Material Safety Data Sheet

Issuing Date 01-Jul-2011 **Revision Date** **Revision Number** 0

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name **HWVY2 LOW VOC YELLOW SOLVENT PAINT**

Product Code(s) **985692**

UN-Number UN1263

Recommended Use Industrial paint

Product Technology S/B

Supplier Address
Ennis Paint Inc.
5910 North Central Expressway
Suite 1050
Dallas TX 75206
T: 800.331.8118
800.331.8118 (For Technical Inquiries)

Chemical Emergency Phone Number Chemtrec 800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

DANGER!

Emergency Overview

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE
Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin
Irritating to eyes and skin
Vapors may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs
Causes central nervous system depression.
Contains known or suspected carcinogens
Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin

Appearance Yellow **Physical State** Liquid. **Odor** No information available

Potential Health Effects

Principle Routes of Exposure Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye contact.

Acute Toxicity

Eyes Moderately irritating to the eyes

Skin Irritating to skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Inhalation Inhalation in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system. May cause central nervous system depression with nausea, headache, dizziness, vomiting, and incoordination. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal Sanding and grinding dust may be harmful if inhaled.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Dried film of this coating may be harmful if chewed or swallowed. May cause additional affects as listed under "Inhalation".

Chronic Effects Avoid repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. May adversely affect the lung, liver, heart, and kidney. Lead compounds may be absorbed by ingestion, by inhalation and through the skin. Lead may damage kidney function, the blood forming system and the reproductive system. This product contains crystalline silica (quartz) in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of crystalline silica is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Crystalline silica (quartz) has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a known human carcinogen (Group 1).

Main Symptoms Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Lead poisoning is characterized by a metallic taste in the mouth, loss of appetite indigestion, nausea, vomiting, constipation, sleep disturbances and overall weakness. Severe exposures can lead to shock, circulatory collapse, and death..

Aggravated Medical Conditions Exposure to chlorinated hydrocarbons, such as chloroform and trichloroethane, may increase toxic effects. Liver disorders, kidney disorders, central nervous system, cardiovascular, blood disorders and respiratory disorders. Skin disorders. Pre-existing eye disorders.

Interactions with Other Chemicals Use of alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects.

Environmental Hazard Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

.

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %
Acetone	67-64-1	10-30
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	10-30
Lead chromate	7758-97-6	3-7
Chloroalkanes	61788-76-9	1-5
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	1-5
Quartz	14808-60-7	0.1-1
Toluene	108-88-3	0.1-1
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	<0.1
Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	<0.1
Benzene	71-43-2	<0.1

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. If swallowed, get medical help or contact a Poison Control Center right away. Call 911 or emergency medical service. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if applicable, and continue flushing. If irritation persists, call a physician.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Inhalation Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. If breathing has stopped, contact emergency medical services immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to Physician Keep victim warm and quiet.

Protection of First-aiders Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water.

Flash Point -0.4°F / -18°C

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical, CO_2, water spray or regular foam. Use water spray or fog; do not use straight streams.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media CAUTION: All these products have a very low flash point. Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Explosion Data
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None
Sensitivity to Static Discharge Yes.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Those substances designated with a "P" may polymerize explosively when heated or involved in a fire. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

NFPA	**Health Hazard** 2	**Flammability** 4	**Instability** 0	**Physical and Chemical Hazards** -
HMIS	**Health Hazard** 2*	**Flammability** 4	**Physical Hazard** 0	**Personal Protection** X

**Indicates a chronic health hazard.*

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Methods for Containment

A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.

Methods for Cleaning Up

Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Cover liquid spill with sand, earth or other noncombustible absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

Other Information

Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only in an area containing flame proof equipment. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid dust formation.

