

SAFETY DATA SHEET

2267

Product Name 10 COMPONENT MIXTURE (BALANCE NITROGEN) (# 2267)

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier name BOC LIMITED (AUSTRALIA)

Address 10 Julius Avenue, North Ryde, NSW, 2113, AUSTRALIA

Telephone 131 262, (02) 8874 4400 **Fax** 132 427 (24 hours)

Emergency 1800 653 572 (24/7) (Australia only)

Web site http://www.boc.com.au/

Synonym(s) 2267 - MSDS NUMBER • PRODUCT CODE: 2883677 • SPECIAL GAS MIXTURE

Use(s) CALIBRATION • INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

SDS date 01 February 2013

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS (GHS) ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

RISK PHRASES

None allocated

SAFETY PHRASES

None allocated

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

UN number 1956 **DG division** 2.2

Packing group None Allocated Subsidiary risk(s) None Allocated

Hazchem code 2TE

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Identification	Classification	Content
BUTANE	CAS: 106-97-8 EC: 203-448-7	F+;R12	0.2%
ETHANE	CAS: 74-84-0 EC: 200-814-8	F+;R12	0.2%
ISOBUTANE	CAS: 75-28-5 EC: 200-857-2	F+;R12	0.2%
ISOPENTANE	CAS: 78-78-4 EC: 201-142-8	Xn;R65 F+;R12 Xi;R66 Xn;R67 N;R51/53	0.2%
METHANE	CAS: 74-82-8 EC: 200-812-7	F+;R12	0.2%
N-HEXANE	CAS: 110-54-3 EC: 203-777-6	F;R11 Xi;R38 Repr.;R62 Xn;R65 Xn;R48/20 Xn;R67 N;R51/53	0.2%
PENTANE	CAS: 109-66-0 EC: 203-692-4	Xn;R65 F+;R12 Xi;R66 Xn;R67 N;R51/53	0.2%



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PROPANE	CAS: 74-98-6 EC: 200-827-9	F+;R12	0.2%
CARBON DIOXIDE	CAS: 124-38-9 EC: 204-696-9	Not Available	0.2%
NITROGEN	CAS: 7727-37-9 EC: 231-783-9	Not Available	Remainder

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye None required.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use an Air-line respirator or Self

Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Give oxygen if available. For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor.

Skin None required.

Ingestion Due to product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

Advice to doctor Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Non flammable.

Fire and explosion Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture. Cool cylinders exposed to fire by applying

water from a protected location. Do not approach cylinders suspected of being hot.

Extinguishing Use water fog to cool containers from protected area.

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2 Water Fog (or fine water spray if fog unavailable)

T Self Contained Breathing apparatus and protective gloves.

E Evacuation of people in the vicinity of the incident should be considered.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions If the cylinder is leaking, evacuate area of personnel. Inform manufacturer/supplier of leak. Use

personal protective equipment as detailed in Section 8 of this SDS.

Environmental precautions Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be

dangerous.

Methods of cleaning up Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area, then allow to discharge if safe to do so. Do

not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.

References See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage Do not store near incompatible materials. Cylinders should be stored below 45°C in a secure area,

upright and restrained to prevent cylinders from falling. Cylinders should also be stored in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor (preferably concrete),

away from areas of heavy traffic and emergency exits.

Handling Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid inhalation. Do not drag, drop, slide or roll

cylinders. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause physical harm. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause physical harm. When handling gas cylinders, the use of appropriate mechanical handling

devices is recommended.



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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
ingredient		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Butane	SWA (AUS)	800	1900		
Carbon dioxide	SWA (AUS)	5000	9000	30000	54000
Carbon dioxide in coal mines	SWA (AUS)	12500	22500	30000	54000
Ethane	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			
Isobutane	SWA (AUS)	1000			
Methane	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			
Nitrogen	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			
Pentane	SWA (AUS)	600	1770	750	2210
Propane	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			
n-Hexane	SWA (AUS)	20	72		

Biological limits

Ingredient	Reference	Determinant	Sampling Time	BEI
N-HEXANE	ACGIH BEI	2,5-Hexanedione in urine	End of shift at	0.4 mg/L
		(without hydrolysis)	end of workweek	_

Engineering controls In poorly ventilated areas, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour

levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / FaceWear safety glasses.HandsWear leather gloves.BodyWear safety boots.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) or an Air-line

respirator.







