



# Material Safety Data Sheet

Issuing Date 01-Jul-2011

Revision Date

Revision Number 0

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name** LOW VOC WHITE SOLVENT PAINT 2706A9

**Product Code(s)** 985681

**UN-Number** UN1263

**Recommended Use** Industrial paint

**Product Technology** S/B

### Supplier Address

Ennis Paint Inc.  
5910 North Central Expressway  
Suite 1050  
Dallas TX 75206  
T: 800.331.8118  
800.331.8118 (For Technical Inquiries)

**Chemical Emergency Phone Number** Chemtrec 800-424-9300

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**DANGER!**

### Emergency Overview

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin

Irritating to eyes and skin

Vapors may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs

Causes central nervous system depression.

Contains a known or suspected carcinogen

Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin

**Appearance** White

**Physical State** Liquid.

**Odor** No information available

### Potential Health Effects

**Principle Routes of Exposure** Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye contact.

### Acute Toxicity

**Eyes**

Severely irritating to eyes.

**Skin**

Irritating to skin. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Inhalation**

Inhalation in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system. May cause central nervous system depression with nausea, headache, dizziness, vomiting, and incoordination. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Sanding and grinding dust may be harmful if inhaled.

**Ingestion**

Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause additional affects as listed under "Inhalation".

<b>Chronic Effects</b>	Avoid repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. May adversely affect the lung, liver, heart, and kidney. This product contains titanium dioxide in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of titanium dioxide is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Titanium dioxide has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) by inhalation. This product contains crystalline silica (quartz) in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of crystalline silica is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Crystalline silica (quartz) has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a known human carcinogen (Group 1).
<b>Main Symptoms</b>	Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
<b>Aggravated Medical Conditions</b>	Exposure to chlorinated hydrocarbons, such as chloroform and trichloroethane, may increase toxic effects.. Liver disorders. Neurological disorders Skin disorders. Kidney disorders. Pre-existing eye disorders.
<b>Interactions with Other Chemicals</b>	Use of alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects.
<b>Environmental Hazard</b>	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %
Acetone	67-64-1	15-40
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	3-7
Xylene	1330-20-7	3-7
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1-5
Chloroalkanes	61788-76-9	1-5
Quartz	14808-60-7	0.1-1
Methyl pyrrolidone	872-50-4	<0.1
Toluene	108-88-3	<0.1

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

<b>General Advice</b>	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. If swallowed, get medical help or contact a Poison Control Center right away. Call 911 or emergency medical service.
<b>Eye Contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if applicable, and continue flushing. If irritation persists, call a physician.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. If breathing has stopped, contact emergency medical services immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
<b>Notes to Physician</b>	Keep victim warm and quiet.
<b>Protection of First-aiders</b>	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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<b>Flammable Properties</b>	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water.
<b>Flash Point</b>	-0.4°F / -18°C
<b>Suitable Extinguishing Media</b>	Dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray or regular foam. Use water spray or fog; do not use straight streams.
<b>Unsuitable Extinguishing Media</b>	CAUTION: All these products have a very low flash point. Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.
<b>Explosion Data</b>	
<b>Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact</b>	None
<b>Sensitivity to Static Discharge</b>	Yes.
<b>Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical</b>	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Those substances designated with a "P" may polymerize explosively when heated or involved in a fire. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
<b>Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters</b>	Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

<b>NFPA</b>	<b>Health Hazard 2</b>	<b>Flammability 4</b>	<b>Instability 0</b>	<b>Physical and Chemical Hazards -</b>
<b>HMIS</b>	<b>Health Hazard 3*</b>	<b>Flammability 4</b>	<b>Physical Hazard 0</b>	<b>Personal Protection X</b>

*\*Indicates a chronic health hazard.*

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>Personal Precautions</b>	Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
<b>Environmental Precautions</b>	Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.
<b>Methods for Containment</b>	A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.
<b>Methods for Cleaning Up</b>	Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Cover liquid spill with sand, earth or other noncombustible absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.
<b>Other Information</b>	Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

<b>Handling</b>	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only in an area containing flame proof equipment. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
<b>Storage</b>	Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep away from heat. Keep away from direct sunlight.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Quartz 14808-60-7	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable fraction	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated)	IDLH: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> total dust (vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> total dust	IDLH: 5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 25 ppm (vacated) TWA: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) S*	IDLH: 700 ppm TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Xylene 1330-20-7	STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 100 ppm		
Acetone 67-64-1	STEL: 750 ppm TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 750 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> The acetone STEL does not apply to the cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is in effect for all other sectors (vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm 10% LEL TWA: 250 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

*ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.*

#### Other Exposure Guidelines

Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).

