



# KELDRY SHAMPOO

## Safety Data Sheet

### Section 1: Identification

#### Product identifier

**Product Name** • Keldry

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Recommended use** • Preparation room specialty chemical

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Manufacturer** • Kelco Supply  
20000 176th Street NW  
Big Lake, MN 55309  
United States  
www.kelcosupply.com  
info@kelcosupply.com

**Telephone (General)** • 800-328-7720

#### Emergency telephone number

**Manufacturer** • 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC

**Manufacturer** • 202-483-7616 - CHEMTREC International

### Section 2: Hazard Identification

#### United States (US)

According to: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

**OSHA HCS 2012**

- Flammable Liquids 3
- Aspiration 1
- Skin Irritation 2
- Eye Irritation 2
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects
- Germ Cell Mutagenicity 2
- Carcinogenicity 1A
- Reproductive Toxicity 2
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 2
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 1

#### Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012

#### DANGER



**Hazard statements** • Flammable liquid and vapour  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
Causes skin irritation  
Causes serious eye irritation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
 Suspected of causing genetic defects.  
 May cause cancer.  
 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
 May cause damage to organs.  
 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## Precautionary statements

- Prevention** • Obtain special instructions before use.  
 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
 Keep container tightly closed.  
 Ground and/or bond container and receiving equipment.  
 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.  
 Use only non-sparking tools.  
 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
 Do not breathe mists, vapours, and/or spray.  
 Wash thoroughly after handling.  
 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

- Response** • In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.  
 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.  
 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water .  
 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.  
 Specific treatment, see supplemental first aid information.  
 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
 Do NOT induce vomiting.  
 IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

- Storage/Disposal** • Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
 Keep cool.  
 Store locked up.  
 Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

## Other hazards

### OSHA HCS 2012

- Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

## Canada

According to: WHMIS

## Classification of the substance or mixture

### WHMIS

- Combustible Liquids - B3
- Toxic - D1B
- Other Toxic Effects - D2A
- Other Toxic Effects - D2B

## Label elements

### WHMIS



- Combustible Liquids - B3

Toxic - D1B  
 Other Toxic Effects - D2A  
 Other Toxic Effects - D2B

## Other hazards

### WHMIS

- In Canada, the product mentioned above is considered hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

## Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

### Substances

- Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

### Mixtures

Composition				
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive	Comments
Proprietary	Proprietary	N/A	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT RE 1 (Eyes); STOT SE 2 (Eyes); Repr. 2	NDA
Proprietary	Proprietary	N/A	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 4; Carc. 1A; Muta. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Skin Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3: Narc.; Repr. 2; Asp. Tox. 1	NDA

## Section 4: First-Aid Measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

- Move victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing.

#### Skin

- In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water.

#### Eye

- In case of contact with substance, immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes.

#### Ingestion

- Obtain medical attention immediately if ingested. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### Notes to Physician

- All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

## Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

- LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.  
SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.

#### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

- No data available

## Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

### Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

- **HIGHLY FLAMMABLE:** Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

### Hazardous Combustion Products

- Decomposition can give hydrogen chloride fumes.

### Advice for firefighters

- Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. **LARGE FIRES:** Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### Personal Precautions

- Ventilate the area. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### Emergency Procedures

- As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. **LARGE SPILL:** Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 300 meters (1000 feet) **ELIMINATE** all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas.

### Environmental precautions

- Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Containment/Clean-up Measures

- Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. **LARGE SPILLS:** Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. **LARGE SPILLS:** Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Handling

- Use only in well ventilated areas. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Do not use sparking tools. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Do not breathe mist, vapours and/or spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage**

- Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool/low-temperature, well-ventilated dry place away from heat and ignition sources. Do not store in aluminum containers.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

**Control parameters**

Exposure Limits/Guidelines				
	Result	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA
Proprietary (Proprietary)	Ceilings	Not established	Not established	200 ppm Ceiling
	TWAs	10 ppm TWA	Not established	100 ppm TWA
	STELs	25 ppm STEL	Not established	Not established
Proprietary (Proprietary)	TWAs	200 ppm TWA	200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
	STELs	250 ppm STEL	250 ppm STEL; 325 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL	Not established

**Exposure controls****Engineering Measures/Controls**

- Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

**Personal Protective Equipment****Respiratory**

- Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.

**Eye/Face**

- Wear chemical splash safety goggles.

**Skin/Body**

- Wear appropriate gloves. Wear protective clothing - Splash apron

**Environmental Exposure Controls**

- Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways. Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste.

