# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

POTPOURRI SCENT

Portland, Oregon
Phoenix, Arizona
Auburn, Washington
Vancouver, Washington

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**MANUFACTURER:** Tarr, Inc. of Arizona
4115 W. Turney Avenue

Phoenix, AZ 85019

**INFORMATION PHONE:** (602) 233-2000
**EMERGENCY PHONE:** CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (US) Day or night
International Call Collect CHEMTREC 202-483-7616

**Print Date:** 11/18/2004

## SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

**PRODUCT NAME:** POTPOURRI SCENT
**PRODUCT NUMBER:** PS, 3176
**UPC NUMBER:**
**PREPARED BY:** Patricia Rodabaugh
**DATE PREPARED:** 6/21/1999
**LAST REVISION:** 6/21/1999

**SYNONYMS:**

**DOT Proper Shipping Name:** Not DOT regulated as a hazardous material
**UN NUMBER:** N/A
**PACKING GROUP:** N/A
**GUIDE NUMBER:** N/A
**DOT CLASS:** Not a hazardous material

## SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

| Chemical Name | CAS # | Weight % | OSHA PEL | ACGIH TLV | NOTE |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether | 034590-94-8 | 10 | 100 ppm | 100 ppm | |
| Potpourri scent | | 7.5 | | | (distributor proprietary fragran mix) |
| Nonylphenol ethoxylate | 127087-87-0 | 1-3 | Not established | Not established | |

## SECTION III - PHYSCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

**BOILING POINT:** 363 F
**VAPOR PRESSURE:** 18
**EVAPORATION:** Slower than ether
**POUNDS PER GALLON:** 8.34

**SPECIFIC GRAVITY:** .997
**MELTING POINT:**
**VAPOR DENSITY:** Heavier than air
**PH:** N/A

**SOLUBILITY IN WATER:** Infinite in water

**APPEARANCE AND ODOR:** Purple liquid. Floral odor.

## SECTION IV - FIRE/EXPLOSION

**FLASH POINT:** >200 F
**FLASH POINT METHOD USED:** Tag Closed Cup

**LEL:** 0.011
**UEL:** 0.14

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:**

Use water fog, "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or CO2. For large scale fires, alcohol resistant foams are preferred if available. General purpose synthetic foams or protein foams may function, but much less effectively.

**SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:**

The use of SCBA and full protective equipment is recommended for firefighters. Water spray may used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. When using water spray, boil over may occur when the product temperture reaches the boiling point of water (tank type scenarios, not spills). Water may be used to flush spills away from fire exposures and to dilute spills to non-flammable mixtures. Contain fire run off water.

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:**

When heated above the flash point this material emits flammable vapors which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive. Fine mist or spray may be flammable at temperatures below the flash point.

## SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

**STABLE:**

Stable

**INCOMPATIBILITY:**

None Reported.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY PRODUCTS:**

Carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed during combustion.

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:**

Will Not Occur

## SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

### ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS

**EYE CONTACT:** Material may cause slight transient (temporary) eye irritation. Direct contact with the liquid or exposure to its vapors or mists may cause stinging, tearing, redness. Corneal injury is unlikely.

**INHALATION:** Signs and symptioms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or narcotic effects.

**INGESTION:** Single dose oral toxicity is low. The oral LD50 for rats is 5.4 ml/kg. Small amounts swallowed incidental to normal handling operations are not likely to cause to injury, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation.

**SIGNS AND SYMPOTOMS OF EXPOSURE:**

Itching, burning or redness of the skin or eyes.

**AGGRAVATED MEDICAL CONDITIONS:**

Preexisting skin and eye conditions may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

**SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH INFORMATION:**

No specific antidote. Supportive care. Treatment based on judgement of the physician in response to reactions of the patient. The LD50 for skin absorption is rabbits is greater than 20 ml/kg. Prolonged skin contact with very large amounts may cause drowsiness. SYSTEMIC (OTHER TARGET ORGAN) EFFECTS: Observations in animals include minor liver or kidney effects. Sighns and symptoms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or narcotic effects. TERATOLOGY (BIRTH DEFECTS): Birth defects are unlikely. Exposures having no adverse effects on the mother should have no effect on the fetus. MUTAGENICITY (EFFECTS ON GENETIC MATERIAL): Results of in vitro ("test tube") mutagencity tests have been negative.

### EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURES

**EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

**INHALATION:** Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get medical attention.

**INGESTION:** Induce vomiting if large amounts are ingested, consult medical personnel.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Flush skin with water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

## SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED:**

Remove all sources of ignition and provide ventilation. Wear protective equipment as given in Section 8. Dike around large spills to prevent spreading. Absorb small spills with inert material (clay, sand). Prevent contamination of surface waters.

**WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:**

The preferred options for disposal are to send to licensed reclaimers, or to permitted incinerators. Any disposal practice must be in compliance with federal, state, and local regulations. Do not dump into sewers, ground, or any body of water.

**PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE:**

Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Surfaces that are hot may ignite even liquid product in the absence of sparks or flame. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapors are gone.

**OTHER PRECAUTIONS:**

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! Empty containers retain product residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks static electricity, or other sources of ignition.

## SECTION VIII - CONTROL MEASURES

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:**

If exposure may or does exceed occupational exposure limits (Sec. 2) use a NIOSH approved respirator to prevent overexposure. In accord with 29 CFR 1910.134 , when airborne exposure guidelines and/or comfort levels may be exceeded, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

**VENTILATION:**

Provide exhaust ventilation sufficient to keep the airborne concentration of this product below its exposure limits. Exhaust air may need to be cleaned by scrubbers or filters to reduce environmental contamination.

**PROTECTIVE GLOVES:**

Use impervious gloves when prolonged or frequently repeaated contact could occur.

**EYE PROTECTION:**

Use safety glasses. Where contact with this material is likely, chemical goggles are recommended because eye contact may cause discomfort even though it is unlikely to cause injury.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT:**

Where splashing is possible, full chemically resistant protective clothing (e.g., acid suit) and boots are required.

**WORK / HYGENIC PRACTICES:**

Use good personal hygiene when handling this product. Wash hands after use, before eating, drinking, smoking, or using the toilet.