

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

RINSOLVE 210



## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**MANUFACTURER:** Distributed by Tarr Acquisition, LLC  
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**Print Date:** 11/11/2004

**EMERGENCY PHONE:** CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (US) Day or night  
International Call Collect CHEMTREC 202-483-7616

**PRODUCT NAME:** RINSOLVE 210

**PRODUCT NUMBER:** 419, 420, 420NR, 421

**UPC NUMBER:**

**PREPARED BY:** Patricia Rodabaugh

**DATE PREPARED:** 12/29/2003

**LAST REVISION:** 4/10/2003

**SYNOMYS:** Lactol, Tolusol

## 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS #	Weight %	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NOTE
Solvent naphtha, light aliphatic	64742-89-8	80-95	300 ppm	300 ppm	
Heptane, n-	142-82-5	1-10	500 ppm	400 ppm	
Toluene	108-88-3	10-18	100 ppm	50 ppm (skin)	
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	1-10	400 ppm	400 ppm	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	1-3	300 ppm	300 ppm	

## 3. HAZARDOUS IDENTIFICATION

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:** DANGER! Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Vapor harmful.

### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

**EYE CONTACT:** Liquid is moderately irritating to the eyes. High vapor concentrations may also be irritating.

**INHALATION:** Vapors may be irritating to the nose, throat, and respiratory tract. High vapor concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**INGESTION:** Liquid is moderately toxic and may be harmful if swallowed; may produce CNS depression. Ingestion of product may result in vomiting; aspiration (breathing) of vomitus into the lungs must be avoided as even small quantities may result in aspir. pneumonitis.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Liquid is moderately irritating to the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

### SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

Early to moderate CNS depression may be evidenced by giddiness, headache, dizziness, and nausea; in extreme cases, unconsciousness and death may occur. Aspiration pneumonitis may be evidenced by coughing, labored breathing an cyanosis.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

**INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air if effects occur. Consult a physician.

**INGESTION:** Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Get medical attention.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Remove contaminated clothing/shoes. Flush skin with water. Follow by washing with soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention. Do not reuse clothing until cleaned.

**AGGRAVATED MEDICAL CONDITIONS:**  
Preexisting eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product. Impaired function from preexisting disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

**SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH INFORMATION:**

Near fatal exposures may result in congestive effects to a wide variety of organs.

## **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

### **FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES**

**FLASH POINT:** 20 F

**FLASH POINT METHOD USED:** Tag Closed Cup

**AUTOIGNITION:** 580 F

**LEL:** 0.01      **UEL:** 0.07

### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:**

Use water fog, "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or CO<sub>2</sub>.

### **SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:**

**WARNING.** Flammable Liquid. Clear fire area of unprotected personnel. Do not enter confined fire space without full bunker gear, including a positive pressure NIOSH approved SCBA. Cool fire exposed containers with water.

### **UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:**

When heated above the flash point this material emits flammable vapors which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive. Fine mist or spray may be flammable at temperatures below the flash point.

### **COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:**

Carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed during combustion.

## **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED:**

**WARNING.** Flammable. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Remove all sources of ignition. Clean-up personnel require protective clothing and respiratory protection from vapors. Only specially trained or qualified personnel should handle the emergency.

## **7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### **PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE:**

Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Surfaces that are hot may ignite even liquid product in the absence of sparks or flame. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapors are gone.

### **OTHER PRECAUTIONS:**

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!** Empty containers retain product residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks static electricity, or other sources of ignition.

## **8. EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:**

If exposure may or does exceed occupational exposure limits (Sec. 2) use a NIOSH approved respirator to prevent overexposure. In accord with 29 CFR 1910.134 use either an atmosphere-suppling respir. of an air-purifying respir. for organic vapors.

**VENTILATION:**

Provide exhaust ventilation sufficient to keep the airborne concentration of this product below its exposure limits. Exhaust air may need to be cleaned by scrubbers or filters to reduce environmental contamination.

**PROTECTIVE GLOVES:**

Test data indicate the best protection is provided by neoprene, nitrile, and natural rubber gloves.

**EYE PROTECTION:**

Use chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield where splashing is possible. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with this material. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work areas.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT:**

Where splashing is possible, full chemically resistant protective clothing (e.g., acid suit) and boots are required.

