MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date Issued: 08/12/2011 MSDS No: 2968

TRITON(TM) CF-10 (90% ACTIVES)

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: TRITON(TM) CF-10 (90% ACTIVES) **PRODUCT CODE:** 2968

MANUFACTURER

Distributed by Tarr Acquisition, LLC 4115 W. Turney Ave. Phoenix, AZ 85019 Service Number: 602-233-2000 24 HR. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS CHEMTREC (US Transportation) :(800) 424 - 9300 CANUTEC (Canadian Transportation) :(613) 996 - 6666

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

IMMEDIATE CONCERNS: WARNING! Causes Eye Irritation - Aspiration may cause lung damage.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES: May cause mild discomfort. Excess redness of the conjunctiva may occur.

SKIN: No evidence of harmful effects from available information.

SKIN ABSORPTION: No evidence of harmful effects from available information.

INGESTION: Moderately toxic. May cause irritation of the mouth, throat, esophagus and stomach with nausea, abdominal discomfort, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, resulting in lung injury.

INHALATION: High concentrations of vapor or mist cause irritation of the respiratory tract, experienced as nasal discomfort and discharge, with chest pain and coughing.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

CHRONIC EFFECTS: None known.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED: A knowledge of the available toxicology information and of the physical and chemical properties of the material suggests that overexposure is unlikely to aggravate existing medical conditions. See Section 11 for toxicological information and additional information about potential health effects.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	Wt.%	CAS	EINECS
poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha(phenylmethyl)omega[(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenoxy]-	75	60864-33-7	
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)-[(1,1,3,3-tetrametylbutyl)phenyl]-w-hydroxy	15	9036-19-5	xxx-xxx-x
Water	10	7732-18-5	231-791-2
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), a-hydro-w-hydroxy-	< 3	25322-68-3	xxx-xxx-x

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if discomfort persists.

SKIN: Flush with water.

- **INGESTION:** If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Immediately give 2 glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician.
- INHALATION: Remove from exposure to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.
- **NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:** There is no specific antidote. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Any material aspirated during vomiting may cause lung injury. Therefore, emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically. If it is considered necessary to evacuate the stomach contents, this should be done by means least likely to cause aspiration (e.g., gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation).

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASHPOINT AND METHOD: Pensky-Martens CC ASTM D93

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not determined.

- AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: No data available.
- **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Extinguish fires with water spray or apply alcohol-type or all-purpose-type foam by manufacturer's recommended techniques for large fire. For small fires, use dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
- **HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:** Burning can produce the following products: Carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide is highly toxic if inhaled; carbon dioxide in sufficient concentrations can act as an asphyxiant.
- **EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** Avoid accumulation of water. Product may be carried across water surface spreading fire or contacting an ignition source.
- **FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools; this may cause frothing and increase fire intensity.
- **FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT:** Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece in positive pressure mode.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

GENERAL PROCEDURES: Contain spills immediately with inert materials (e.g. sand, earth). Transfer liquids and solid diking material to suitable containers for recovery or disposal. To avoid gelling and foaming problems, do not use water to flush away spills.

RELEASE NOTES: Environmental Statement: Microbial degradation of OPEs results i some intermediates that have shown weak estrogen mimetic activity in laboratory screening assays. Proper treatment of OPEs is not expected to result in environmental concentrations considered to be harmful to wildlife or humans. Like most surfactants this product is expected to be relatively toxic to fish. Avoid discharge to natural waters.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Wear suitable protective clothing. Floor may be slippery. Use care to avoid falling. See Personal Protection information in Section 8.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

GENERAL PROCEDURES: Avoid contact with eyes. Do not swallow. Keep container closed.

Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

FOR INDUSTRY USE ONLY.

STORAGE: Store in accordance with good industrial practices. Storage information may be obtained from product-specific Storage and Handling Guides.

COMMENTS: Surfactants can cause foaming problems in biological wastewater treatment plants and other high shear operations.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide general and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne levels below he exposure guidelines.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: Safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles are recommended for any type of industrial chemical handling.

