Safety Data Sheet



Section 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

• Oxygen (19.5 - 23.5%), Halothane (0.1 - 10%), Nitrogen (Balance)

Product Code

• MSDS No. 90072

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified use(s) • Calibration Gas

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer • Air Liquide

2700 Post Oak Blvd. Houston, TX 77056 United States

www.us.airliquide.com sds@airliquide.com

Telephone (Technical) • 713-896-2896 Telephone (Technical) • 800-819-1704

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Manufacturer 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC

Manufacturer • +1 703-527-3887 - Outside United States

Section 2: Hazards Identification

EU/EEC

According to EU Directive 1272/2008 (CLP)/REACH 1907/2006 [amended by 453/2010] According to EU Directive 67/548/EEC (DSD) or 1999/45/EC (DPD)

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Compressed Gas - H280 Eye Irritation 2 - H319

DSD/DPD • Classification criteria not met

2.2 Label Elements

CLP

WARNING





Hazard statements • H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements

Prevention • P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear eye/face protection, .

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Response •

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage/Disposal P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

DSD/DPD

Risk phrases No label element(s) required

2.3 Other Hazards

CLP

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) this material is considered hazardous.

DSD/DPD

This preparation is not considered dangerous according to European Directive 1999/45/EC.

United States (US)

According to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA HCS 2012

Compressed Gas - H280 Eye Irritation 2A - H319

2.2 Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012

WARNING





Hazard statements • Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated - H280 Causes serious eye irritation - H319

Precautionary statements

Prevention . Wash thoroughly after handling. - P264

Wear eye/face protection , . - P280

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, Response • if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. - P305+P351+P338 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. - P337+P313

Storage/Disposal Store in a well-ventilated place. - P403

2.3 Other hazards

OSHA HCS 2012

Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

Canada

According to WHMIS

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

WHMIS

Compressed Gas - A Other Toxic Effects - D2B

2.2 Label elements

WHMIS





Compressed Gas - A
 Other Toxic Effects - D2B

2.3 Other hazards WHMIS

• In Canada, the product mentioned above is considered hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1 Substances

 Material does not meet the criteria of a substance in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous Components							
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%(weight)	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive	Comments		
Nitrogen	CAS:7727-37-9 EINECS:231-783-9	66.5% TO 80.4%	NDA	EU DSD/DPD: Not Classified - Classification criteria not met EU CLP: Self Classified - Press. Gas - Comp., H280 OSHA HCS 2012: Self Classified - Press. Gas - Comp.; Simp. Asphyx.	Balance		
Oxygen	CAS:7782-44-7 EC Number:231- 956-9	19.5% TO 23.5%	NDA	EU DSD/DPD: Annex I - O; R8 EU CLP: Annex VI - Ox. Gas 1, H270; Press. Gas Comp., H280 OSHA HCS 2012: Ox. Gas 1; Press. Gas - Comp.	NDA		
Halothane	CAS:151-67-7 EINECS:205-796-5	0.1% TO 10%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 29000 ppm Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5680 mg/kg	EU DSD/DPD: Self Classified - Xi; R36 R67 EU CLP: Self Classified - Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336 OSHA HCS 2012: Eye Irrit. 2A; STOT SE 3: Narc.	NDA		

See Section 16 for full text of H-statements and R-phrases.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

• IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.

Skin

 Although exposure is unlikely, in case of contact immediately flush skin with running water. If skin irritation develops get medical advice/attention. Eye

 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

 As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

 All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

4.4 Other information

• Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. RESCUERS SHOULD NOT ATTEMPT TO RETRIEVE VICTIMS OF EXPOSURE TO GASES WITHOUT ADEQUATE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT. At a minimum, Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn. Victim(s) who experience any adverse effect after over-exposure to this gas mixture must be taken for medical attention. Rescuers should be taken for medical attention if necessary. Take a copy of the label and the MSDS to physician or other health professional with victim(s).

Section 5 - Firefighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media .

• Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.

SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical or CO2. LARGE FIRES: Water spray or fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No data available

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire and Explosion

Hazards

Containers may explode when heated.
 Ruptured cylinders may rocket.

Hazardous Combustion Products

No data available

5.3 Advice for firefighters

 Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible.

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

FIRE: If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.

FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.

FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing may occur.

FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank.

FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

Preparation Date: 26/November/2012 Revision Date: 26/November/2012

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions

 Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Ventilate the area before entry.

Emergency Procedures

 Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Keep out of low areas. Stay upwind. Do not direct water at spill or source of leak. LARGE SPILL: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 500 meters (1/3 mile)

6.2 Environmental precautions

No special environmental precautions necessary.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment/Clean-up Measures

Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
 Do not direct water at spill or source of leak.

Use water spray to reduce vapors; do not put water directly on leak, spill area or inside container

If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid.

Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

Ventilate the area.

Allow substance to evaporate.

6.4 Reference to other sections

 Refer to Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection and Section 13 - Disposal Considerations.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling

• Use only with adequate ventilation. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Be aware of any signs of dizziness or fatigue, especially if work is done in a poorly ventilated area; exposures to fatal concentrations of this gas mixture could occur without any significant warning symptoms, due to olfactory fatigue or oxygen deficiency. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked-over. Do not attempt to repair, adjust, or in any other way modify cylinders. If there is a malfunction or another type of operational problem, contact nearest distributor immediately. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not cut, weld, puncture or incinerate container.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

 Keep away from fire. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect cylinders against physical damage. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked-over.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Refer to Section 1.2 - Relevant identified uses.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines						
Result	ACGIH	Canada Ontario	Canada Quebec	Germany DFG	Germany TRGS	
					5 ppm TWA AGW	
					(The risk of damage	
					to the embryo or	
					fetus cannot be	

Preparation Date: 26/November/2012 Revision Date: 26/November/2012

Halothane (151-67-7)	TWAs	50 ppm T	WA	2 ppm TWA; 16 mg/m3 TWA	50 ppm TWAEV; 404 mg/m3 TWAEV	Not established	excluded even when AGW and BGW values are observed, exposure factor 8); 41 mg/m3 TWA AGW (The risk of damage to the embryo or fetus cannot be excluded even when AGW and BGW values are observed observed, exposure factor 8)
	Ceilings	Not estab	lished	Not established	Not established	40 ppm Peak; 328 mg/m3 Peak	Not established
	MAKs	AKs Not established		Not established	Not established	5 ppm TWA MAK; 41 mg/m3 TWA MAK	Not established
			Ex	posure Limits/Gu	idelines (Con't.)		
			Result	NIOSH		Singapore	
			TWAs	Not established		50 ppm PEL; 404 mg/m3 PEL	
Halothane (151-67-7)		Ceilings	exposure to waste anesthetic gas); 16 mg/m3 Ceiling (60 r	2 ppm Ceiling (60 min exposure to waste anesthetic gas); 16.2 mg/m3 Ceiling (60 min exposure to waste anesthetic gas)			

Exposure Control Notations

Germany TRGS

•Halothane (151-67-7): **Developmental Toxins:** (Category 2) | **Reproductive Toxins:** (Based on current data, this substance can not be classified in categories 1-3)

Germany DFG

•Halothane (151-67-7): **Pregnancy:** (risk to embryo/fetus probable)

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering Measures/Controls

 Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory

• In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced. Have available emergency self-contained breathing apparatus or full-face airline respirator when using this chemical.

Eye/Face Skin/Body

- Wear safety glasses.
- Wear leather gloves when handling cylinders.

Environmental Exposure Controls

• Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste. Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways.

Key to abbreviations

MSHA = Mine Safety and Health Administration TWAEV = Time-Weighted Average Exposure Value NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Preparation Date: 26/November/2012

Revision Date: 26/November/2012

Format: EU CLP/REACH Language: English (US) WHMIS, EU DSD/DPD, EU CLP, OSHA HCS 2012

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description		-		
Physical Form	Gas	Appearance/Description	Halothane has a slight ethereal odor.	
Color	Data lacking	Odor	Slight ethereal odor.	
Odor Threshold	Data lacking			
General Properties		-		
Boiling Point	-194.5 C(-318.1 F) For Air	Melting Point	-213.4 C(-352.12 F) For Air	
Decomposition Temperature	Data lacking	рН	Data lacking	
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	Data lacking	Density	1.202 kg/m³ For Air	
Water Solubility	Negligible < 0.1 %	Viscosity	0.0002 Poise (P, Ps) or dyne- second/cm2 @ 0 C(32 F) For Air	
Explosive Properties	Not relevant.	Oxidizing Properties:	Not an oxidizer.	
Volatility		-	·	
Vapor Pressure	Data lacking	Vapor Density	1 Air=1 For Air	
Evaporation Rate	Data lacking			
Flammability	•	•		
Flash Point	Not relevant	UEL	Not relevant	
LEL	Not relevant	Autoignition	Not relevant	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not flammable.			
Environmental				
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	Data lacking			

9.2 Other Information

No additional physical and chemical parameters noted.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

 Incompatible materials. Storage in poorly ventilated areas. Storage near a heat source.

