RESENE HEAVY DUTY PAINT PREP AND OIL REMOVER

Resene Paints Ltd

Version No: **3.5**Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 3

Issue Date: 25/09/2015 Print Date: 25/09/2015 Initial Date: 01/01/0001 L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	RESENE HEAVY DUTY PAINT PREP AND OIL REMOVER
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Use according to manufacturer's directions.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Registered company name	Resene Paints Ltd
Address	32-50 Vogel Street 5011 Naenae Wellington New Zealand
Telephone	+64 4 577 0500
Fax	+64 4 5773327
Website	www.resene.co.nz
Email	advice@resene.co.nz

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Primary Number	Alternative Number 1	Alternative Number 2
+800 2436 2255	+612 9186 1132	Not Available

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Not regulated for transport of Dangerous Goods.

GHS Classification [1]	Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI	
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	9.1C, 8.3A, 6.3A	

Label elements

GHS label elements





SIGNAL WORD

DANGER

Version No: **3.5** Page **2** of **8** Issue Date: **25/09/2015**

RESENE HEAVY DUTY PAINT PREP AND OIL REMOVER

Print Date: 25/09/2015

Hazard statement(s)

H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H412	larmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
H315	Causes skin irritation	

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
1300-72-7	2-5	sodium xylenesulfonate
68439-50-9	2-5	alcohols C12-14 ethoxylated
64-02-8	2-5	EDTA tetrasodium salt
68131-39-5	2-5	alcohols C12-15 ethoxylated
64-19-7	<1	acetic acid glacial

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

NZ Poisons Centre 0800 POISON (0800 764 766) | NZ Emergency Services: 111

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If furnes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility
Avoid contam

▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Version No: 3.5 Page 3 of 8 Issue Date: 25/09/2015

RESENE HEAVY DUTY PAINT PREP AND OIL REMOVER

Print Date: 25/09/2015

Fire Fighting Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Fire/Explosion Hazard

carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic materiaMay emit poisonous fumes.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills Environmental hazard - contain spillage. **Major Spills** Environmental hazard - contain spillage.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling Other information

- ▶ DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
- ▶ Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

► Polyethylene or polypropylene container.

Acetic acid:

- ▶ vapours forms explosive mixtures with air (above 39 C.)
- reacts violently with bases such as carbonates and hydroxides (giving off large quantities of heat), oxidisers, organic amines, acetaldehyde, potassium tert-butoxide

Storage incompatibility

- reacts (sometimes violently), with strong acids, aliphatic amines, alkanolamines, alkylene oxides, epichlorohydrin, acetic anhydride, 2-aminoethanol, ammonia, ammonium nitrate, bromine pentafluoride, chlorosulfonic acid, chromic acid, chromium trioxide, ethylenediamine, ethyleneimine, hydrogen peroxide, isocyanates, oleum, perchloric acid, permanganates, phosphorus isocyanate, phosphorus trichloride, sodium peroxide, xylene
- ▶ attacks cast iron, stainless steel and other metals, forming flammable hydrogen gas
- attacks many forms of rubber, plastics and coatings
- ▶ Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	acetic acid glacial	Acetic acid	25 mg/m3 / 10 ppm	37 mg/m3 / 15 ppm	Not Available	Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
EDTA tetrasodium salt	Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, tetrasodium salt, dihydrate	6 mg/m3	66 mg/m3	400 mg/m3
EDTA tetrasodium salt	Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, tetrasodiumn salt; (Tetrasodium EDTA)	30 mg/m3	330 mg/m3	2000 mg/m3
acetic acid glacial	Acetic acid	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
sodium xylenesulfonate	Not Available	Not Available
alcohols C12-14 ethoxylated	Not Available	Not Available
EDTA tetrasodium salt	Not Available	Not Available
alcohols C12-15 ethoxylated	Not Available	Not Available
acetic acid glacial	1,000 ppm	50 ppm

MATERIAL DATA

for acetic acid:

NOTE:Detector tubes for acetic acid, measuring in excess of 1 ppm, are commercially available

Exposure controls

controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.

