Material Safety Data Sheet

Issuing Date 18-Sep-2012 **Revision Date** 18-Sep-2012 **Revision Number** 0

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name **E-F Series ProSelect YELLOW LOW VOC SOLVENT PAINT**

Product Code(s) **98EF2176**

UN-Number UN1263

Recommended Use Traffic paint

Product Technology Low VOCs

Manufacturer Address
Ennis-Flint
5910 North Central Expressway
Suite 1050
Dallas TX 75206
T: 800.331.8118
800.331.8118 (For Technical Inquiries)

Chemical Emergency Phone Number Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

DANGER!

Emergency Overview

Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin
Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin
Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage
Causes central nervous system depression
Cancer hazard
Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin
WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Appearance Yellow **Physical State** Liquid. **Odor** Solvent

Potential Health Effects
Principle Routes of Exposure Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye contact.

Acute Toxicity

Eyes Irritating to eyes.

Skin Irritating to skin. Harmful in contact with skin.

Inhalation Harmful by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system. May cause central nervous system depression with nausea, headache, dizziness, vomiting, and incoordination.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause additional affects as listed under "Inhalation".

Chronic Effects Contains toluene. Exposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in humans has caused adverse fetal development effects. May cause adverse liver and kidney effects. This product contains titanium dioxide in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of titanium dioxide is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Titanium dioxide has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) by inhalation. This product contains crystalline silica (quartz) in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of crystalline silica is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Crystalline silica (quartz) has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a known human carcinogen (Group 1). Ethylbenzene has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Prolonged or repeated overexposure to ethylbenzene may result in adverse effects to the kidneys, liver, respiratory system, thyroid, testicles, and pituitary glands. May cause adverse liver effects.

Aggravated Medical Conditions Exposure to chlorinated hydrocarbons, such as chloroform and trichloroethane, may increase toxic effects. Skin disorders. Pre-existing eye disorders. Respiratory disorders. Central nervous system.

Interactions with Other Chemicals Use of alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects.

Environmental Hazard Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %
Acetone	67-64-1	10-30
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	1-5
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1-5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1-1
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.1-1
Quartz	14808-60-7	0.1-1
Toluene	108-88-3	<0.1
Benzene	71-43-2	<0.1

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Call a physician immediately.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Consult a physician.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Drink plenty of water. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Notes to Physician Aspiration hazard. Treat symptomatically.

Protection of First-aiders Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties Flammable liquid.

Flash Point -14 °F / -10 °C

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical, CO_2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media CAUTION: All these products have a very low flash point. Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Explosion Data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge Yes.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA	**Health Hazard** 2	**Flammability** 3	**Instability** 0	**Physical and Chemical Hazards** -
HMIS	**Health Hazard** 2*	**Flammability** 3	**Physical Hazard** 0	**Personal Protection** X

**Indicates a chronic health hazard.*

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods for Containment

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Cover powder spill with plastic sheet or tarp to minimize spreading. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

Methods for Cleaning Up

Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Use personal protective equipment. Take up mechanically and collect in suitable container for disposal.

Other Information

Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only in an area containing flame proof equipment. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Acetone 67-64-1	STEL: 750 ppm TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 750 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m³ The acetone STEL does not apply to the cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is in effect for all other sectors (vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm 10% LEL TWA: 250 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m³
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7	STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 150 ppm (vacated) STEL: 655 mg/m³	
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 25 ppm (vacated) TWA: 120 mg/m³ (vacated) S*	IDLH: 700 ppm TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 24 mg/m³
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4	STEL: 125 ppm TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 125 ppm (vacated) STEL: 545 mg/m³	IDLH: 800 ppm TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ STEL: 125 ppm STEL: 545 mg/m³
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	TWA: 10 mg/m³	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust (vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m³ total dust	IDLH: 5000 mg/m³
Quartz 14808-60-7	TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ respirable fraction	30/(%SiO2+2) mg/m³ TWA, Total Dust;250/%SiO2+5) mppcf TWA, respirable fraction; 10/(%SiO2+2) mg/m³ TWA, respirable TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ (vacated)	IDLH: 50 mg/m³ respirable dust TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ respirable dust

OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

Other Exposure Guidelines Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).

Engineering Measures Showers. Eyewash stations. Explosion proof ventilation systems.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection Wear protective gloves/clothing.

