

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS) **FOODFRESH (GRADES 1-10; 21 & 23)**

(Please ensure that this MSDS is received by an appropriate person)

DATE: FEBRUARY 2017

Version2

REF no.:MS124

1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Names FOODFRESH PACKAGING GAS

MIXTURES

Chemical Formula CO2 PLUS N2 Trade Names FoodFresh 1

FoodFresh 2

FoodFresh 3 through 10

FoodFresh 21

FoodFresh 23

Colour Coding FoodFresh1. Green (H.07) body

with "FoodFresh 1" Stencilled on the body of the cylinder

Valve 3S - Brass 0,860 inch × 14 t.p.i, right

hand male

Colour Coding FoodfFresh 2. French Grey (H.30)

body with a Black shoulder, with "FoodFresh 2" stencilled on the body

of the cylinder

Valve 3 SN - Brass, 3/4 inch BSP, right

hand female.

Colour Coding FoodFresh 3 – 10, 21 & 23. Ivory

> bodies with the relevant grades stencilled on their bodies

Valve 3SO - Brass, 5/8 inch BSP, right

hand female

Company Identification African Oxygen Limited

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EMERGENCY No. 0860 020202 or

(011) 873 4382

2 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Names Carbon dioxide plus Nitrogen

Carbon Dioxide <u>Nitrogen</u> Cas No. 124-38-9 7727-37-9 UN No. 1013 1066

Carbon Dioxide /Nitrogen Mixtures

UN No.

Hazchem Warning 2 C Non-flammable gas

3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Main Hazards. All Cylinders are portable gas containers, and must be regarded as pressure vessels at all times. The listed grades of FoodFresh do not support life. They can act as simple asphyxiants by diluting the concentration of oxygen in air below the levels necessary to support life. Excepting for FoodFresh 2, they are all heavier than air, and will tend to concentrate at lower levels.

Adverse Health effects. The carbon dioxide component contained in the relevant grades of FoodFresh acts as a stimulant and a depressant on the central nervous system. Increases in heart rate and blood pressure have been noted at a concentration of 7.6 percent, and dyspnea (laboured breathing), headache, dizziness and sweating occur if exposure at that level is prolonged. In the case of FoodFresh 2, the inhalation of nitrogen in excessive concentrations can result in dizziness, nausea, vomiting, loss of consciousness and death.

Chemical hazards. Both the carbon dioxide and nitrogen components of the listed grades of FoodFresh are relatively non-reactive and non-toxic. They will not burn or support combustion.

Biological hazards. The greatest physiological effect of carbon dioxide is to stimulate the respiratory centre, thereby controlling the volume and rate of respiration.

Vapour inhalation. At concentrations of 10 % and above of carbon dioxide, unconsciousness can result in one minute or less. Impairment in performance has been noted during prolonged exposure to concentrations of 3 percent carbon, dioxide even when the oxygen concentration was 21 percent. In the case of FoodFresh 2, the nitrogen acts as a simple asphyxiant, death may result from errors in judgement, confusion, or loss of consciousness which prevents self-rescue.

Eve Contact No known effect **Skin Contact** No known effect

Ingestion (See "Vapour Inhalation" above)

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Prompt medical attention is mandatory in all cases of overexposure to FoodFresh. Rescue personnel should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus. For the listed grades of FoodFresh that contain carbon dioxide, concentrations of 10 percent or more can produce unconsciousness or death. Lower concentrations may cause headache, sweating, rapid breathing, increased heartbeat, shortness of breath, dizziness, mental depression, visual disturbances and shaking. Conscious persons should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. Quick removal from the contaminated area is most important. Unconscious persons should be removed to an uncontaminated area and given mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and supplemental oxygen.

Eye contact No known effect Skin contact No known effect Ingestion (See section 3 above)

5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media. The listed range of FoodFresh mixtures do not support combustion, but could act as extinguishing media.

Specific hazards. The range of FoodFresh mixtures do not support life. They can act as simple asphyxiants by diluting the concentration of oxygen in the air below the levels to support life.

