

**SDS Revision Date:** 

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### 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity Feature Builder Firming
Alternate Names Sundry Chemical, Mixture

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Sundry Chemical

**Application Method** See Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name The Dodge Company, Inc

9 Progress Road Billerica, MA 01821

**Emergency** 

**CHEMTREC (USA)** (800) 424-9300

Customer Service: The Dodge Company, Inc (800) 443-6343, (978) 600-2099

## 2. Hazard identification of the product

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapor.

Acute Tox. 3;H301 Toxic if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 3;H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

Acute Tox. 3;H331 Toxic if inhaled.

Skin Corr. 1B;H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1;H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Skin Sens. 1;H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Muta. 2;H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carc. 1B;H350 May cause cancer.

Aquatic Chronic 2;H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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#### 2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.











### **Danger**

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### [Prevention]:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

#### [Response]:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.



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P304+312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P307+311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P308+313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label).

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333+313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P340 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

P391 Collect spillage.

#### [Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

#### [Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Methanol CAS Number: 0000067-56-1	50 - 75	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Acute Tox. 3;H331 Acute Tox. 3;H311 Acute Tox. 3;H301 STOT SE 1;H370	[1][2]
Formaldehyde CAS Number: 0000050-00-0	1.0 - 10	Carc. 1B;H350 Muta. 2;H341 Acute Tox. 3;H301 Acute Tox. 3;H311 Acute Tox. 3;H331 Skin Corr. 1B;H314 Skin Sens. 1;H317	[1][2]

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.
- [3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

<sup>\*</sup>The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.



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#### 4. First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General** Move victim to fresh air.

Call 911 or emergency medical service if deemed necessary.

Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing.

Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device.

Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes.

In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin or eyes with running water for at

least 20 minutes.

In case of burns, immediately cool affected skin for as long as possible with cold water. Do

not remove clothing if adhering to skin.

Keep victim warm and quiet.

Effects of exposure (inhalation, ingestion or skin contact) to substance may be delayed. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions

to protect themselves.

**Inhalation** Move victim to fresh air. Call emergency medical care. Apply artificial respiration if victim is

not breathing. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Administer oxygen if breathing is

difficult.

Eyes Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and

seek medical attention.

**Skin** Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of contact with substance,

immediately flush skin or eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes. Shower and wash

with soap and water. Keep victim warm and quiet.

Ingestion If chemical is swallowed, Call Physician Or Poison Control Center For Most Current

Information. Ingestion is life threatening.

Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious,

having convulsions, or who cannot swallow.

Victims Of chemical exposure must be taken for medical attention. Rescuers should be taken for medical attention, if necessary. Take copy of label and SDS with victim to health

professional.



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#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Overview

Acute: Severe irritation of the tissue that had contact with the product (skin, eyes, mucous membranes). Drowsiness, fatigue, confusion may be experienced after inhalation or ingestion of the material.

Chronic: Methanol is eliminated slowly from the body. Therefore repeated exposures may build up to toxic levels in body tissues. Animal studies shows long term exposures to Methanol damages the CNS, kidneys or liver, skin disorders, and birth defects.

Symptoms of Over Exposure by Route of Exposure: Methanol may be harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or injected into skin. Methanol can cause skin and eye irritation or damage. Methanol can be very irritating to mucous membranes and the respiratory tract.

Inhalation: Inhalation of Methanol vapors may lead to irritation of the nose and throat. Symptoms of overexposure may include dizziness, coughing, headache, dyspnea, lachrymation, nausea and vomiting. Exposure to high concentrations of this material vapor may cause unconsciousness or death.

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, skin contact, eyes, ingestion.

Target Organs: CNS, eyes, circulatory and respiratory systems.

Contact With Skin or Eyes: Methanol is an eye and skin irritant. Splashes in the eye may cause eye irritation, redness, tearing, and temporary corneal damage or blindness.

Skin Absorption: Methanol is absorbed through the skin and may result in effects similar to inhalation exposure.

Ingestion: Ingestion of one to four ounces of Methanol can cause irreversible damage to the nervous system, blindness, or death. It cannot be made non-poisonous. Aspiration of the material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis.

Injection: Injection of Methanol can lead to redness and irritation of the surrounding tissue. Reproductive or genetic defect hazard. See section 2 for further details.

**Inhalation** Toxic if inhaled.

**Eyes** Causes serious eye damage.

**Skin** Toxic in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes severe skin burns

and eye damage.

**Ingestion** Toxic if swallowed.

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## 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

#### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Wear chemical protective clothing that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection.

Flammable/combustible material.

May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks).

Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers.

Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Containers may explode when heated.

Many liquids are lighter than water.

May cause toxic effects if inhaled or ingested/swallowed.

Contact with substance may cause severe burns to skin and eyes.

Fire will produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation.

Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution.

ERG Guide No. 132

#### 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.



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Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Vapor is heavier than air and may flow along surface to distant ignition source and flashback.

**Large Spill:** As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions.

Keep unauthorized personnel away.

Stay upwind.

Keep out of low areas.

Ventilate closed spaces before entering.