**WORK / HYGENIC PRACTICES:**

Use good personal hygiene when handling this product. Wash hands after use, before eating, drinking, smoking, or using the toilet.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with and eyewash facility and a safety shower.

**EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:**

May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. May irritate body tissues. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**SOLUBILITY IN WATER:** Solubility negligible in water

**APPEARANCE AND ODOR:** Clear, colorless liquid with pungent odor.

<b>BOILING POINT:</b>	201-255 F	<b>PERCENT VOLATILE:</b>	100
<b>VAPOR PRESSURE:</b>	22-26	<b>PH:</b>	N/A
<b>EVAPORATION RATE:</b>	Slower than ether	<b>MOLECULAR WEIGHT:</b>	NDA
<b>POUNDS PER GALLON:</b>	6.20	<b>VAPOR DENSITY:</b>	Heavier than air
<b>SPECIFIC GRAVITY:</b>	0.745	<b>OTHER PROPERTIES:</b>	
<b>MELTING POINT:</b>	NDA		
<b>FREEZING POINT:</b>	NDA		

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**STABILITY:** Stable

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Stable under normal conditions.

**INCOMPATIBILITY:**

Strong oxidizers.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY PRODUCTS:**

Carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed during combustion.

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:** Will Not Occur

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Avoid heat, flame, and other sources of ignition.

**11. TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION**

This product may contain benzene (CAS No. 71-43-2) at a concentration less than 300 ppm.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Avoid uncontrolled releases of this material. Where spills are possible, a comprehensive spill response plan should be developed and implemented.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The preferred options for disposal are to send to licensed reclaimers, or to permitted incinerators. Any disposal practice must be in compliance with federal, state, and local regulations. Do not dump into sewers, ground, or any body of water.

## 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

**DOT Proper Shipping Name:** Petroleum distillates, n.o.s., (naphtha, toluene) **PACKING GROUP:** II  
**HAZARD CLASS:** 3 **GUIDE NUMBER:** 128  
**UN NUMBER:** UN 1268 **DOT CLASS:** Flammable liquid

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product is a mixture and each component is listed in the TSCA Inventory of Chemical Substances.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**HMIS INFORMATION:**    **HEALTH:** 2    **FLAMMABILITY:** 3    **REACTIVITY:** 0    **PROTECTIVE:** H

### **SARA Title III Information:**

**SARA 302:** To the best of our knowledge, none of the chemicals in this product are listed as an Extremely Hazardous Substance under Section 302 of SARA Title III nor does this product contain any other such substances.

**SARA 311/312:** This product should be reported as an immediate (acute) health hazard, delayed (chronic) health hazard, and a fire hazard.

**SARA 313:** Toluene (108-88-3) and cyclohexane (110-82-7)

**Supplemental Health Info.:** Laboratory studies have shown that petroleum distillates may cause kidney, liver, or lung damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

California Proposition 65: The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer. BENZENE.

While there is no evidence that industrially acceptable levels of toluene vapors (e.g., the TLV) have produced cardiac effects in humans, animal studies have shown that inhalation of high levels of toluene produced cardiac sensitization. Such sensitization may cause fatal changes in heart rhythms. This latter effect was shown to be enhanced by hypoxia or the injection of adrenalinlike agents. Prolonged and repeated exposures to high concentrations of toluene have resulted in hearing loss in laboratory rats. While the effect of solvents on the human auditory system is uncertain, solvent abusers exposed to high doses of toluene show signs of hearing loss, and occupational exposure to toluene may interact with noise in causing hearing loss in the work environment. The effects of solvents on human hearing are uncertain. Solvent abusers and noise interaction with toluene in the work environment may cause signs of hearing loss.

Toluene is not known to be mutagenic or carcinogenic. However, the available human and experimental data are limited and insufficient to assess carcinogenic potential. Toluene is not listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA. Intentional abuse of toluene vapors has been linked to damage of brain, liver, kidney and to death. Many case studies involving abuse during pregnancy clearly indicate that toluene is a developmental toxicant. Developmental toxic effects comparable to those observed in humans have been seen in lab animals but the effects were generally associated with maternal toxicity.

**N/A = Not Applicable**

**NDA = No Data Available**

## Disclaimer

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