Storage

Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep away from heat. Keep away from direct sunlight.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Quartz 14808-60-7	TWA: 0.025 mg/m^{3}respirable fraction	TWA: 0.1 mg/m^3 (vacated)	IDLH: 50 mg/m^3 respirable dust TWA: 0.05 mg/m^3 respirable dust
Lead chromate 7758-97-6	TWA: 0.012 mg/m^3 Cr TWA: 0.05 mg/m^3 Pb	TWA: 5 µg/m^3 TWA: 50 µg/m^3 Pb Action Level: 2.5 µg/m^3 Cr Action Level: 30 µg/m^3 Pb Poison, See 29 CFR 1910.1025 (vacated) Ceiling: 0.1 mg/m^3 Ceiling: 0.1 mg/m^3 CrO3 applies to any operations or sectors for which the Hexavalent Chromium standard [29 CFR 1910.1026] is stayed or is otherwise not in effect	IDLH: 100 mg/m^3 Pb IDLH: 15 mg/m^3 Cr(VI) TWA: 0.050 mg/m^{3}Pb TWA: 0.001 mg/m^{3}Cr
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	TWA: 10 mg/m^3	TWA: 15 mg/m^{3}total dust (vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m^{3}total dust	IDLH: 5000 mg/m^3
Toluene 108-88-3	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 375 mg/m^3 (vacated) STEL: 150 ppm (vacated) STEL: 560 mg/m^3 Ceiling: 300 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 375 mg/m^3 STEL: 150 ppm STEL: 560 mg/m^3
Methylene chloride 75-09-2	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 25 ppm Action Level: 12.5 ppm See 29 CFR 1910.1052 (vacated) TWA: 500 ppm (vacated) STEL: 2000 ppm 5 min in any 3 hrs (vacated) Ceiling: 1000 ppm STEL: 125 ppm see 29 CFR 1910.1052	IDLH: 2300 ppm
Acetone 67-64-1	STEL: 750 ppm TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m^3 (vacated) TWA: 750 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m^3 (vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m^{3}The acetone STEL does not apply to the cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is in effect for all other sectors (vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm 10% LEL TWA: 250 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m^3

OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

Other Exposure Guidelines Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).

Engineering Measures Showers
Eyewash stations
Ventilation systems

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection Protective gloves. Solvent-resistant apron and boots

Respiratory Protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

Hygiene Measures When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Yellow.	**Odor**	No information available
Odor Threshold	No information available	**Physical State**	Liquid
pH	No information available.		
Flash Point	-0.4°F / -18°C	**Autoignition Temperature**	No information available.
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.	**Boiling Point/Boiling Range**	>35°C / >95°F
Melting Point/Range	No information available		
Flammability Limits in Air	No information available.	**Explosion Limits**	No information available.
Solubility	No information available.	**Evaporation Rate**	No information available
Vapor Pressure	No data available	**Vapor Density**	No data available
VOC Content (%)	24.0704		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Incompatible Products	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorinated compounds.
Conditions to Avoid	Dust formation. Heat, flames and sparks.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Lead oxides. Carbon oxides.
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product Information May be harmful if inhaled. Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed

Component Information

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Quartz	500 mg/kg (Rat)		
Titanium dioxide	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)		> 6820 mg/m^3
Toluene	>5580 mg/kg (Rat)	12124 mg/kg (Rat) 8390 mg/kg (Rabbit)	26700 ppm (Rat) 1 h
Methylene chloride	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)		= 76000 mg/m^3(Rat) 4 h
Acetone	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	1700mg/kg (rabbit)	18892 mg/m^3

Chronic Toxicity

Chronic Toxicity Avoid repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. May adversely affect the lung, liver, heart, and kidney. Lead compounds may be absorbed by ingestion, by inhalation and through the skin. Lead may damage kidney function, the blood forming system and the reproductive system. This product contains crystalline silica (quartz) in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of crystalline silica is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Crystalline silica (quartz) has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a known human carcinogen (Group 1).

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Methylene chloride	A3	Group 2B	Reasonably Anticipated	X
Lead chromate	A3 A2	Group 2A Group 1	Known	X
Chloroalkanes		Group 2B		X
Titanium dioxide		Group 2B		X
Quartz	A2	Group 1	Known	X
Toluene		Group 3	-	-
Ethyl benzene	A3	Group 2B		X
Antimony trioxide	A2	Group 2B		X
Benzene	A1	Group 1	Known	X

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)
A1 - Known Human Carcinogen
A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
A3 - Animal Carcinogen
A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 3: Not Classifiable as to its Carcinogenicity to Humans
NTP: (National Toxicity Program)
Known - Known Carcinogen
Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen
OSHA: (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)
X - Present

Reproductive Toxicity Product is or contains a chemical which is a known or suspected reproductive hazard.