Personal protection











Eye and face protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

See Hand protection below

Version No: **3.5** Page **4** of **8** Issue Date: **25/09/2015**

RESENE HEAVY DUTY PAINT PREP AND OIL REMOVER

Hands/feet protection	► Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	► Overalls.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the *computer-generated* selection:

RESENE HEAVY DUTY PAINT PREP AND OIL REMOVER

Material	СРІ
BUTYL	A
NEOPRENE	A
BUTYL/NEOPRENE	С
NAT+NEOPR+NITRILE	С
NATURAL RUBBER	С
NATURAL+NEOPRENE	С
NITRILE	С
NITRILE+PVC	С
PE	С
PE/EVAL/PE	С
PVA	С
PVC	С
SARANEX-23	С
TEFLON	С
VITON	С

^{*} CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

Respiratory protection

Type AB-P Filter of sufficient capacity.

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Print Date: 25/09/2015

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	AB-AUS P2	-	AB-PAPR-AUS / Class 1 P2
up to 50 x ES	-	AB-AUS / Class 1 P2	-
up to 100 x ES	-	AB-2 P2	AB-PAPR-2 P2 ^

^ - Full-face

 $A(All \ classes) = Organic \ vapours, \ B \ AUS \ or \ B1 = Acid \ gasses, \ B2 = Acid \ gas \ or \ hydrogen \ cyanide(HCN), \ E = Sulfur \ dioxide(SO2), \ G = Agricultural \ chemicals, \ K = Ammonia(NH3), \ Hg = Mercury, \ NO = Oxides \ of \ nitrogen, \ MB = Methyl \ bromide, \ AX = Low \ boiling \ point \ organic \ compounds(below \ 65 \ degC)$

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear Colour with Characteristic Odour		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.01
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	10.75	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	10 BuAC = 1	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	87
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

^{*} Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Version No: 3.5 Page 5 of 8 Issue Date: 25/09/2015 Print Date: 25/09/2015

RESENE HEAVY DUTY PAINT PREP AND OIL REMOVER

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	► Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

nformation on toxicologic	cal effects					
Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation	n of the resp	oiratory tract (as classified by	EC Directives using animal models).	
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion".					
Skin Contact	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period.					
Eye	When applied to the eye(s) of animals, the material produces severe oc	ular lesions v	which are pre	sent twenty-fou	r hours or more after instillation.	
Chronic	Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term occupational expo	osure may pr	roduce cumul	ative health effe	ects involving organs or biochemical systems	
RESENE HEAVY DUTY PAINT PREP AND OIL	TOXICITY	IRI	RITATION			
REMOVER	Not Available	No	t Available			
	TOXICITY				IRRITATION	
sodium xylenesulfonate	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]				Not Available	
	Oral (rat) LD50: >3000 mg/kg ^[1]					
	TOXICITY			IRRITATION		
alcohols C12-14 ethoxylated	Oral (rat) LD50: >8000 mg/kg*** ^[2]			Eye (rabbit): ii	iye (rabbit): irritant *	
·			Skin (rabbit):			
				1		
	тохісіту	IRRITA	ATION			
	Oral (rat) LD50: 630 mg/kg*g ^[2]	*[BASI	SF]			
EDTA tetrasodium salt		Eyes (rabbit): 1.9 mg				
		Eyes (rabbit):100 mg/24h-moderate				
		Skin (r	abbit):500 mg	g/24h-moderate		
	тохісіту				IRRITATION	
alcohols C12-15 ethoxylated	ro.			Eye: SEVERE *		
·	rol			Skin: slight		
	TOXICITY		IRRITATIO	DN		
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 1060 mg/kg ^[2] Eye (rabbit): 0.05mg (o		:): 0.05mg (oper	pen)-SEVERE		
acetic acid glacial Inhalation (mammal) LC50: 11.4 mg/L/4H ^[2]		Skin (human):50mg/24hr - mild				
	Inhalation (mouse) LC50: 5620 ppm/1H ^[2] Skin (rabbit):525mg (open)-SEVERI)-SEVERE			
	Oral (rat) LD50: 3310 mg/kgE ^[2]					
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute to extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances.		lue obtained	from manufactu	urer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data	
RESENE HEAVY DUTY PAINT PREP AND OIL REMOVER	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.					
ALCOHOLS C12-14 ETHOXYLATED	* BASF Canada ** [Henkel CCINFO 1450373]					
EDTA TETRASODIUM SALT	* Sigma Aldrich - for the dihydrate					

