

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# 1021

0.2 TO 0.4% TRIMETHYLPENTANE, BALANCE NITROGEN **Product Name** 

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier name **BOC LIMITED (AUSTRALIA)** 

**Address** 10 Julius Avenue, North Ryde, NSW, 2113, AUSTRALIA

131 262, (02) 8874 4400 **Telephone** Fax 132 427 (24 hours)

1800 653 572 (24/7) (Australia only) **Emergency** 

Web site http://www.boc.com.au/

Synonym(s) 1021 - SDS NUMBER • PRODUCT CODES: 285, 288 • SPECIAL GAS MIXTURE

**CALIBRATION • INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS** Use(s)

SDS date 03 April 2013

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

**RISK PHRASES** 

None allocated

**SAFETY PHRASES** 

None allocated

# CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

**UN** number 1956 **DG** division 2.2

None Allocated None Allocated Subsidiary risk(s) **Packing group** 

2TF Hazchem code

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Identification	Classification	Content
2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE	CAS: 540-84-1 EC: 208-759-1	F;R11 Xi;R38 Xn;R65 N;R50/53 Xn;R67	0.2 to 0.4%
NITROGEN	CAS: 7727-37-9 EC: 231-783-9	Not Available	99.6 to 99.8%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

None required. Eye

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use an Air-line respirator or Self

Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Give oxygen if available. For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor.

Skin None required.

Ingestion Due to product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

Advice to doctor Treat symptomatically.



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# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Non flammable.

Fire and explosion Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture. Cool cylinders or containers exposed to fire by

applying water from a protected location. Remove cool cylinders from the path of the fire. Evacuate the area if unable to keep cylinders cool. Do not approach cylinders or containers suspected of being

hot.

**Extinguishing** Use water fog to cool containers from protected area.

Hazchem code 2TE

2 Water Fog (or fine water spray if fog unavailable)

T Self Contained Breathing apparatus and protective gloves.

E Evacuation of people in the vicinity of the incident should be considered.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

personal protective equipment as detailed in Section 8 of this SDS.

Environmental precautions Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be

dangerous.

Methods of cleaning up Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area, then allow to discharge if safe to do so. Do

not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.

**References** See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

#### 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage Cylinders should be stored below 45°C in a secure area, upright and restrained to prevent cylinders

from falling. Cylinders should also be stored in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor (preferably concrete), away from areas of heavy traffic

and emergency exits.

Handling Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid inhalation. Do not drag, drop, slide or roll

cylinders. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause physical harm. Use a

suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Exposure standards**

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Nitrogen	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			

Biological limits No biological limit allocated.

**Engineering controls** Provide suitable ventilation to minimise or eliminate exposure. Confined areas (eg. tanks) should be

adequately ventilated or gas tested.

PPE

**Eye / Face** Wear safety glasses. **Hands** Wear leather gloves.

**Body** Wear coveralls and safety boots.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) or an Air-line

respirator.









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#### **Product Name**

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**COLOURLESS GAS Appearance** Odour SLIGHT ODOUR **Flammability** NON FLAMMABLE Flash point NOT RELEVANT **Boiling point** NOT AVAILABLE **Melting point** NOT RELEVANT **Evaporation rate NOT APPLICABLE NOT APPLICABLE** pН NOT AVAILABLE Vapour density **NOT APPLICABLE** Specific gravity NOT AVAILABLE Solubility (water) NOT AVAILABLE Vapour pressure **Upper explosion limit** NOT RELEVANT NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity **Partition coefficient** NOT AVAILABLE % Volatiles 100 %

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical stability** Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

13000 kPa @ 15°C

Conditions to avoid Avoid shock, friction, heavy impact, heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Material to avoid Compatible with most commonly used materials. Trimethylpentane can react vigorously with

reducing materials. Material compatibility: Common metals can be used. Natural rubber not suitable.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

Cylinder pressure (when full)

**Products** 

This material will not decompose to form hazardous products other than that already present.

Hazardous Reactions Polymerization will not occur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Summary Asphyxiant gas. Symptoms of exposure are directly related to displacement of oxygen. As the amount of oxygen inhaled is reduced from 21-14% volume, the pulse rate may accelerate and the rate and volume of breathing may increase. The ability to maintain attention and think clearly is diminished, muscular co-ordination is somewhat disturbed. As oxygen decreases from 14-10% volume, judgement becomes faulty, severe injuries may result in no pain. Muscular effort may lead to rapid fatigue. Further reduction to 6% may result in nausea and vomiting. Ability to move may be lost. Permanent brain damage may result even after resuscitation from exposure to this low level of oxygen. Below 6% breathing is in gasps and convulsions may occur. Inhalation of a mixture containing no oxygen may result in unconsciousness from the first breath and death may follow in minutes.

Eye Non irritant.

**Inhalation** Asphyxiant. Effects are proportional to oxygen displacement. Acts as a simple asphyxiant by

displacing oxygen in the lungs thereby diminishing the supply of oxygen to the blood and tissues.

Skin Non irritant

**Ingestion** Ingestion is considered unlikely due to product form.

**Toxicity data** No LD50 data available for this product.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ToxicityNo information provided.Persistence and degradabilityNo information provided.Bioaccumulative potentialNo information provided.Mobility in soilNo information provided.



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Other adverse effects Product is not harmful to the environment.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal Cylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents.

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

I AND TRANSPORT

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	(ADG)	(IMDG / IMO)	(IATA / ICAO)	
UN number	1956	1956	1956	
Proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.			
DG class/ Division	2.2	2.2	2.2	
Subsidiary risk(s)	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated	
Packing group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated	
GTEPG	2C1			
Hazchem code	2TE			
EMS	F-C, S-V			
Other information	Ensure cylinder is separated from driver and that outlet of relief device is not obstructed.			

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison schedule

A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

SEA TRANSPORT

**Inventory Listing(s)** 

**AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)** 

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Additional information

The storage of significant quantities of gas cylinders must comply with AS4332 The storage and handling of gases in cylinders.

APPLICATION METHOD: Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitted to cylinder or manifold with low pressure gas distribution to equipment.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

#### HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

ChemAlert.

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Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

GHS Globally Harmonized System

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

REACH Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

TLV Threshold Limit Value

TWA/OEL Time Weighted Average or Occupational Exposure Limit

#### **Revision history**

Revision	Description
2.0	Standard SDS Review.
1.0	Initial SDS creation

#### Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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**End of SDS** 



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