

Safety Data Sheet



Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name • **Oxygen (1 - 19.49%), Methane (1 - 2.5%), Carbon Dioxide (0.0001 - 0.5%), Carbon Monoxide (0.0001 - 0.0025%), Nitrogen (Balance)**

Product Code • M-4-237/E-1

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use • Calibration Gas

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer • Air Liquide
2700 Post Oak Blvd.
Houston, TX 77056
United States
www.us.airliquide.com

Telephone (Technical) • 713-896-2896

Telephone (Technical) • 800-819-1704

Emergency telephone number

Manufacturer • 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC

Manufacturer • +1 703-527-3887 - Outside United States

Section 2: Hazard Identification

United States (US)

According to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA HCS 2012 • Compressed Gas - H280
Simple Asphyxiant

Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012

WARNING



Hazard statements • H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary statements

Storage/Disposal • P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

HCS 2012 Other Information

Other hazards

OSHA HCS 2012

- Mixtures containing carbon dioxide can increase respiration and heart rate.
- This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces. Inhalation of carbon dioxide can increase respiration and heart rate. Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

Canada

According to WHMIS

Classification of the substance or mixture

WHMIS

- Compressed Gas - A

Label elements

WHMIS



- Compressed Gas - A

Other hazards

WHMIS

- This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces. Inhalation of carbon dioxide can increase respiration and heart rate. In Canada, the product mentioned above is considered hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

Other information

- Mixtures containing carbon dioxide can increase respiration and heart rate.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substances

- Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

Mixtures

Hazardous Components					
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%(weight)	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive	Comments
Nitrogen	CAS:7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Press. Gas - Comp.; Simple Asphyxiant	Balance
Oxygen	CAS:7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Ox. Gas 1; Press Gas. - Comp.	NDA
Methane	CAS:74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Gas 1; Press. Gas - Comp; Simple Asphyxiant	NDA
Carbon dioxide	CAS:124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 470000 ppm 30 Minute(s)	OSHA HCS 2012: Press. Gas - Comp.; Simple Asphyxiant	1-5000 PPM

Carbon monoxide	CAS:630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 13500 mg/m³ 15 Minute(s) Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 6600 ppm 30 Minute(s)	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Gas 1; Press. Gas; Repr. 1A; Acute Tox 3 (Inhl)	1-25 PPM
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See Section 16 for full text of H-statements and R-phrases.

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

- IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.

Skin

- Although exposure is unlikely, in case of contact immediately flush skin with running water. If skin irritation develops get medical advice/attention.

Eye

- First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.

Ingestion

- Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

- All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred. A potential health hazard associated with this gas is anoxia.

Other information

- Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. RESCUERS SHOULD NOT ATTEMPT TO RETRIEVE VICTIMS OF EXPOSURE TO GASES WITHOUT ADEQUATE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT. At a minimum, Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn. Victim(s) who experience any adverse effect after over-exposure to this gas mixture must be taken for medical attention. Rescuers should be taken for medical attention if necessary. Take a copy of the label and the MSDS to physician or other health professional with victim(s).

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media • Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media • No data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards • Containers may explode when heated. Ruptured cylinders may rocket.

Hazardous Combustion Products • None known.

Advice for firefighters

- Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible. Always wear thermal protective clothing when handling refrigerated/cryogenic liquids.

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
FIRE: If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing may occur.
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank.
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions

- Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Ventilate the area before entry.

Emergency Procedures

- Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Keep out of low areas. Stay upwind. Do not direct water at spill or source of leak. LARGE SPILL: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 500 meters (1/3 mile)

Environmental precautions

- No special environmental precautions necessary.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment/Clean-up Measures

- Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
Do not direct water at spill or source of leak.
Use water spray to reduce vapors; do not put water directly on leak, spill area or inside container.
If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid.
Isolate area until gas has dispersed.
Ventilate the area.

Reference to other sections

- Refer to Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection and Section 13 - Disposal Considerations.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handling

- Use only with adequate ventilation. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Be aware of any signs of dizziness or fatigue, especially if work is done in a poorly ventilated area; exposures to fatal concentrations of this gas mixture could occur without any significant warning symptoms, due to olfactory fatigue or oxygen deficiency. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked-over. Do not attempt to repair, adjust, or in any other way modify cylinders. If there is a malfunction or another type of operational problem, contact nearest distributor immediately. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not cut, weld, puncture or incinerate container.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Protect cylinders against physical damage. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked-over.