#### Engineering Measures

Showers  
Eyewash stations  
Ventilation systems

#### Personal Protective Equipment

##### Eye/Face Protection Skin and Body Protection Respiratory Protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Safety glasses with side-shields.  
Protective gloves. Solvent-resistant apron and boots.  
If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

#### Hygiene Measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Appearance</b>	White.	<b>Odor</b>	No information available
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	No information available	<b>Physical State</b>	Liquid
<b>pH</b>	No information available.		
<b>Flash Point</b>	-0.4°F / -18°C	<b>Autoignition Temperature</b>	No information available.
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	No information available.	<b>Boiling Point/Boiling Range</b>	>35°C / >95°F
<b>Melting Point/Range</b>	No information available		
<b>Flammability Limits in Air</b>	No information available.	<b>Explosion Limits</b>	No information available.
<b>Solubility</b>	No information available.	<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	No information available
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	No data available	<b>Vapor Density</b>	No data available
<b>VOC Content (%)</b>	29.2228		

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

<b>Stability</b>	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
<b>Incompatible Products</b>	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorinated compounds.
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	Heat, flames and sparks.
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products</b>	Carbon oxides.
<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute Toxicity

#### Product Information

Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

#### Component Information

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Quartz	500 mg/kg ( Rat )		
Titanium dioxide	> 10000 mg/kg ( Rat )		> 6820 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-Butoxyethanol	= 470 mg/kg ( Rat )	= 400 mg/kg ( Rabbit ) = 2270 mg/kg ( Rat )	= 2.21 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h = 450 ppm ( Rat ) 4 h
Xylene	= 4300 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 1700 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 47635 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h = 5000 ppm ( Rat ) 4 h
Acetone	= 5800 mg/kg ( Rat )	1700mg/kg (rabbit)	18892 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Chronic Toxicity

#### Chronic Toxicity

Avoid repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. May adversely affect the lung, liver, heart, and kidney. This product contains titanium dioxide in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of titanium dioxide is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Titanium dioxide has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) by inhalation. This product contains crystalline silica (quartz) in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of crystalline silica is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Crystalline silica (quartz) has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a known human carcinogen (Group 1).

#### Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Titanium dioxide		Group 2B		X
Xylene		Group 3	-	-
2-Butoxyethanol	A3	Group 3		
Chloroalkanes		Group 2B		X
Quartz	A2	Group 1	Known	X
Toluene		Group 3	-	-

#### ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

#### IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 3: Not Classifiable as to its Carcinogenicity to Humans

#### NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen

#### OSHA: (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

X - Present

#### Target Organ Effects

Central nervous system (CNS). Central vascular system (CVS). Eyes. Liver. Lungs. Respiratory system. Skin. Blood. Bone marrow.. Kidney.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product contains a chemical which is listed as a severe marine pollutant according to DOT.

### Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Acetone		LC50 96 h: 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 6210 - 8120 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 8300 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	EC50 48 h: 10294 - 17704 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: 12600 - 12700 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Xylene		LC50 96 h: 13.1-16.5 mg/L flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: 13.5-17.3 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 2.661-4.093 mg/L static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 23.53-29.97 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 30.26-40.75 mg/L static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50 96 h: 7.711-9.591 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 13.4 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 19 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 780 mg/L semi-static (Cyprinus carpio) LC50 96 h: > 780 mg/L (Cyprinus carpio)	EC50 = 0.0084 mg/L 24 h	LC50 48 h: = 0.6 mg/L (Gammarus lacustris) EC50 48 h: = 3.82 mg/L (water flea)
2-Butoxyethanol		LC50 96 h: = 1490 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 2950 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus)		EC50 24 h: 1698 - 1940 mg/L (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Methyl pyrrolidone	EC50 72 h: > 500 mg/L (Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50 96 h: = 1072 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 1400 mg/L static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50 96 h: = 4000 mg/L static (Leuciscus idus) LC50 96 h: = 832 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus)		EC50 48 h: = 4897 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Toluene	EC50: >433 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h EC50: 12.5 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72 h static	LC50: 15.22-19.05 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96 h flow-through LC50: 12.6 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96 h static LC50: 5.89-7.81 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h flow-through LC50: 14.1-17.16 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h static LC50: 5.8 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h semi-static LC50: 11.0-15.0 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96 h static LC50: 54 mg/L Oryzias latipes 96 h static LC50: 28.2 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96 h semi-static LC50: 50.87-70.34 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96 h static	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30 min	EC50 48 h: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: = 11.5 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

Chemical Name	Log Pow
Acetone	-0.24
Xylene	3.15
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81
Methyl pyrrolidone	-0.46
Toluene	2.65

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste Disposal Methods** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. This material, as supplied, is a hazardous waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR 261).

**Contaminated Packaging** Do not re-use empty containers.

**US EPA Waste Number** D001

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Acetone - 67-64-1		Included in waste stream: F039		U002
Toluene - 108-88-3	U220	Included in waste streams: F005, F024, F025, F039, K015, K036, K037, K149, K151		U220

Chemical Name	RCRA - Halogenated Organic Compounds	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes
Toluene - 108-88-3			Toxic waste waste number F025 Waste description: Condensed light ends, spent filters and filter aids, and spent desiccant wastes from the production of certain chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons, by free radical catalyzed processes. These chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons are those having carbon chain lengths ranging from one to and including five, with varying amounts and positions of chlorine substitution.	

