

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

PREPARED - APRIL 2013

I. Product Identification

		1.	TTUUUG	Inclution		
Product Name: Proper Shipping Name: Product Use: Chemical Family: Whmis Classification:	KELARTISOL 20 ID#5119 Consumer Commodity, ORM ARTERIAL EMBALMING FLU EMBALMING CHEMICAL (MI B2, D1A D2B	1-D ID XTURE)				
TDG Hazard Class:	Flammable Liquid, Class 3 Limited Quantity	N.O.S.: 3 UN199	3 PKG. III (Meti	nanol, Formaldehyd	e)	
		II Haz	vardous	Compon	ente	
Substance	Case #	Percent		Limits	PPM	Nature of Hazard
Formaldehyde		23	TW. TWA Action Lev	A (8 hr) (15 min) el (TWA, 8 hr) H Level	.75 ppm 2 ppm 0.5 ppm 100 ppm	Irritant, sensitizer, poison, potential carcinogen
Methanol (methyl alc	ohol)67-56-1	10	TWA (TWA	8 hr), skin (15 min)	200 ppm; 260mg/m3 250 ppm; 310mg/m3	Flammable, poison
		II	II. Physi	ical Data		
Boiling Point: Vapor Density: Solubility in Water:	190º Greater C	F-210°F than air Complete	Specific Gravit Appearance:	-	Greater than 1 Clear red liquid 95%	
0001.			0		ard Data	
Flash Point:		Fire an	ια εχριά	osive Haza	ard Dala	
Flammable Limits:Lower - 7%, Upper - 73% (Formaldehyde) Extinguishing Media:Foam, CO2, Water Spray, Dry Chemical Fire Fighting Procedure:Spray containers with water to cool them. Stay upwind and avoid smoke or fumes, or use an air supply, goggles and protective clothing. Special Fire Hazards:Vapors heavier than air can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Formaldehyde can oxidize with						
Special Fire Hazard	s:Vapors heavier t air and heat to g	han air can tr ive corrosive	avel to a sou formic acid fu	rce of ignition and umes.	d flash back. Formaldehyd	de can oxidize with
		V.	React	ivity Data		
Materials to Avoid:	I:Heat, sparks or f May react violen	tly if mixed wi	ith phenol, st e 35ºF. Lower	rong acid and alk temperatures car	ali or oxidizing agents. a cause formation and prec	ipitation of paraformaldehyde.
		VI. I	Health I	Hazard Da	nta	
	IF INHALED - H IF SWALLOWEI CARCINOGEN - See the OSHA F medical surveilla d:EYES - Flush im lifting lids, until n SKIN - Remove a INGESTION - Gi	se severe irritating; ighly irritating; O - Poisonous - Formaldehydeonce. Action L imediately wit o evidence of any contamina ive the victim	ation, harden ; may cause s. Causes pa de is listed by evel = 0.5 pp h water. Ren f formaldehyouted clothing. N two glasses of	ing or cracking o inflammation of n in, vomiting, etc. / NTP and IARC. 9 CFR 1910.1200 m. nove contact lens le remain. Vash well with so of water and then	0 for additional information ses; continue flushing at le ap and water until no evider induce vomiting by inserti	ause blindness. exposure increases the risk. n including monitoring and ast 15 minutes, occasionally nce of formaldehyde remains. ng two fingers to the back of
	unconscious per	son. Nove the victi			ted charcoal slurry. Never	give anything by mouth to an must wear self-contained
				ak Procec		
-	to a well ventilate and move to hoc ammonia, sodiur	ed area. In cas od or remove m sulfite or so	se of a spill, f in a labeled, odium bisulfite	irst eliminate sou covered containe and remove. Fl	rces of ignition. Absorb sm er. Neutralize spill residue ush area with plenty of wa	. Move any leaking container all amounts on paper or rags with dilute (5%) solution of tter.
Waste Disposal Met	thod:Comply with fede Incinerate solid a		d local regula	tions for the disp	osal of chemical waste. If	approved, flush down drain.
Waste Numbers:	U 122 for Forma	ldehyde; U 1	54 for Metha	nol.		
	VII	l. Speci	ial Prote	ection Info	ormation	
Eye Protection:	Splash goggles	are recomme	nded.			
Skin Protection: Respiratory Protect	ion:If possible, arrang II. For levels abo	ge ventilation	adequate to I	keep formaldehyd	le levels below the exposu ce negative pressure respir	re limits indicated in Section ator can provide protection

IDLH Protection:Levels above the Infinits a NICSH-approved full raceplece negative pressure respirator can provide protection for a limited time. For longer exposure or higher levels use positive pressure or self-contained apparatus. IDLH Protection:Levels of 100 ppm or more are immediately dangerous to life and health. Entry into an IDLH atmosphere requires full body protection with self-contained air supply or a positive pressure air line supply. The information on this Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) has been compiled from 29 CFR 1910.1200, supplier MSDS, other technical references and our testing and experience. Users are responsible for determining the suitability of this product and information for their circumstances and for knowing of and complying with all pertinent federal and state regulations.