



# Material Safety Data Sheet

FGL-0/00/000/1/2/CC

## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: FGL-0/00/000/1/2/CC
<b>Material uses</b>	: Petroleum lubricating grease/(Food grade)
<b>Code</b>	: NSF# 043531/043532/043534/043536/043530
<b>Supplier/Manufacturer</b>	: LUBRIPLATE® Lubricants Co. 129 Lockwood St. Newark, NJ 07105 Telephone no.: 1-973-589-9150
<b>Validation date</b>	: 04/14/2014.
<b>Prepared by</b>	: IHS
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: CHEM-TEL 1-800-255-3924 (24 hour)

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Solid. [grease]
<b>Color</b>	: White./Off-white.
<b>Odor</b>	: Mineral oil.
<b><u>Emergency overview</u></b>	
<b>Hazard statements</b>	: NOT EXPECTED TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE HEALTH EFFECTS WHEN THE RECOMMENDED INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE ARE FOLLOWED.
<b>Precautions</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Eyes</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b><u>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No specific data.

## 2. Hazards identification

- Skin** : No specific data.  
**Eyes** : No specific data.  
**Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : None known.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### United States

Name	CAS number	%
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	60-100
Butene, polymers	9003-29-6	5-10
zinc oxide	1314-13-2	5-10

### Canada

Name	CAS number	%
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	60-100
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	5-10
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	1-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Flammability of the product** : No specific fire or explosion hazard.

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.  
**Not suitable** : None known.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
metal oxide/oxides  
sulfur oxides
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### United States

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
White mineral oil (petroleum)	<p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Inhalable fraction</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Form: Mist</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). Form: Mist</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).</p>
zinc oxide	<p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).</b> CEIL: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Form: Dust TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). Form: Dust and fumes STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). Form: Fume</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). Form: Fume TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Total dust</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Total dust</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).</b> TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). Form: Respirable fraction</p>

### Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)			STEL (15 mins)			Ceiling			
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	Notations
zinc oxide	US ACGIH 2/2010	-	2	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[a]
	AB 4/2009	-	2	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[b]
	BC 9/2010	-	2	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[b]
	ON 7/2010	-	2	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[a]
	QC 6/2008	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
White mineral oil (petroleum)	US ACGIH 2/2010	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[d]
	US ACGIH	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[e]
	BC 9/2010	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 7/2010	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[f]
	QC 6/2008	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[f]

**Form:** [a]Respirable fraction [b]Respirable [c]fume [d]Inhalable fraction [e]Mist [f]mist

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

**Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Personal protection

- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Solid. [grease]
- Flash point** : Open cup: 238 to 260°C (460.4 to 500°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammable limits** : Lower: 0.9%  
Upper: 7%
- Color** : White./Off-white.
- Odor** : Mineral oil.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : >288°C (>550.4°F)
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 0.96 to 0.98
- Density** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : <0.0013 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg)
- Vapor density** : >5 [Air = 1]
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : <0.01 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Viscosity** : Not available.
- Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
- LogK<sub>ow</sub>** : Not available.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Conditions to avoid** :  Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from all sources of ignition.
- Incompatible materials** :  Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

### Chronic toxicity

Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

### Sensitizer

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** :  The mineral oils in the product contain < 3% DMSO extract (IP 346).

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
White mineral oil (petroleum)	A4	-	-	-	-	-
zinc oxide	A4	-	-	-	-	-

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## 12. Ecological information

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zinc oxide	Acute LC50 98 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 to 2.5 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.4 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

## 13. Disposal considerations

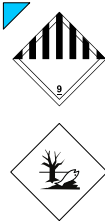
### Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not regulated.					
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.					
<b>IMDG Class</b>	UN3077	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (zinc oxide). Marine pollutant (zinc oxide)	9	III		The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  <b>Emergency schedules (EmS)</b> F-A, S-F  <b>Special provisions</b> 274, 335, 966, 967

## 14. Transport information

<b>IATA-DGR Class</b>	UN3077	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc oxide)	9	III	 	<p>The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</p> <p><b>Passenger and Cargo Aircraft</b> Quantity limitation: 400 kg Packaging instructions: 956</p> <p><b>Cargo Aircraft Only</b> Quantity limitation: 400 kg Packaging instructions: 956</p> <p><b>Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft</b> Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y956</p> <p><b>Special provisions</b> A97, A158, A179</p>
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PG\* : Packing group

## 15. Regulatory information

### United States

- HCS Classification** : Not regulated.
- U.S. Federal regulations** : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption**: Partial exemption  
**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances**: No products were found.  
**SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification**: No products were found.  
**SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals**: zinc oxide  
**SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification**: zinc oxide: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307**: zinc oxide  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311**: benzoic acid  
**Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention**: No products were found.

**Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

### SARA 313



## 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	Concentration
Form R - Reporting requirements	Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	5 - 10
Supplier notification	Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	5 - 10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

- Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE FUME
- New York** : None of the components are listed.
- New Jersey** : The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE; OIL MIST, MINERAL, MINERAL OIL (HIGHLY REFINED)
- Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE (ZNO)
- California Prop. 65**  
None of the components are listed.

### Canada

- WHMIS (Canada)** : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).
- Canadian lists**
- Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: Zinc; White mineral oil
- CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.
- Canada inventory** : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

- International lists** :
- Australia inventory (AICS)**: Not determined.
  - China inventory (IECSC)**: Not determined.
  - Japan inventory**: Not determined.
  - Korea inventory**: Not determined.
  - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: Not determined.
  - Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: Not determined.
- Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals** : Not listed
- Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals** : Not listed
- Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals** : Not listed

## 16. Other information

**Label requirements** : NOT EXPECTED TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE HEALTH EFFECTS WHEN THE RECOMMENDED INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE ARE FOLLOWED.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	0
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

**Date of issue** : 04/14/2014.

**Date of previous issue** : 06/07/2012.

**Version** : 2

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.