**California Hazardous Waste Codes** 461

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste
Acetone	Ignitable
Xylene	Toxic Ignitable
Toluene	Toxic Ignitable

<b>14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION</b>
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**Note:** This product contains hazardous materials with reportable quantities as listed in Section 15. Based on net weight of product, the shipping description and label may need to be marked with "RQ."

**DOT**

<b>UN-Number</b>	UN1263
<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Paint
<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary Class</b>	
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>Marine Pollutant</b>	This product contains a chemical which is listed as a severe marine pollutant according to DOT.
<b>Description</b>	UN1263,Paint,3,PG II,Marine Pollutant
<b>Emergency Response Guide Number</b>	128

**TDG**

<b>UN-Number</b>	UN1263
<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	Paint
<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>Description</b>	UN1263,PAINT,3,PG II,Marine Pollutant

**MEX**

<b>UN-Number</b>	UN1263
<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	Paint
<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>Description</b>	UN1263 Paint,3,II

**ICAO**

<b>UN-Number</b>	UN1263
<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Paint
<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>Description</b>	UN1263,Paint,3,PG II

**IATA**

<b>UN-Number</b>	UN1263
<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	Paint
<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>ERG Code</b>	3L
<b>Description</b>	UN1263,Paint,3,PG II

**IMDG/IMO**

<b>UN-Number</b>	UN1263
<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	Paint
<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>EmS No.</b>	F-E, S-E
<b>Description</b>	UN1263, Paint,3,PG II,Marine Pollutant, FP -18C

**RID**

<b>UN-Number</b>	UN1263
<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	Paint

<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>Classification Code</b>	F1
<b>Description</b>	UN1263 Paint,3,II

**ADR**

<b>UN-Number</b>	UN1263
<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	Paint
<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>Classification Code</b>	F1
<b>Description</b>	UN1263 Paint,3,II

**ADN**

<b>UN-No</b>	UN1263
<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	Paint
<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>Classification Code</b>	F1
<b>Special Provisions</b>	163, 650
<b>Description</b>	UN1263 Paint,3,II
<b>Hazard Labels</b>	3
<b>Limited Quantity</b>	LQ3
<b>Ventilation</b>	VE01

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**International Inventories**

**TSCA** All components are listed on the TSCA Inventory.  
**DSL** All components are listed either on the DSL or NDSL.

**Legend**

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory  
**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**U.S. Federal Regulations**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1-5	1.0

**SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories**

<b>Acute Health Hazard</b>	Yes
<b>Chronic Health Hazard</b>	Yes
<b>Fire Hazard</b>	Yes
<b>Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard</b>	No
<b>Reactive Hazard</b>	No

**Clean Water Act**

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42):

**CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302):

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	RQ
Xylene			RQ 100 lb final RQ RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
Acetone	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ

**U.S. State Regulations****California Proposition 65**

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	California Prop. 65
Toluene	108-88-3	Developmental
Methyl pyrrolidone	872-50-4	Developmental
Quartz	14808-60-7	Carcinogen
Chloroalkanes	61788-76-9	Carcinogen

**U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations**

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Quartz	X	X	X	-	X
Titanium dioxide	X	X	X	-	X
Toluene	X	X	X	X	X
2-Butoxyethanol	X	X	X	X	X
Xylene		X			X
Acetone		X			X

**International Regulations**

Chemical Name	Carcinogen Status	Exposure Limits
Quartz		Mexico: TWA= 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium dioxide		Mexico: TWA= 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Mexico: STEL= 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-Butoxyethanol		Mexico: TWA 26 ppm Mexico: TWA 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Mexico: STEL 75 ppm Mexico: STEL 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Xylene		Mexico: TWA 100 ppm Mexico: TWA 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Mexico: STEL 150 ppm Mexico: STEL 655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Acetone		Mexico: TWA= 1000 ppm Mexico: TWA= 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Mexico: STEL= 1260 ppm Mexico: STEL= 3000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Canada**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

**WHMIS Hazard Class**

B2 Flammable liquid  
D1A Very toxic materials  
D2B Toxic materials  
D2A Very toxic materials



Chemical Name	NPRI
2-Butoxyethanol	X

**Legend**

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Prepared By** Product Stewardship  
23 British American Blvd.  
Latham, NY 12110  
1-800-572-6501

**Issuing Date** 01-Jul-2011

**Revision Date**

**Revision Note** Initial Release.

**General Disclaimer**

The information provided on this MSDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication and it does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. We urge each customer or recipient of this MSDS to study it carefully to become aware of and understand the potential hazards associated with the product. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text. Any use of the product not in conformance with this MSDS or in combination with any other product or process is the responsibility of the user. Customary precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**