9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance COLOURLESS GAS
Odour ODOURLESS
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT APPLICABLE
Boiling point NOT APPLICABLE
Melting point NOT APPLICABLE
Evaporation rate NOT APPLICABLE
pH NOT APPLICABLE

Vapour density 1 (Air = 1)

Specific gravity **NOT APPLICABLE** Solubility (water) SLIGHTLY SOLUBLE Vapour pressure NOT APPLICABLE **NOT APPLICABLE Upper explosion limit** Lower explosion limit NOT APPLICABLE **Autoignition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Decomposition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Partition coefficient** NOT AVAILABLE

% Volatiles 100 %



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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stabilityStable under recommended conditions of storage.Conditions to avoidAvoid contact with incompatible substances.Material to avoidCompatible with most commonly used materials.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

Hazardous Reactions Polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Asphyxiant gas - non irritant. When released into air the concentration of carbon dioxide is diluted. Summary Carbon dioxide concentrations of 3-5 % in air cause increased respiration and headache.

Concentrations of 8-15% cause headache, nausea and vomiting which may lead to unconsciousness if not moved to open air and given oxygen. Inhalation of a mixture containing no oxygen may result in unconsciousness from the first breath and death will follow in a few minutes.

Adverse health affects to long term exposure to carbon dioxide have not been reported.

Eye Non irritant.

Inhalation Asphyxiant. Effects are proportional to oxygen displacement. Acts as a simple asphyxiant by

displacing oxygen in the lungs thereby diminishing the supply of oxygen to the blood and tissues.

Skin Non irritant.

Ingestion Ingestion is considered unlikely due to product form.

Toxicity data BUTANE (106-97-8)

LC50 (inhalation) 658000 mg/m3/4H (rat)

METHANE (74-82-8)

LC50 (inhalation) 326 gm/m3/2h (mouse)

N-HEXANE (110-54-3)

LC50 (inhalation) 48000 ppm/4 hours (rat)

LD50 (ingestion) 25 g/kg (rat)

LD50 (skin) 3000 mg/kg (rabbit)

PENTANE (109-66-0)

LC50 (inhalation) 364 g/m³/4 hours (rat)
LCLo (inhalation) 325 g/m³/2 hours (mouse)
LD50 (intravenous) 446 mg/kg (mouse)

PROPANE (74-98-6)

LC50 (inhalation) > 800000 ppm/15M (rat)

CARBON DIOXIDE (124-38-9)

LC50 (inhalation) 470000 ppm/30M (rat) LCLo (inhalation) 9 pph/5M (human)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity No information provided.

Persistence and degradability No information provided.

Bioaccumulative potential No information provided.

Mobility in soil No information provided.

Other adverse effects Increases in the atmospheric carbon dioxide levels have been linked with global warming, and

hence emission of carbon dioxide into the atmosphere should be minimised as far as possible.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal Cylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents.

ChemAlert.

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Legislation

Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
UN number	1956	-	-
Proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.	-	-
DG class/ Division	2.2	-	-
Subsidiary risk(s)	None Allocated	-	-
Packing group	None Allocated	-	-
GTEPG	2C1		
Haraham aada	OTE		

Hazchem code 2TE

Other information Ensure cylinder is separated from driver and that outlet of relief device is not obstructed. Refer to Commonwealth, State and Territory Dangerous Goods Legislation which contain requirements

which affect gas storage and transport.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison schedule

A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard

for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Inventory Listing(s)

AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

The storage of significant quantities of gas cylinders must comply with AS4332 The storage and handling of gases in cylinders.

APPLICATION METHOD: Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitted to cylinder or manifold with low pressure gas distribution to equipment.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

ChemAlert.

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Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

> CAS# Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

GHS Globally Harmonized System

International Agency for Research on Cancer **IARC** Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose LD50

Milligrams per Cubic Metre mg/m³ Permissible Exposure Limit PEL

relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly pН

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals REACH

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons SUSMP

TLV Threshold Limit Value

TWA/OEL Time Weighted Average or Occupational Exposure Limit

Revision history

Revision	Description	
2.0	Standard SDS Review.	
1.0	Initial SDS creation	

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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End of SDS



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