**Key to abbreviations**

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

**Information on Physical and Chemical Properties**

Material Description			
Physical Form	Liquid	Appearance/Description	Clear liquid with pleasant odor.
Color	Clear	Odor	Pleasant
Odor Threshold	No data available		
General Properties			
Boiling Point	150 to 190 °F(65.5556 to 87.7778 °C)	Melting Point/Freezing Point	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	pH	No data available
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	= 1.25 Water=1	Water Solubility	15 %
Viscosity	No data available		
Volatility			

Vapor Pressure	No data available	Vapor Density	> 1 Air=1
Evaporation Rate	No data available	Volatiles (Wt.)	100 %
Volatiles (Vol.)	100 %		
<b>Flammability</b>			
Flash Point	135 °F(57.2222 °C) TCC (Tagliabue Closed Cup)	UEL	36 % (Methanol)
LEL	6 % (Methanol)	Autoignition	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available		
<b>Environmental</b>			
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	No data available		

## Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

### Reactivity

- No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### Chemical stability

- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

- Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame.

### Incompatible materials

- Avoid contact with strong alkali.

### Hazardous decomposition products

- No data available

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

### Information on toxicological effects

		Components
Proprietary (N/A)	Proprietary	<p><b>Acute Toxicity:</b> Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 4920 mg/kg; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 140700 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 1 Hour(s); Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 20 mL/kg;</p> <p><b>Irritation:</b> Eye-Rabbit • 20 mg 24 Hour(s) • Moderate irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 2 mg 24 Hour(s) • Severe irritation;</p> <p><b>Multi-dose Toxicity:</b> Ingestion/Oral-Mouse TDLo • 22.4 mg/kg 32 Week(s)-Continuous; <b>Liver:Hepatitis (hepatocellular necrosis), diffuse</b>; <i>Skin and Appendages:After systemic exposure:Dermatitis, other</i>; <i>Immunological Including Allergic:Autoimmune</i>; Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 500 ppm 4 Week(s)-Intermittent; <i>Liver:Hepatitis (hepatocellular necrosis), zonal</i>; <i>Endocrine:Other changes</i>; <i>Immunological Including Allergic:Decrease in humoral immune response</i>; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 500 ppm 182 Day(s)-Intermittent; <i>Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Interstitial nephritis</i>; <i>Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Renal function tests depressed</i>;</p> <p><b>Mutagen:</b> Sperm Morphology • Inhalation-Mouse • 100 ppm; Micronucleus test • Inhalation-Rat • 5 ppm 6 Hour(s)-Continuous;</p> <p><b>Reproductive:</b> Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDLo • 1140 mg/kg (14D pre-21D post); <i>Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Central nervous system</i>; Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDLo • 76 mg/kg (multigenerations); <i>Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Hepatobiliary system</i>; <i>Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Urogenital system</i>; <i>Reproductive Effects:Effects on Newborn:Growth statistics (e.g., reduced weight gain)</i>; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 100 ppm 4 Hour(s)(8-21D preg); <i>Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Musculoskeletal system</i>;</p> <p><b>Tumorigen / Carcinogen:</b> Inhalation-Mouse • 150 ppm 7 Hour(s) 2 Year(s)-Intermittent; <i>Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria</i>; <i>Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Tumors</i>; <i>Skin and Appendages:Other:Tumors</i></p>

Proprietary (N/A)	Proprietary	<p><b>Acute Toxicity:</b> Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5600 mg/kg; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 64000 ppm 4 Hour(s); Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 15800 mg/kg;</p> <p><b>Irritation:</b> Eye-Rabbit • 100 mg 24 Hour(s) • Moderate irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 20 mg 24 Hour(s) • Moderate irritation;</p> <p><b>Mutagen:</b> Cytogenetic analysis • Ingestion/Oral-Mouse • 1 g/kg; DNA damage • Ingestion/Oral-Rat • 10 µmol/kg;</p> <p><b>Reproductive:</b> Inhalation-Mouse TClO • 1500 ppm 6 Hour(s)(7-9D preg); <i>Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Central nervous system;</i></p> <p><b>Tumorigen / Carcinogen:</b> Inhalation-Rat TClO • 1000 ppm 2 Year(s)-Intermittent; <i>Tumorigenic:Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Tumors; Tumorigenic:Increased incidence of tumors in susceptible strains</i></p>
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GHS Properties	Classification
Acute toxicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
Skin corrosion/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012 • Skin Irritation 2
Serious eye damage/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012 • Eye Irritation 2
Skin sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
Respiratory sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
Aspiration Hazard	OSHA HCS 2012 • Aspiration 1
Carcinogenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Carcinogenicity 1A
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Germ Cell Mutagenicity 2
Toxicity for Reproduction	OSHA HCS 2012 • Toxic to Reproduction 2
STOT-SE	OSHA HCS 2012 • Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 2; Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects
STOT-RE	OSHA HCS 2012 • Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 1

## Potential Health Effects

### Inhalation

- Acute (Immediate)**
- May affect the central nervous system. Symptoms may include dizziness, drowsiness, lethargy, coma and death.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
- No data available