Respiratory Protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

Hygiene Measures When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Yellow.	**Odor**	Solvent.
Odor Threshold	Not applicable	**Physical State**	Liquid
pH	Not applicable		
Flash Point	-14 °F / -10 °C	**Autoignition Temperature**	Not applicable
Decomposition Temperature	Not applicable	**Boiling Point/Boiling Range**	>35 °C / >95 °F
Melting Point/Range	Not applicable		
		Flammability Limits in Air	(For Acetone)
		Upper	12.8
		Lower	0.8
Specific Gravity	1.4-1.5	**Solubility**	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate	Not applicable	**Vapor Pressure**	Not applicable
Vapor Density	Not applicable	**VOC (g/l)**	<100

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Incompatible Products Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorinated compounds.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Dust formation.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbons.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product Information No acute toxicity information is available for this product.

Component Information

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetone	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	1700mg/kg (rabbit)	18892 mg/m³
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	= 4300 mg/kg (Rat)	> 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 47635 mg/L (Rat) 4 h = 5000 ppm (Rat) 4 h
2-Butoxyethanol	= 470 mg/kg (Rat)	= 400 mg/kg (Rabbit) = 2270 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2.21 mg/L (Rat) 4 h = 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Quartz	500 mg/kg (Rat)		

Chronic Toxicity

Chronic Toxicity Contains toluene. Exposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in humans has caused adverse fetal development effects. May cause adverse liver and kidney effects. This product contains titanium dioxide in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of titanium dioxide is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Titanium dioxide has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) by inhalation. This product contains crystalline silica (quartz) in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of crystalline silica is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Crystalline silica (quartz) has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a known human carcinogen (Group 1). Ethylbenzene has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Prolonged or repeated overexposure to ethylbenzene may result in adverse effects to the kidneys, liver, respiratory system, thyroid, testicles, and pituitary glands. May cause adverse liver effects.

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		Group 3	-	-
2-Butoxyethanol	A3	Group 3		
Ethyl benzene	A3	Group 2B		X
Titanium dioxide		Group 2B		X
Quartz	A2	Group 1	Known	X
Toluene		Group 3	-	-
Benzene	A1	Group 1	Known	X

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)
A1 - Known Human Carcinogen
A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
A3 - Animal Carcinogen
IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 3: Not Classifiable as to its Carcinogenicity to Humans
NTP: (National Toxicity Program)
Known - Known Carcinogen
OSHA: (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)
X - Present

Reproductive Toxicity Product is or contains a chemical which is a known or suspected reproductive hazard.

Target Organ Effects Central nervous system (CNS). Kidney. Liver. Respiratory system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Acetone		LC50 96 h: 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 6210 - 8120 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 8300 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	EC50 48 h: 10294 - 17704 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: 12600 - 12700 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		LC50 96 h: 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 2.661 - 4.093 mg/L static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 23.53 - 29.97 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 30.26 - 40.75 mg/L static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50 96 h: 7.711 - 9.591 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 13.4 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 19 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 780 mg/L semi-static (Cyprinus carpio) LC50 96 h: > 780 mg/L (Cyprinus carpio)	EC50 = 0.0084 mg/L 24 h	LC50 48 h: = 0.6 mg/L (Gammarus lacustris) EC50 48 h: = 3.82 mg/L (water flea)
2-Butoxyethanol		LC50 96 h: = 1490 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 2950 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus)		EC50 24 h: 1698 - 1940 mg/L (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Ethyl benzene	EC50 96 h: 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50 72 h: 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50 72 h: = 4.6 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50 96 h: > 438 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: 11.0-18.0 mg/L static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 7.55-11 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 9.1-15.6 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 32 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 4.2 mg/L semi-static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: = 9.6 mg/L static (Poecilia reticulata)	EC50 = 9.68 mg/L 30 min EC50 = 96 mg/L 24 h	EC50 48 h: 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

Toluene	EC50: >433 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h EC50: 12.5 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72 h static	LC50: 15.22-19.05 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96 h flow-through LC50: 12.6 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96 h static LC50: 5.89-7.81 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h flow-through LC50: 14.1-17.16 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h static LC50: 5.8 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h semi-static LC50: 11.0-15.0 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96 h static LC50: 54 mg/L Oryzias latipes 96 h static LC50: 28.2 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96 h semi-static LC50: 50.87-70.34 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96 h static	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30 min	EC50 48 h: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: = 11.5 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Benzene	EC50 72 h: = 29 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: 10.7-14.7 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 22330-41160 µg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 70000-142000 µg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 22.49 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 28.6 mg/L static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50 96 h: = 5.3 mg/L flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		EC50 48 h: 8.76 - 15.6 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: = 10 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

Chemical Name	**Log Pow**
Acetone	-0.24
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	3.15
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81
Ethyl benzene	3.118
Toluene	2.65
Benzene	1.83

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. This material, as supplied, is a hazardous waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR 261).

Contaminated Packaging

Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Do not re-use empty containers.