Emergency actions. If possible, shut off the source of excess FoodFresh. Evacuate area. All cylinders should be removed from the vicinity of the fire. Cylinders that cannot be removed should be cooled with water from a safe distance. Cylinders which have been exposed to excessive heat should be clearly identified and returned to supplier.

CONTACT THE NEAREST AFROX BRANCH. Protective clothing. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety goggles and shoes, or boots, should be worn when handling

cylinders.

Environmental precautions. Excepting for FoodFresh 2, all the other listed mixtures are heavier than air, and could accumulate in low-lying areas. Care should be taken when entering a potentially oxygen-deficient environment. If possible, ventilate the affected area.



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6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions. Do not enter any area where FoodFresh has been spilled unless tests have shown that it is safe to do so.

Environmental precautions. FoodFresh does not pose a hazard to the environment.

Small spills. Shut off the source of the escaping nitrogen gas mixture.
Ventilate the area.

Large spills. Evacuate the area. Shut off the source of the spill if this can be done without risk. Restrict access to the area until completion of the clean-up procedure. Ventilate the area using forced draught if necessary.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Do not allow cylinders to slide or come into contact with sharp edges. Excepting for FoodFresh 1, which should be stacked vertically, all other grades may be stacked horizontally provided that they are firmly secured at each end to prevent rolling. Use a "first in - first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Keep out of reach of children.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure hazards. As FoodFresh mixtures are simple asphyxiants, avoid any areas where spillage has taken place. Only enter once testing has proved the atmosphere to be safe.

Engineering control measures. Engineering control measures are preferred to reduce exposure to oxygen depleted atmospheres. General methods include forced-draught ventilation, separate from other exhaust ventilation systems. Ensure that sufficient fresh air enters at, or near, floor level.

Personal protection. Self-contained breathing apparatus should always be worn when entering area where oxygen depletion may have occurred. Safety goggles, gloves and shoes, or boots, should be worn when handling cylinders.

Skin No known effect.

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL DATA

Carbon Dioxide

Odour

Chemical Symbol
Molecular Weight
Specific volume @ 20°C & 101,325 kPa (Air = 1)
Relative density of gas @ 101,325 kPa (Air = 1)
Taste
Odour
Nitrogen

CO2
44,01
547 ml/g
None
Acidic
None
Nitrogen

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid. The dilution of oxygen in the atmosphere to levels which cannot support life. Never use cylinders as rollers or supports, or for any other purpose than the storing of FoodFresh. Never expose cylinders to excessive heat, as this may cause sufficient build-up of pressure to rupture the cylinders.

None

Incompatible materials. As dry FoodFresh mixtures are inert they may be contained in systems constructed of any of the

common metals which have been designed to safely withstand the pressures involved.

Hazardous Decomposition Products. None

Acute Toxicity

Skin & eye contact
Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity

Mutagenicity

No known effect

(For further information see Section 3. Adverse health effects)

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Excepting for FoodFresh 2, which is lighter than air, all the other listed mixtures are heavier than air, but all can cause pockets of oxygen-depleted atmosphere in low-lying areas. They do not pose a hazard to the ecology.

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods Small amounts may be blown to the atmosphere under controlled conditions. Large amounts should only be handled by the gas supplier.

Disposal of Packaging The disposal of cylinders must only be handled by the gas supplier.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD TRANSPORTATION

UN No. 1956 ERG No 121

Hazchem warning 2C Non-flammable gas

SEA TRANSPORTATION

IMDG 1956 Class 2.2

Label Non-flammable gas

AIR TRANSPORTATION

ICAO/IATA Code 195 Class 2.2 Packaging instructions - Cargo 200

- Passenger 200
Maximum quantity allowed
- Cargo 150 kg

- Cargo 150 K - Passenger 75 kg

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

EEC Hazard class Non-flammable Reference standard SANS 10234

National legislation OHSact and regulations (85 of 1993)

16 OTHER INFORMATION

Bibliography

Compressed Gas Association, Arlington, Virginia Handbook of Compressed Gases - $3^{\rm rd}$ Edition Matheson. Matheson Gas Data Book - $6^{\rm th}$ Edition

17 EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY

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For product and safety enquiries please phone

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