SKIN: Wear chemical resistant gloves such as: Neoprene or consult your safety equipment supplier.

RESPIRATORY: Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure guideline. When airborne exposure guidelines and/or comfort levels ay be exceeded, use an approved air=purifying respirator. For emergency response or for situations where the atmospheric level is unknown, use an approved positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

OTHER USE PRECAUTIONS: Use good personal hygiene when handling this product. Wash hands after use, before eating, drinking, smoking, or using the toilet.

COMMENTS: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid
ODOR: Mild odor.
COLOR: Pale straw-colored.
PERCENT VOLATILE: 10
Notes: by weight
VAPOR PRESSURE: 14 mm Hg at 20°C

VAPOR DENSITY: 0.6 BOILING POINT: 103.4°C (218.1°F) FREEZING POINT: -3°C (27°F) MELTING POINT: Not Applicable FLASHPOINT AND METHOD: Pensky-Martens CC ASTM D93 SOLUBILITY IN WATER: WT % EVAPORATION RATE: 0.7 (n-Butyl Acetate=1) DENSITY: 9.032 Notes: LBS./gallon SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.083 @ 20°C/20°C (VOC): g/l

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABLE: Yes

POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: prolonged excessive heat may cause product decomposition.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Contact with strong oxidizing and/or reducing agents may result in rapid energy release. Avoid strong bases at high temperatures, strong acids, and materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SKIN EFFECTS: In studies with rabbits sustained occluded skin contact of the undiluted surfactant can cause inflammatory changes in the lung.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Developmental effects including extra ribs and other skeletal variations were observed in the fetuses of rats treated with maternally toxic levels of a 9-mole ethoxylate of octylphenol, or a 4-mole or 9-mole ethoxylate of nonylphenol. The significance of these findings to humans is unclear as several human studies did not show any association of congenital effects in children and maternal exposure to spermicides containing octyl or nonylphenol ethoxylates.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA: The environmental fate of this material is not available.

GENERAL COMMENTS: Keep out of waterways.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial land loca laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are with responsibility solely of the waste generator.

RCRA/EPA WASTE INFORMATION: Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in

40 CFR. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not DOT Regulated as a hazardous material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: This product should be reported as an immediate (acute) health hazard, and a delayed (chronic) health hazard.

FIRE: No PRESSURE GENERATING: No REACTIVITY: No ACUTE: Yes CHRONIC: Yes

313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS: To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

302/304 EMERGENCY PLANNING

EMERGENCY PLAN: To the best of our knowledge, none of the chemicals in this product are listed as an extremely hazardous substance under Section 302 of SARA Title III nor does this product contain any other such substances.

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT) CERCLA REGULATORY:

Benzyl chloride CAS #100-44-7, amount: less than 0.1000%

Ethylene oxidie CAS #75-21-8, amount: less than or equal to 0.0010%

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

Chemical Name	CAS
poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha(phenylmethyl)omega[(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenoxy]-	60864-33-7
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)-[(1,1,3,3-tetrametylbutyl)phenyl]-w-hydroxy	9036-19-5
Water	7732-18-5
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), a-hydro-w-hydroxy-	25322-68-3

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer.: Benzyl chloride (CAS 100-44-7) amount: less than 0.1000%

The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the State of California to cause reproductive harm.: Ethylene Oxide (CAS 75-21-8) amount: less than or equal to 0.0010%.

CANADA

DOMESTIC SUBSTANCE LIST (INVENTORY): All substances contained in this product are listed on the

Canadian Domestic substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed.

GENERAL COMMENTS: The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

PREPARED BY: COMPLIANCE DEPT.



- **NFPA STORAGE CLASSIFICATION:** These ratings are part of a specific hazard communication program and should be disregarded where individuals are not trained in the use of this hazard rating system. You should be familiar with the hazard communication programs applicable to your workplace.
- **MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMER:** The information contained herein is based on the data available to us and is believed to be accurate. However, Tarr Acquisition, LLC (Tarr, LLC) makes no warranty, expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Tarr, LLC assumes no responsibility for injuries from the use of the product described herein.