US EPA Waste Number

D001
D008
D018
U019
U056
U154
U220

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Acetone - 67-64-1		Included in waste stream: F039		U002
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) - 1330-20-7		Included in waste stream: F039		U239
Ethyl benzene - 100-41-4		Included in waste stream: F039		
Toluene - 108-88-3	U220	Included in waste streams: F005, F024, F025, F039, K015, K036, K037, K149, K151		U220
Benzene - 71-43-2	waste number U019	Included in waste streams: F005, F024, F025, F037, F038, F039, K085, K104, K105, K141, K142, K143, K144, K145, K147, K151, K159, K169, K171, K172	= 0.5 mg/L regulatory level	U019
Chemical Name	**RCRA - Halogenated Organic Compounds**	**RCRA - P Series Wastes**	**RCRA - F Series Wastes**	**RCRA - K Series Wastes**
Toluene - 108-88-3			Toxic waste waste number F025 Waste description: Condensed light ends, spent filters and filter aids, and spent desiccant wastes from the production of certain chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons, by free radical catalyzed processes. These chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons are those having carbon chain lengths ranging from one to and including five, with varying amounts and positions of chlorine substitution.	

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste
Acetone	Ignitable
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	Toxic Ignitable
Ethyl benzene	Toxic Ignitable
Toluene	Toxic Ignitable
Benzene	Toxic Ignitable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper shipping name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Subsidiary Class	
Packing Group	II
Description	UN1263, Paint, 3, , II

TDG

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Description	UN1263, PAINT, 3, II

MEX

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Description	UN1263 Paint, 3, II

ICAO

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper shipping name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Description	UN1263, Paint, 3, II

IATA

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
ERG Code	3L
Description	UN1263, Paint, 3, II

IMDG/IMO

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
EmS No.	F-E, S-E
Description	UN1263, Paint, 3, II, FP -10C

RID

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Classification Code	F1
Description	UN1263 Paint, 3, II

ADR

UN-Number	UN1263

Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Classification Code	F1
Description	UN1263 Paint, 3, II

ADN

UN-No	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Classification Code	F1
Special Provisions	163, 640C, 650
Description	UN1263 Paint, 3, II
Hazard Labels	3
Limited Quantity	LQ6
Ventilation	VE01

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA	Complies
DSL	Complies

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

U.S. Federal Regulations

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	1-5	1.0
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1-5	1.0
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1-1.0	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

Clean Water Act

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42):

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	100 lb			X

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302):

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	RQ

Acetone	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	100 lb		RQ 100 lb final RQ RQ 45.4 kg final RQ

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	California Prop. 65
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	Carcinogen
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Carcinogen
Quartz	14808-60-7	Carcinogen
Toluene	108-88-3	Developmental
Benzene	71-43-2	Carcinogen Developmental Male Reproductive

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Acetone		X			X
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	X	X	X	X	X
2-Butoxyethanol	X	X	X	X	X
Ethyl benzene	X	X	X	X	X
Quartz	X	X	X	-	X

International Regulations

Chemical Name	Carcinogen Status	Exposure Limits
Acetone		Mexico: TWA= 1000 ppm Mexico: TWA= 2400 mg/m^3 Mexico: STEL= 1260 ppm Mexico: STEL= 3000 mg/m^3
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		Mexico: TWA 100 ppm Mexico: TWA 435 mg/m^3 Mexico: STEL 150 ppm Mexico: STEL 655 mg/m^3
2-Butoxyethanol		Mexico: TWA 26 ppm Mexico: TWA 120 mg/m^3 Mexico: STEL 75 ppm Mexico: STEL 360 mg/m^3
Titanium dioxide		Mexico: TWA= 10 mg/m^3 Mexico: STEL= 20 mg/m^3
Quartz		Mexico: TWA= 0.1 mg/m^3

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class

B2 Flammable liquid
D2A Very toxic materials
D2B Toxic materials

Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

Component	NPRI
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 (1-5)	X
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4 (0.1-1)	X
Toluene 108-88-3 (<0.1)	X
Benzene 71-43-2 (<0.1)	X

Legend
X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By
Product Stewardship
23 British American Blvd.
Latham, NY 12110
1-800-572-6501

Issuing Date 18-Sep-2012
Revision Date 18-Sep-2012
Revision Note Initial Release

General Disclaimer

The information provided on this MSDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication and it does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. We urge each customer or recipient of this MSDS to study it carefully to become aware of and understand the potential hazards associated with the product. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text. Any use of the product not in conformance with this MSDS or in combination with any other product or process is the responsibility of the user. Customary precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately.

End of Safety Data Sheet