### Skin

- Acute (Immediate)**
- Causes skin irritation.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
- No data available

### Eye

- Acute (Immediate)**
- Causes serious eye irritation.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
- No data available

### Ingestion

- Acute (Immediate)**
- Material may be aspirated into lungs during ingestion and/or subsequent vomiting. Aspiration of this material will cause severe lung injury, chemical pneumonitis, pulmonary edema or death.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
- No data available

### Other

- Acute (Immediate)**
- Acute methanol toxicity in humans causes blurred vision, photophobia, and pains in the eyes. Depending on the amount of methanol consumed, the individual susceptibility and the time at which treatment began, these visual disturbances may either recede or develop within a few days into visual impairments or total blindness.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
- The neurotoxic effects of methanol on the visual system can involve transient abnormalities such as peripapillary edema, optic disc hyperemia, diminished pupillary reactions to light, and central scotomata. Permanent ocular abnormalities include

optic disc pallor, attenuation of arterioles, sheathing of arterioles, diminished pupillary reactions to light, diminished visual acuity, central scotomata, and other nerve fiber bundle defects.

**Mutagenic Effects**

- Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause mutagenic effects.

**Carcinogenic Effects**

- Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause cancer.

Carcinogenic Effects			
	CAS	IARC	NTP
Proprietary	Proprietary	Group 1-Carcinogenic	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

**Reproductive Effects**

- Repeated and prolonged exposure may affect the reproductive system.

**Key to abbreviations**

LC = Lethal Concentration

LD = Lethal Dose

TC = Toxic Concentration

TD = Toxic Dose

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

**Toxicity**

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

**Persistence and degradability**

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

**Mobility in Soil**

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

**Other adverse effects**

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

**Waste treatment methods****Product waste**

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

**Packaging waste**

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

## Section 14 - Transport Information

	UN number	UN proper shipping name	Transport hazard class(es)	Packing group	Environmental hazards
DOT	UN1992	Flammable liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (Methanol, Trichloroethylene)	3	III	NDA

TDG	UN1992	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Methanol, Trichloroethylene)	3	III	NDA
IATA/ICAO	UN1992	Flammable liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (Methanol, Trichloroethylene)	3	III	NDA

**Special precautions for user** • None specified.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** • No data available

## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**SARA Hazard Classifications** • Acute, Chronic, Fire

Inventory				
Component	CAS	Canada DSL	Canada NDSL	TSCA
Proprietary	Proprietary	Yes	No	Yes
Proprietary	Proprietary	Yes	No	Yes

### Canada

#### Labor

##### Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances

- Proprietary Proprietary B2, D1B, D2A, D2B (including 28%)
- Proprietary Proprietary D1B, D2A, D2B

##### Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List

- Proprietary Proprietary 1 %
- Proprietary Proprietary 1 %

#### Environment

##### Canada - CEPA - Priority Substances List

- Proprietary Proprietary Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary Priority Substance List 1 (substance considered toxic)

### United States

#### Labor

##### U.S. - OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals

- Proprietary Proprietary Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary Not Listed

##### U.S. - OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals

- Proprietary Proprietary Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary Not Listed

#### Environment

##### U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants

- Proprietary Proprietary
- Proprietary Proprietary

##### U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities

• Proprietary	Proprietary	5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ
• Proprietary	Proprietary	100 lb final RQ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Radionuclides and Their Reportable Quantities</b>		
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
<b>U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs</b>		
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
<b>U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs</b>		
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
<b>U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting</b>		
• Proprietary	Proprietary	1.0 % de minimis concentration
• Proprietary	Proprietary	0.1 % de minimis concentration
<b>U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing</b>		
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed

## United States - California

### Environment

#### U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Proprietary	Proprietary	carcinogen, 4/1/1988

#### U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

• Proprietary	Proprietary	developmental toxicity, 3/16/2012
• Proprietary	Proprietary	developmental toxicity, 1/31/2014

#### U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

• Proprietary	Proprietary	47000 µg/day MADL (inhalation); 23000 µg/day MADL (oral)
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed

#### U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL)

• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Proprietary	Proprietary	14 µg/day NSRL (oral); 50 µg/day NSRL (inhalation)

#### U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female

• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed

#### U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male

• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
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• *Proprietary*

*Proprietary*

male reproductive toxicity,  
1/31/14

## Other Information

- **WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

### Section 16 - Other Information

**Revision Date**

- 01/April/2016

**Preparation Date**

- 01/January/2010

**Disclaimer/Statement of Liability**

- The information on this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) has been compiled from 29 CFR 1910.1200, supplier SDS, other technical references and our testing and experience. Users are responsible for determining the suitability of this product and information for their circumstances and for knowing of and complying with all pertinent federal and state regulations.

**Key to abbreviations**

NDA = No Data Available