Target Organ Effects Central nervous system (CNS). Central vascular system (CVS). Liver. Respiratory system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product contains a chemical which is listed as a severe marine pollutant according to DOT.

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Acetone		LC50 96 h: 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 6210 - 8120 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 8300 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	EC50 48 h: 10294 - 17704 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: 12600 - 12700 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Methylene chloride	EC50 72 h: > 500 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50 96 h: > 500 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: 140.8-277.8 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 262-855 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 193 mg/L flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 193 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 1 mg/L 24 h EC50 = 2.88 mg/L 15 min	EC50 48 h: 1532 - 1847 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: = 190 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Toluene	EC50: >433 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h EC50: 12.5 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72 h static	LC50: 15.22-19.05 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96 h flow-through LC50: 12.6 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96 h static LC50: 5.89-7.81 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h flow-through LC50: 14.1-17.16 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h static LC50: 5.8 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h semi-static LC50: 11.0-15.0 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96 h static LC50: 54 mg/L Oryzias latipes 96 h static LC50: 28.2 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96 h semi-static LC50: 50.87-70.34 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96 h static	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30 min	EC50 48 h: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: = 11.5 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Ethyl benzene	EC50 96 h: 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50 72 h: 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50 72 h: = 4.6 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50 96 h: > 438 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: 11.0-18.0 mg/L static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 7.55-11 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 9.1-15.6 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 32 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 4.2 mg/L semi-static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: = 9.6 mg/L static (Poecilia reticulata)	EC50 = 9.68 mg/L 30 min EC50 = 96 mg/L 24 h	EC50 48 h: 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Antimony trioxide	EC50 72 h: 0.63 - 0.8 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50 96 h: 0.65 - 0.81 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: > 1000 mg/L static (Brachydanio rerio) LC50 96 h: > 80 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 > 3.5 mg/L 7 h	EC50 48 h: 361.5 - 496.0 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Benzene	EC50 72 h: = 29 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: 10.7-14.7 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 22330-41160 µg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 70000-142000 µg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 22.49 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 28.6 mg/L static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50 96 h: = 5.3 mg/L flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		EC50 48 h: 8.76 - 15.6 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: = 10 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

Chemical Name	Log Pow
Acetone	-0.24
Methylene chloride	1.25
Toluene	2.65
Ethyl benzene	3.118
Benzene	1.83

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Methods Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. This material, as supplied, is a hazardous waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR 261).

Contaminated Packaging Do not re-use empty containers.

US EPA Waste Number D001

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Acetone - 67-64-1		Included in waste stream: F039		U002
Methylene chloride - 75-09-2	waste number U080	Included in waste streams: F001, F002, F024, F025, F039, K009, K010, K156, K157, K158		U080
Toluene - 108-88-3	U220	Included in waste streams: F005, F024, F025, F039, K015, K036, K037, K149, K151		U220
Ethyl benzene - 100-41-4		Included in waste stream: F039		
Benzene - 71-43-2	waste number U019	Included in waste streams: F005, F024, F025, F037, F038, F039, K085, K104, K105, K141, K142, K143, K144, K145, K147, K151, K159, K169, K171, K172	= 0.5 mg/L regulatory level	U019

Chemical Name	RCRA - Halogenated Organic Compounds	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes
Methylene chloride - 75-09-2	Category I - Volatiles		Toxic waste waste number F025 Waste description: Condensed light ends, spent filters and filter aids, and spent desiccant wastes from the production of certain chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons, by free radical catalyzed processes. These chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons are those having carbon chain lengths ranging from one to and including five, with varying amounts and positions of chlorine substitution.	
Toluene - 108-88-3			Toxic waste waste number F025 Waste description: Condensed light ends, spent filters and filter aids, and spent desiccant wastes from the production of certain chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons, by free radical catalyzed processes. These chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons are those having carbon chain lengths ranging from one to and including five, with varying amounts and positions of chlorine substitution.	

California Hazardous Waste Codes 461

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste
Acetone	Ignitable
Methylene chloride	Toxic
Lead chromate	Toxic Corrosive Ignitable
Toluene	Toxic Ignitable
Ethyl benzene	Toxic Ignitable
Antimony trioxide	Toxic
Benzene	Toxic Ignitable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note: This product contains hazardous materials with reportable quantities as listed in Section 15. Based on net weight of product, the shipping description and label may need to be marked with "RQ."