Specific end use(s)

- Refer to Section 1.2 - Relevant identified uses.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines						
	Result	ACGIH	Canada Ontario	Canada Quebec	China	Europe
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	TWAs	5000 ppm TWA	5000 ppm TWA	5000 ppm TWA _{EV} ; 9000 mg/m ³ TWA _{EV}	9000 mg/m ³ TWA	5000 ppm TWA; 9000 mg/m ³ TWA
	STELs	30000 ppm STEL	30000 ppm STEL	30000 ppm STEV; 54000 mg/m ³ STEV	18000 mg/m ³ STEL	Not established
Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	Ceilings	Not established	Not established	Not established	20 mg/m ³ Ceiling [MAC] (high altitude area, 2000-3000m); 15 mg/m ³ Ceiling [MAC] (high altitude area, >3000m)	Not established
	STELs	Not established	100 ppm STEL	200 ppm STEV; 230 mg/m ³ STEV	30 mg/m ³ STEL (not in high altitude area)	Not established
	TWAs	25 ppm TWA	25 ppm TWA	35 ppm TWA _{EV} ; 40 mg/m ³ TWA _{EV}	20 mg/m ³ TWA (not in high altitude area)	Not established
Methane (74-82-8)	TWAs	1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases: Alkane C1-4)	1000 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established	Not established
Exposure Limits/Guidelines (Con't.)						
	Result	Germany DFG	Germany TRGS	NIOSH	OSHA	Singapore
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	STELs	Not established	Not established	30000 ppm STEL; 54000 mg/m ³ STEL	Not established	30000 ppm STEL; 54000 mg/m ³ STEL
	TWAs	Not established	5000 ppm TWA AGW (exposure factor 2); 9100 mg/m ³ TWA AGW (exposure factor 2)	5000 ppm TWA; 9000 mg/m ³ TWA	5000 ppm TWA; 9000 mg/m ³ TWA	5000 ppm PEL; 9000 mg/m ³ PEL
	Ceilings	10000 ppm Peak; 18200 mg/m ³ Peak	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
	MAKs	5000 ppm TWA MAK; 9100 mg/m ³ TWA MAK	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	TWAs	Not established	30 ppm TWA AGW (The risk of damage to the embryo or fetus cannot be excluded even when AGW and BGW values are observed, exposure factor 1); 35 mg/m ³ TWA AGW (The risk of damage to the embryo or fetus cannot be excluded even when AGW and BGW	35 ppm TWA; 40 mg/m ³ TWA	50 ppm TWA; 55 mg/m ³ TWA	25 ppm PEL; 29 mg/m ³ PEL

			values are observed, exposure factor 1)			
	Ceilings	60 ppm Peak; 70 mg/m3 Peak	Not established	200 ppm Ceiling; 229 mg/m3 Ceiling	Not established	Not established
	MAKs	30 ppm TWA MAK; 35 mg/m3 TWA MAK	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established

Exposure Control Notations

Germany DFG

•Carbon monoxide (630-08-0): **Pregnancy:** (risk to embryo/fetus probable)

Exposure Limits Supplemental

ACGIH

•Carbon monoxide (630-08-0): **BEIs:** (3.5 % of hemoglobin Medium: blood Time: end of shift Parameter: Carboxyhemoglobin (background, nonspecific); 20 ppm Medium: end-exhaled air Time: end of shift Parameter: Carbon monoxide (background, nonspecific))

Exposure controls

Engineering Measures/Controls

- Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Personal Protective Equipment

Pictograms



Respiratory

- Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.

Eye/Face

- Wear safety glasses.

Skin/Body

- Wear leather gloves when handling cylinders.