Version No: 3.5 Page 6 of 8 Issue Date: 25/09/2015 Print Date: 25/09/2015

RESENE HEAVY DUTY PAINT PREP AND OIL REMOVER

ALCOHOLS C12-15 for Tergitol 25-L-9: Neodol 25-9 Neodol 25-7 *Shell Canada ** Huntsman (for Teric 12A9) **ETHOXYLATED** SODIUM XYLENESULFONATE & Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases. ACETIC ACID GLACIAL ALCOHOLS C12-14 ETHOXYLATED & Human beings have regular contact with alcohol ethoxylates through a variety of industrial and consumer products such as soaps, detergents, and other ALCOHOLS C12-15 cleaning products. **ETHOXYLATED** 0 0 **Acute Toxicity** Carcinogenicity 0 Skin Irritation/Corrosion Reproductivity Serious Eye 0 STOT - Single Exposure Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin 0 0 STOT - Repeated Exposure sensitisation 0 0 Mutagenicity **Aspiration Hazard**

Legend:

✓ – Data required to make classification available

🗶 – Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

O – Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

NOT AVAILABLE

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration	Effect	Value	Species	BCF
sodium xylenesulfonate	Not Available					
alcohols C12-14 ethoxylated	Not Available					
EDTA tetrasodium salt	Not Available					
alcohols C12-15 ethoxylated	Not Available					
acetic acid glacial	Not Available					

Toxic to aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
acetic acid glacial	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
acetic acid glacial	LOW (LogKOW = -0.17)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
acetic acid glacial	HIGH (KOC = 1)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal		
	Ensure that the disposal of material is carried out in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001.	

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labela Beguired

Labels Kedullen	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (Not Applicable): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Version No: **3.5** Page **7** of **8** Issue Date: **25/09/2015**

RESENE HEAVY DUTY PAINT PREP AND OIL REMOVER

Print Date: **25/09/2015**

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	EDTA tetrasodium salt	Y
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	alcohols C12-15 ethoxylated	Y
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	acetic acid glacial	Z

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002530	Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006

SODIUM XYLENESULFONATE(1300-72-7) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

ALCOHOLS C12-14 ETHOXYLATED(68439-50-9) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

EDTA TETRASODIUM SALT(64-02-8) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

ALCOHOLS C12-15 ETHOXYLATED(68131-39-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

ACETIC ACID GLACIAL(64-19-7) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Location Test Certificate

Chemicals

Chemicals

Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations, a location test certificate is required when quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below are present.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed containers	Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Approved Handler

Subject to Regulation 56 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations and Regulation 9 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 6, 8, and 9 Controls) Regulations, the substance must be under the personal control of an Approved Handler when present in a quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Υ
Canada - DSL	Y
Canada - NDSL	N (alcohols C12-14 ethoxylated; sodium xylenesulfonate; acetic acid glacial; alcohols C12-15 ethoxylated; EDTA tetrasodium salt)
China - IECSC	Υ
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	N (alcohols C12-15 ethoxylated)
Korea - KECI	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Υ
USA - TSCA	Υ
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

 Version No: 3.5
 Page 8 of 8
 Issue Date: 25/09/2015

RESENE HEAVY DUTY PAINT PREP AND OIL REMOVER

Print Date: 25/09/2015

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Ingredients with multiple cas numbers

Name	CAS No
sodium xylenesulfonate	1300-72-7, 30587-85-0
alcohols C12-14 ethoxylated	103819-01-8, 68439-50-9
EDTA tetrasodium salt	10378-23-1, 13235-36-4, 194491-31-1, 64-02-8

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

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