DOT

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper shipping name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Subsidiary Class	None
Packing Group	II
Marine Pollutant	This product contains a chemical which is listed as a severe marine pollutant according to DOT.
Description	UN1263,Paint,3,PG II,Marine Pollutant
Emergency Response Guide Number	128

TDG

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Description	UN1263,PAINT,3,PG II,Marine Pollutant

MEX

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Description	UN1263 Paint,3,II

ICAO

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper shipping name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Description	UN1263,Paint,3,PG II

IATA

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
ERG Code	3L
Description	UN1263,Paint,3,PG II

IMDG/IMO

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
EmS No.	F-E, S-E
Marine Pollutant	Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO
Description	UN1263, Paint,3,PG II,Marine Pollutant, FP -18C

RID

UN-Number	UN1263

Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Classification Code	F1
Description	UN1263 Paint,3,II

ADR

UN-Number	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Classification Code	F1
Description	UN1263 Paint,3,II

ADN

UN-No	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Classification Code	F1
Special Provisions	163, 650
Description	UN1263 Paint,3,II
Hazard Labels	3
Limited Quantity	LQ3
Ventilation	VE01

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA	All components are listed on the TSCA Inventory.
DSL	All components are listed either on the DSL or NDSL.

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

U.S. Federal Regulations

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Lead chromate	7758-97-6	3-7	0.1
Toluene	108-88-3	0.1-1	1.0
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	10-30	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

Clean Water Act

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42):

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Lead chromate		X		

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Toluene	1000 lb	X	X	X
Methylene chloride		X	X	

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302):

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	RQ
Toluene	1000 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ
Methylene chloride	1000 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ
Acetone	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	California Prop. 65
Quartz	14808-60-7	Carcinogen
Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	Carcinogen
Lead chromate	7758-97-6	Carcinogen Developmental Female Reproductive Male Reproductive
Toluene	108-88-3	Developmental
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	Carcinogen
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	Carcinogen
Benzene	71-43-2	Carcinogen Developmental Male Reproductive

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Quartz	X	X	X	-	X
Antimony trioxide	X	X	X	X	X
Lead chromate	X	X	X	X	X
Titanium dioxide	X	X	X	-	X
Toluene	X	X	X	X	X
Chloroalkanes				X	
Methylene chloride	X	X	X	X	X
Acetone		X			X
Ethyl benzene	X	X	X	X	X
Benzene	X	X	X	X	X

International Regulations

Chemical Name	Carcinogen Status	Exposure Limits
Quartz		Mexico: TWA= 0.1 mg/m^3
Lead chromate	A1	Mexico: TWA= 0.01 mg/m^3 Mexico: TWA= 0.05 mg/m^3 Mexico: TWA= 0.15 mg/m^3 Mexico: TWA= 0.5 mg/m^3
Titanium dioxide		Mexico: TWA= 10 mg/m^3 Mexico: STEL= 20 mg/m^3
Toluene		Mexico: TWA= 50 ppm Mexico: TWA= 188 mg/m^3

Chemical Name	Carcinogen Status	Exposure Limits
Methylene chloride	A3	Mexico: TWA 100 ppm Mexico: TWA 330 mg/m^3 Mexico: STEL 500 ppm Mexico: STEL 1740 mg/m^3
Acetone		Mexico: TWA= 1000 ppm Mexico: TWA= 2400 mg/m^3 Mexico: STEL= 1260 ppm Mexico: STEL= 3000 mg/m^3

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class
B2 Flammable liquid
D1B Toxic materials
D2A Very toxic materials
D2B Toxic materials

Chemical Name	NPRI
Lead chromate	X
Toluene	X
Methylene chloride	X

Legend
NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Product Stewardship
23 British American Blvd.
Latham, NY 12110
1-800-572-6501

Issuing Date 01-Jul-2011

Revision Date

Revision Note Initial Release.

General Disclaimer

The information provided on this MSDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication and it does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. We urge each customer or recipient of this MSDS to study it carefully to become aware of and understand the potential hazards associated with the product. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text. Any use of the product not in conformance with this MSDS or in combination with any other product or process is the responsibility of the user. Customary precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately.

End of Safety Data Sheet