Environmental Exposure Controls

- Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste. Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description			
Physical Form	Gas	Appearance/Description	Colorless gas with no odor.
Color	Colorless	Odor	Odorless
Taste	Data lacking	Particulate Type	Not relevant
Particulate Size	Not relevant	Aerosol Type	Not relevant
Odor Threshold	Data lacking	Physical and Chemical Properties	Data lacking
General Properties			
Boiling Point	Data lacking	Melting Point	Data lacking
Decomposition Temperature	Data lacking	Heat of Decomposition	Data lacking
pH	Not relevant	Specific Gravity/Relative Density	Data lacking

Density	Data lacking	Bulk Density	Data lacking
Water Solubility	Data lacking	Solvent Solubility	Data lacking
Viscosity	Not relevant	Explosive Properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing Properties:	Not an oxidizing gas.		
Volatility			
Vapor Pressure	Data lacking	Vapor Density	1.025 Air=1
Evaporation Rate	Data lacking	VOC (Wt.)	Data lacking
VOC (Vol.)	Data lacking	Volatiles (Wt.)	Data lacking
Volatiles (Vol.)	Data lacking		
Flammability			
Flash Point	Not relevant	UEL	Not relevant
LEL	Not relevant	Autoignition	Not relevant
Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature (SADT)	Not relevant	Heat of Combustion (ΔH_c)	Not relevant
Burning Time	Not relevant	Flame Duration	Not relevant
Flame Height	Not relevant	Flame Extension	Not relevant
Ignition Distance	Not relevant	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not flammable.
Environmental			
Half-Life	Data lacking	Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	Data lacking
Coefficient of water/oil distribution	Data lacking	Bioaccumulation Factor	Data lacking
Bioconcentration Factor	Data lacking	Biochemical Oxygen Demand BOD/BOD ₅	Data lacking
Chemical Oxygen Demand	Data lacking	Persistence	Data lacking
Degradation	Data lacking		

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

- No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability

- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

- Excess heat.

Incompatible materials

- Nitrogen reacts with Li, Nd, and Ti at high temperatures. Reacts with flammable liquids.

Hazardous decomposition products

- Toxic carbon monoxide when heated above 1700 deg.C

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological effects

Component Name	CAS	Data
Oxygen (1% TO 19.49%)	7782-44-7	Reproductive: ihl-rat TClO:10 pph/9H (22D preg)
Carbon dioxide (0.0001% TO 0.5%)	124-38-9	Acute Toxicity: ihl-rat LC50:470000 ppm/30M; Reproductive: ihl-rat TClO:6 pph/24H (10D preg)
Carbon monoxide (0.0001% TO 0.0025%)	630-08-0	Acute Toxicity: ihl-rat LC50:1807 ppm/4H; Reproductive: ihl-rat TClO:150 ppm (0-20D preg)
GHS Properties	Classification	
Acute toxicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met	
Aspiration Hazard	OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met	
Carcinogenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met	
Respiratory sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met	
Serious eye damage/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met	
Skin corrosion/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met	
Skin sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met	
STOT-RE	OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met	
STOT-SE	OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met	
Toxicity for Reproduction	OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met	

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

Acute (Immediate)

- If this material is released in a small, poorly ventilated area (i.e. an enclosed or confined space), an oxygen-deficient environment may occur. Individuals breathing such an atmosphere may experience symptoms which include headaches, ringing in ears, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, nausea, vomiting, and depression of all the senses. Under some circumstances of over-exposure, death may occur. The following effects associated with decreased levels of oxygen: increase in breathing and pulse rate, emotional upset, abnormal fatigue, nausea, vomiting, collapse, loss of consciousness, convulsive movements, respiratory collapse and death. Inhalation over-exposures to atmospheres containing more than the Threshold Limit Value of Carbon Monoxide (25 ppm), another component of this gas mixture, can result in serious health consequences. Carbon Monoxide is classified as a chemical asphyxiant, producing a toxic action by combining with the hemoglobin of the blood and replacing the available oxygen. Through this replacement, the body is deprived of the required oxygen, and asphyxiation occurs. Since the affinity of Carbon Monoxide for hemoglobin is about 200-300 times that of oxygen, only a small amount of Carbon Monoxide will cause a toxic reaction to occur. Carbon Monoxide exposures in excess of 50 ppm will produce symptoms of poisoning if breathed for a sufficiently long time. If this gas mixture is released in a small, poorly ventilated area (i.e. an enclosed or confined space), symptoms which may develop include the following: bright red lips and fingernails, headache progressing to heart palpitations, staggering, confusion, nausea, dizziness and unconsciousness with higher concentration exposures. For exposures greater than 2500 ppm there is potential for collapse and death before warning symptoms are experienced.

