



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier** Gunk Carburetor Parts Cleaner

### Other means of identification

**SDS number** CC3K  
**Part No.** CC3K  
**Tariff code** 3814.00.5090

**Recommended use** Parts Cleaner

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

### Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

#### Manufacturer

**Company name** RSC Chemical Solutions  
**Address** 600 Radiator Road  
Indian Trail, NC 28079  
United States  
**Telephone** Customer Service: (704) 821-7643  
Technical: (704) 821-7643  
**Website** www.rscbrands.com  
**E-mail** sds@rscbrands.com  
**Emergency phone number** Emergency Telephone: (303) 623-5716  
Emergency Contact: RMPDC (877) 740-5015

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Physical hazards** Flammable liquids Category 4  
**Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral Category 4  
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A  
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects  
Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure Category 2  
Aspiration hazard Category 1  
**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 2  
**OSHA defined hazards** Not classified.

### Label elements



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Combustible liquid. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statement

**Prevention** Keep away from flames and hot surfaces-No smoking. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

<b>Response</b>	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
<b>Storage</b>	Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b>	None known.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	46.94% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 49.72% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 42.3% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 31.31% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

NOTE: This product is a consumer product and is labeled in accordance with the US Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations which take precedence over OSHA Hazard Communication labeling. The container label may not include the OSHA label elements listed in this document. Always carefully review the entire SDS and the product label prior to use in the workplace.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
2-Butoxyethanol		111-76-2	20 - < 30
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light		64742-47-8	20 - < 30
Petroleum naphtha		64742-94-5	10 - < 20
Tert-butylbenzene		98-06-6	1 - < 3
Triethanolamine		102-71-6	1 - < 3
DIETHANOLAMINE		111-42-2	< 1
NAPHTHALENE		91-20-3	< 1
Diethylbenzene		25340-17-4	< 0.3
Benzene, 1,3-diethyl-		141-93-5	< 0.2
Other components below reportable levels			30 - < 40

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ).
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	The product is combustible, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Combustible liquid.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up** Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling** Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL	240 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		50 ppm
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)	PEL	400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		100 ppm
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		10 ppm
Petroleum naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5)	PEL	400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		100 ppm

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm	

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value	Form
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	TWA	10 ppm	
Petroleum naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	24 mg/m3 5 ppm
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	15 mg/m3 3 ppm
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	75 mg/m3 15 ppm
	TWA	50 mg/m3 10 ppm

**US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides**

Components	Type	Value
Benzene, 1,3-diethyl- (CAS 141-93-5)	TWA	5 ppm
Diethylbenzene (CAS 25340-17-4)	TWA	5 ppm

**Biological limit values**

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Exposure guidelines**

**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies**

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Skin designation applies.
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**US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation**

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Petroleum naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation**

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**Appropriate engineering controls**

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Applicable for industrial settings only.
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Applicable for industrial settings only.
<b>Other</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. Applicable for industrial settings only.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece if threshold limits are exceeded. Applicable for industrial settings only.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene considerations** When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

**9. Physical and chemical properties**

<b>Appearance</b>	Clear. Liquid
<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Pale yellow
<b>Odor</b>	Aromatic.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-102.64 °F (-74.8 °C) estimated
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	335.12 °F (168.4 °C) estimated
<b>Flash point</b>	143.0 °F (61.7 °C) estimated
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	0.7 % estimated
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	5 % estimated
<b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	0.36 hPa estimated
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	460.4 °F (238 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Density</b>	7.87 lbs/gal estimated
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Flammability class</b>	Combustible IIIA estimated
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.
<b>Percent volatile</b>	43 % estimated
<b>Refractive index</b>	1.445
<b>Specific gravity</b>	0.94 estimated
<b>VOC</b>	41 % w/w

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not been observed in humans.

<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
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<b>Ingestion</b>	Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
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### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

### Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
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<b>Components</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Test Results</b>
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	560 mg/kg
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	710 mg/kg
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2 g/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	490 mg/kg
Petroleum naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	61 mg/l, 4 Hours
Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 20000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	8 g/kg
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.	
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure.	
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>		
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)		2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)		2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)</b>		
Not regulated.		
<b>US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens</b>		
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)		Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	
	2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.	
	Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.	
	Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not been observed in humans.	

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina) 1250 mg/l, 96 hours
Benzene, 1,3-diethyl- (CAS 141-93-5)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 4.05 - 4.25 mg/l, 96 hours
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia) 61.8 - 86.04 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours

Components		Species	Test Results
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.9 mg/l, 96 hours
<b>NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)</b>			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha)	1.11 - 1.68 mg/l, 96 hours
<b>Petroleum naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5)</b>			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
			8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
<b>Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)</b>			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	565.2 - 658.3 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	10610 - 13010 mg/l, 96 hours

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

2-Butoxyethanol	0.83
Benzene, 1,3-diethyl-	4.44
DIETHANOLAMINE	-1.43
NAPHTHALENE	3.3
Tert-butylbenzene	4.11
Triéthanolamine	-1

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

**13. Disposal considerations**

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

**14. Transport information**

**DOT**

<b>UN number</b>	Not available.
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Consumer Commodity, MARINE POLLUTANT (NAPHTHALENE)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	ORM-D
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	Not available.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Yes
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	8, 146, 335, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29



Packaging exceptions	155
Packaging non bulk	203
Packaging bulk	241

**IATA**

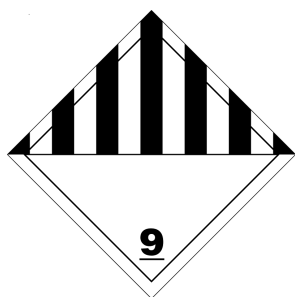
UN number	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not available.
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	9L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG**

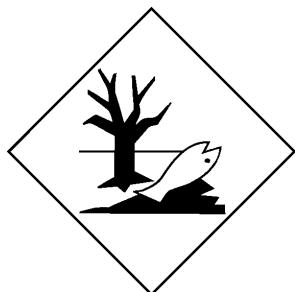
UN number	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S., MARINE POLLUTANT (NAPHTHALENE, 3-propyltoluene)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-A, S-F
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
NAPHTHALENE	
3-propyltoluene	

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

**IATA; IMDG**



Marine pollutant



General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant.

**15. Regulatory information**

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

Not regulated.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Listed.  
 DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2) Listed.  
 NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Listed.

**SARA 304 Emergency release notification**

Not regulated.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)**

Not regulated.

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)****SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**

Not listed.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** No (Exempt)**SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	20 - < 30
DIETHANOLAMINE	111-42-2	< 1
NAPHTHALENE	91-20-3	< 1

**Other federal regulations****Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)  
 NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.**US state regulations****California Proposition 65**

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including NAPHTHALENE, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer.  
 For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

**California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance**

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2) Listed: June 22, 2012  
 NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Listed: April 19, 2002

**US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))**

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)  
 DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)  
 NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)  
 Tert-butylbenzene (CAS 98-06-6)

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

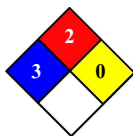
\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	05-01-2015
Revision date	07-06-2018
Version #	04
HMIS® ratings	Health: 3* Flammability: 2 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 3 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision information

This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.