	Long-term	Acute / short	Long-term	Acute / short	Long-term	Acute / short	Long-term	Acute / short	Hazards for
	exposure -	term	exposure -	term	exposure -	term	exposure -	term	the eyes -
	systemic	exposure -	local effects,	exposure -	systemic	exposure -	local effects,	exposure -	local effects
	effects,	systemic	Inhalation	local effects,	effects,	systemic	Dermal	local effects,	
	Inhalation	effects,		Inhalation	Dermal	effects,		Dermal	
		Inhalation				Dermal			
Calcium hydroxide	Not available	Not available	1 mg/m ³	4 mg/m³	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available

General Population

Substances	Long-term	Acute /	Long-term	Acute /	Long-term	Acute /	Long-term	Acute /	Long-term	Acute /	Hazards
	exposure -	short term	exposure -	short term	exposure -	short term	exposure -	short term	exposure -	short term	for the
	systemic	exposure -	local	exposure -	systemic	exposure -	local	exposure -	systemic	exposure -	eyes -
	effects,	systemic	effects,	local	effects,	systemic	effects,	local	effects,	local	local
	Inhalation	effects,	Inhalation	effects,	Dermal	effects,	Dermal	effects,	Oral	effects,	effects
		Inhalation		Inhalation		Dermal		Dermal		Oral	
Calcium	Not		1 mg/m ³	4 mg/m ³	1			1			Not
hydroxide	available	available			available	available	available	available	available	available	available

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

- 3													
	Substances	Freshwater	Marine water	Intermittent	Sewage	Sediment	Sediment	Air	Soil	Secondary			
				release	treatment	(freshwater)	(marine			poisoning			
					plant		water)						
I	Calcium hydroxide	0.49 mg/L	0.32 mg/L	0.49 mg/L	3 mg/L	Not available	Not available	Not available	1080 mg/kg	Not available			
	·	_	_	_					soil dw				

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Controls

Use approved industrial ventilation and local exhaust as required to maintain exposures below applicable exposure limits.

Personal protective equipment

If engineering controls and work practices cannot prevent excessive exposures, the selection and proper use of personal protective equipment should be determined by an industrial hygienist or other qualified professional based on the specific application of this product.

Respiratory Protection Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149 (FFP2/FFP3), AS/NZS 1715, or

equivalent respirator when using this product.

Hand Protection Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374) Suitable materials for short-term contact

or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes

permeation time as per EN 374): Nitrile gloves. (>= 0.35 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced. Manufacturer's directions for use should be

observed because of great diversity of types.

Skin Protection Wear clothing appropriate for the work environment. Dusty clothing should be laundered

before reuse. Use precautionary measures to avoid creating dust when removing or

laundering clothing.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

Environmental Exposure Controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Liquid Color: Brown

Odor: Odorless Odor Threshold: No information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u>

Remarks/ - Method

No data available Freezing Point/Range No data available Melting Point/Range No data available **Boiling Point/Range** No data available No data available **Flash Point** Flammability (solid, gas) No data available upper flammability limit No data available lower flammability limit No data available No data available **Evaporation rate Vapor Pressure** No data available **Vapor Density** No data available **Specific Gravity** No data available Water Solubility Partly soluble Solubility in other solvents No data available No data available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No data available **Viscosity** No data available **Explosive Properties** No information available **Oxidizing Properties** No information available

9.2. Other information

VOC Content (%) No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Not expected to be reactive.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Will Not Occur

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

None anticipated

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Hydrofluoric acid.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Amorphous silica may transform at elevated temperatures to tridymite (870 C) or cristobalite (1470 C).

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity

Inhalation Inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is

carcinogenic to humans (IARC, Group 1). There is sufficient evidence in experimental

animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (IARC, Group 2A).

Breathing silica dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory passages. Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may also have serious chronic health

effects (See "Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity" subsection below).

Eye Contact Causes eye irritation.

Skin Contact Ingestion

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

Irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach. May produce nervous system effects such as feeling of weakness, unsteady walk, and dilation of blood vessels. May affect the heart and cardiovascular system.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity

Silicosis: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling, and sometimes-fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness, and reduced pulmonary function. This disease is exacerbated by smoking. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis.

Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans) and has determined that there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (Group 2A - possible carcinogen to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these minerals. The National Toxicology Program classifies respirable crystalline silica as "Known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2). There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by scarring of the lungs, skin, and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

Toxicology data for the components

Substances	CAS	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	
	Number				
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	7340 mg/kg (Rat) > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2500 mg/kg (Rabbit)	No data available	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	>15,000 mg/kg (Human)	No data available	No data available	

Substances	CAS Number	Skin corrosion/irritation	
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	Skin, rabbit: May cause moderate skin irritation.	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Non-irritating to the skin	

Substances	CAS Number	Eye damage/irritation	
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	Eye, rabbit: Causes severe eye irritation.	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Mechanical irritation of the eyes is possible.	

Substances	CAS Number	Skin Sensitization
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals (guinea pig)
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available.

Substances	CAS Number	Respiratory Sensitization	
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	No data of sufficient quality are available.	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available	

Substances	CAS Number	Mutagenic Effects	
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not regarded as mutagenic.	

 CAS Number	Carcinogenic Effects	
	Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments (similar substances)	
 14808-60-7	Contains crystalline silica which may cause silicosis, a delayed and progressive lung disease. The IARC and NTP have determined there is sufficient evidence in humans of the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica with repeated respiratory exposure. Based on available scientific evidence, this substance is a threshold carcinogen with a mode of action involving indirect genotoxicity secondary to lung injury.	

Lime Fluid System

	CAS Number	Reproductive toxicity
Calcium hydroxide		Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. (similar substances)
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available

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Substances	CAS Number	STOT - single exposure		
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	May cause mild respiratory irritation.		
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No significant toxicity observed in animal studies at concentration requiring classification.		

	CAS Number	STOT - repeated exposure		
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	No significant toxicity observed in animal studies at concentration requiring classification.		
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled: (Lungs)		

Substances	CAS Number	Aspiration hazard
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity Effects

Substances	CAS Number	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Toxicity to Invertebrates
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	EC50 (72h) 184.57 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata)	TLM96 100-500 ppm (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 33.884 mg/L (Clarias gariepinus) LC50 (96h) 50.6 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 (96h) 457 mg/L (Gasterosteus aculeatus)	EC50 (3h) 300.4 mg/L (respiration rate) (activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage)	TLM96 478,520 ppm (Mysidopsis bahia) EC50 (48h) 49.1 mg/L (Daphnia magna) LC50 (96h) 158 mg/L (Crangon septemspinosa) NOEC (14d) 32 mg/L (Crangon septemspinosa)
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available	LL0 (96h) 10,000 mg/L (Danio rerio) (similar substance)	No information available	LL50 (24h) > 10,000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (similar substance)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substances	CAS Number	Persistence and Degradability
Calcium hydroxide		The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Substances	CAS Number	Log Pow
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	No information available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Substances	CAS Number	Mobility
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	No information available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Substances	PBT and vPvB assessment
Calcium hydroxide	No data available

Crystalline silica, quartz Not PBT/vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal Method

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

IMDG/IMO

UN Number:
UN Proper Shipping Name:
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Packing Group:
Not applicable
Environmental Hazards:
Not applicable
Not applicable

RID

UN Number:
UN Proper Shipping Name:
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Packing Group:
Environmental Hazards:
Not restricted
Not applicable
Not applicable

ADR

UN Number:
UN Proper Shipping Name:
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Packing Group:
Environmental Hazards:
Not restricted
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable

IATA/ICAO

UN Number:
UN Proper Shipping Name:
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Packing Group:
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable

14.1. UN Number: Not restricted

14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name: Not restricted

14.3. Transport Hazard Class(es): Not applicable

14.4. Packing Group: Not applicable

14.5. Environmental Hazards: Not applicable

14.6. Special Precautions for User: None

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

EINECS Inventory This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

US TSCA Inventory

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances **DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

WGK 1: Low hazard to waters.

DSLINDSL - California Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

Germany, Water Endangering Classes (WGK)

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Yes

SECTION 16: Other Information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms

bw – body weight

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP - REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on Classification,

Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures

EC - European Commission

EC10 - Effective Concentration 10%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

EEC - European Economic Community

ErC50 – Effective Concentration growth rate 50%

IBC Code - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

LL0 - Lethal Loading 0%

LL50 - Lethal Loading 50%

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

mg/kg – milligram/kilogram

mg/L - milligram/liter

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OEL – Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT - Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PC - Chemical Product category

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

ppm - parts per million

PROC – Process category

REACH - REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL concerning the

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

SU - Sector of Use category

Key literature references and sources for data

www.ChemADVISOR.com/

Revision Date: 03-Sep-2015

Revision Note

SDS sections updated: 1

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

Disclaimer Statement

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End of Safety Data Sheet