Chronic (Delayed)

- No data available

Skin

Acute (Immediate)

- Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.

Chronic (Delayed)	Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.
Eye	
Acute (Immediate)	Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.
Chronic (Delayed)	Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.
Ingestion	
Acute (Immediate)	Ingestion is not anticipated to be a likely route of exposure to this product.
Chronic (Delayed)	Ingestion is not anticipated to be a likely route of exposure to this product.
Mutagenic Effects	No data available.
Carcinogenic Effects	The components of this material are not found on the following lists: FEDERAL OSHA Z LIST, NTP and IARC; therefore, they are not considered to be, nor suspected to be, cancer-causing agents by these agencies.
Reproductive Effects	Exposure at levels that would cause reproductive or developmental effects is not expected. However, this material does contain components that can or may cause reproductive and/or developmental effects.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Toxicity

- Material data lacking.

Persistence and degradability

- Material data lacking.

Bioaccumulative potential

- Material data lacking.

Mobility in Soil

- Material data lacking.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- PBT and vPvB assessment has not been conducted for this material.

Other adverse effects

- Material data lacking.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product waste	Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.
Packaging waste	Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	14.1 UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards
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DOT	UN1956	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Oxygen)	2.2	NDA	NDA
TDG	UN1956	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Nitrogen, Oxygen)	2.2	NDA	NDA
IMO/IMDG	UN1956	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Nitrogen, Oxygen)	2.2	NDA	NDA
IATA/ICAO	UN1956	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Oxygen)	2.2	NDA	NDA

Special precautions for user

- Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. The transportation of compressed gas cylinders in automobiles or in closed-body vehicles can present serious safety hazards. If transporting these cylinders in vehicles, ensure these cylinders are not exposed to extremely high temperatures (as may occur in an enclosed vehicle on a hot day). Additionally, the vehicle should be well-ventilated during transportation.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

- Not relevant.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications

- Pressure(Sudden Release of)

State Right To Know				
Component	CAS	MA	NJ	PA
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Yes	Yes	Yes
Methane	74-82-8	Yes	Yes	Yes
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Yes	Yes	Yes
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Yes	Yes	Yes

Inventory						
Component	CAS	Canada DSL	Canada NDSL	EU EINECS	EU ELNICS	TSCA
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Methane	74-82-8	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

Canada

Labor

Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances

- Carbon monoxide 630-08-0 0.0001% TO 0.0025% A, B1, D1A, D2A
- Oxygen 7782-44-7 1% TO 19.49% A, C
- Carbon dioxide 124-38-9 0.0001% TO 0.5% A; Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria (solid)
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 77.5075% TO 97.9998% A

• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	A, B1
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Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	0.1 %
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	1 %
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

Environment**Canada - CEPA - Priority Substances List**

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

Europe**Other****EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Classification**

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	F+; R12 T; R23-48/23 Repr.Cat.1; R61
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	O; R8
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	F+; R12

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Concentration Limits

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Labelling

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	F+ T R:61-12-23-48/23 S:53-45
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	O R:8 S:(2)-17
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	F+ R:12 S:(2)-9-16-33

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Notes - Substances and Preparations

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	E
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Safety Phrases

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	S:53-45
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	S:(2)-17
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	S:(2)-9-16-33

United States**Labor****U.S. - OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals**

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

Environment**U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants**

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Radionuclides and Their Reportable Quantities

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

United States - California

Environment

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	developmental toxicity, initial date 7/1/89
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL)

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
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• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

United States - Pennsylvania

Labor

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances

• Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001% TO 0.0025%	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	1% TO 19.49%	Not Listed
• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	0.0001% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	77.5075% TO 97.9998%	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed

Chemical Safety Assessment

- No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Section 16 - Other Information

Last Revision Date

- 19/September/2012

Preparation Date

- 19/September/2012

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

- To the best of Air Liquide's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either express or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to this specific product. If this gas mixture is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.

Key to abbreviations

NDA = No Data Available