### 7. Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Store in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association's publication NFPA 30, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. 29 CFR 1910.106 applies to the handling, storage, and use of flammable and combustible liquids.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Incompatible materials: This substance is not compatible with strong oxidizing agents, acetyl bromide, alkylaluminum solutions, beryllium hydride, boron trichloride, with carbon tetrachloride and metals, chloroform and sodium or sodium hydroxide, cyanuric chloride, dichloromethane and air, diethylzinc, hydrogen and raney nickel catalyst.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.



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### 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure**

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000050-00-0	00050-00-0 Formaldehyde		TWA 0.75 ppmSTEL 2 ppm
		ACGIH	STEL: 0.3 ppm Ceiling: 1 ppmS, A2, 1
		NIOSH	Ca TWA 0.016 ppm C 0.1 ppm [15-minute]
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000067-56-1	Methanol	OSHA	TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	TWA: 200 ppmSTEL: 250 ppm Skin
	NIOSH	TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m3) ST 250 ppm (325 mg/m3) [skin]	
	Supplier	No Established Limit	

#### **Carcinogen Data**

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value			
0000050-00-0	Formaldehyde	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: Yes			
		NTP	TP Known: Yes; Suspected: Yes			
		IARC	Group 1: Yes; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0000067-56-1	Methanol	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Respiratory** Not necessary where area is properly ventilated.

**Eyes** Wear safety eyewear, e.g. safety spectacles, goggles or visors to protect against the

splash of liquids.

**Skin** Overalls which cover the body, arms and legs should be worn. Skin should not be exposed.

All parts of the body should be washed after contact. Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

**Engineering Controls** Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the

use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits

suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:



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## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear, pale-pink-orange, slightly fluorescent Liquid

Odor Slightly perfumed, with pungent odor.

Odor threshold Not Measured

pH NA
Melting point / freezing point NA

Initial boiling point and boiling range 66-68C 151-155F Flash Point 10-10C 50-54F

**Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)** > 1 (n-Butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Lower Explosive Limit: 6%

Upper Explosive Limit: 36.5%

Vapor pressure (Pa) 98%

Vapor Density Greater than 1

Specific Gravity 0.900 Solubility in Water 97%

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity (cSt)

Not Measured

Not Measured

Not Measured

VOC % 97%

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Extreme heat may cause product to decompose, producing acrid smoke and irritating fumes.



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#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

This substance is not compatible with strong oxidizing agents, acetyl bromide, alkylaluminum solutions, beryllium hydride, boron trichloride, with carbon tetrachloride and metals, chloroform and sodium or sodium hydroxide, cyanuric chloride, dichloromethane and air, diethylzinc, hydrogen and raney nickel catalyst.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### **Acute toxicity**

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LD50, ppm
Methanol - (67-56-1)	143.00, Human - Category: 3	No data available	No data available	No data available	64,000.00, Rat - Category: NA
Formaldehyde - (50-00-0)	800.00, Rat - Category: 4	270.00, Rabbit - Category: 3	0.578, Rat - Category: 2	No data available	168.00, Rat - Category: NA

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)	3	Toxic if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal)	3	Toxic in contact with skin.
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	3	Toxic if inhaled.
Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization	1	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	2	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity	1B	May cause cancer.
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable



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### 12. Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Aquatic Ecotoxicity**

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Methanol - (67-56-1)	100.00, Pimephales promelas	10,000.00, Daphnia magna	16.912 (96 hr), Ulva pertusa
Formaldehyde - (50-00-0)	1.41, Oncorhynchus mykiss	5.80, Daphnia pulex	0.788 (96 hr), Ulva pertusa

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not allow into drains or water courses. Wastes and emptied containers should be disposed of in accordance with regulations made under the Control of Pollution Act and the Environmental Protection Act.

Using information provided in this data sheet advice should be obtained from the Waste Regulation Authority, whether the special waste regulations apply.



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ICAO/IATA

flammable

Air Class: 3

### 14. Transport information

**DOT (Domestic Surface** 

**Transportation**)

14.1. UN number UN1198

14.2. UN proper UN1198, Formaldehyde solutions,

shipping name flammable, 3, III

14.3. Transport hazard DOT Hazard Class: 3

class(es) DOT Label: 3, 8

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

IMO / IMDG (Ocean **Transportation**)

UN1198 UN1198 Formaldehyde solutions,

Formaldehyde solutions,

flammable **IMDG**: 3

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Sub Class: 8

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**IMDG** Marine Pollutant: Yes (Formaldehyde)

14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not Applicable

## 15. Regulatory information

**Regulatory Overview** The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected

> regulations are represented. All ingredients of this product are listed on the TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) Inventory or are not required to be listed on the TSCA Inventory.

WHMIS Classification B2 D1B E

**US EPA Tier II Hazards** Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): Yes Delayed (Chronic): Yes



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#### EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs):

Formaldehyde (100.00)

Methanol (5,000.00)

**EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:** 

Formaldehyde

**EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:** 

Formaldehyde

Methanol

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

Formaldehyde

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

Methanol

**Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):** 

(No Product Ingredients Listed)

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

(No Product Ingredients Listed)

N.J. RTK Substances (>1%):

Formaldehyde

Methanol

Penn RTK Substances (>1%):

Formaldehyde

Methanol

#### 16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.



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The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

# This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

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