10.5 Incompatible materials

 For halothane: oxygen, nitrous oxide, reactive metals such as: sodium, potassium and finely divided zinc, aluminum, and magnesium.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

 For halothane: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen bromide, and carbonyl halides.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Component Name	CAS	Data
Oxygen (19.5% TO 23.5%)	7782-44-7	Reproductive: ihl-rat TCLo:10 pph/9H (22D preg)
Halothane (0.1% TO 10%) 151-67-7		Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:5680 mg/kg; ihl-rat LC50:120000 mg/m3/4H; Irritation: eye-rbt 100 mg SEV

GHS Properties	Classification
Acute toxicity	EU/CLP ◆ Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 ◆ Classification criteria not met
Aspiration Hazard	EU/CLP ◆ Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 ◆ Classification criteria not met
Carcinogenicity	EU/CLP Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 Classification criteria not met
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	EU/CLP ◆ Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 ◆ Classification criteria not met
Skin corrosion/Irritation	EU/CLP Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 Classification criteria not met
Skin sensitization	EU/CLP ◆ Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 ◆ Classification criteria not met
STOT-RE	EU/CLP Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 Classification criteria not met
STOT-SE	EU/CLP Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 Classification criteria not met
Toxicity for Reproduction	EU/CLP Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 Classification criteria not met
Respiratory sensitization	EU/CLP ◆ Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 ◆ Classification criteria not met
Serious eye damage/Irritation	EU/CLP • Eye Irritation 2 OSHA HCS 2012 • Eye Irritation 2A

Route(s) of entry/exposure Potential Health Effects Inhalation

Inhalation, Eye

Acute (Immediate)

 Based upon data available, halothane may cause respiratory respiration. In high concentrations, halothane is an anesthetic gas with narcotic effects.

Chronic (Delayed)

Skin

Based upon data available, halothane may cause skin irritation.

Acute (Immediate)
Chronic (Delayed)

No data available

No data available

Eye

Acute (Immediate)

Chronic (Delayed)

Ingestion

Acute (Immediate)

Chronic (Delayed)

Other

Chronic (Delayed)

Carcinogenic Effects

Reproductive Effects

Key to abbreviations

LC = Lethal Concentration

LD = Lethal Dose

SEV = Severe

TC = Toxic Concentration

- Based upon data available, halothane may cause eye irritation.
- No data available
- Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure due to the physical form of this product.
- No data available
- Halothane anesthesia may be followed by abnormalities of liver function. Liver impairment results occasionally from clinical anesthesia and occurs usually in patients who were previously anesthetized with halothane.
- The components of this gas mixture are not found on the following lists: FEDERAL OSHA Z LIST, NTP and IARC; therefore, they are not considered to be, nor suspected to be, cancer-causing agents by these agencies.
- Halothane is classified by the FDA as a Pregnancy Category B material. No fetal abnormalities have been reported in humans exposed to halothane.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Material data lacking.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Material data lacking.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Material data lacking.

12.4 Mobility in Soil

Material data lacking.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment has not been conducted for this material.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Material data lacking.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product waste

 Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging waste

 Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	14.1 UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards
DOT	UN1956	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Oxygen)	2.2	NDA	NDA
TDG	UN1956	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Nitrogen, Oxygen)	2.2	NDA	NDA
IMO/IMDG	UN1956	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Nitrogen, Oxygen)	2.2	NDA	NDA
IATA/ICAO	UN1956	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Oxygen)	2.2	NDA	NDA

14.6 Special precautions for user

Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. The
transportation of compressed gas cylinders in automobiles or in closed-body vehicles
can present serious safety hazards. If transporting these cylinders in vehicles, ensure
these cylinders are not exposed to extremely high temperatures (as may occur in an
enclosed vehicle on a hot day). Additionally, the vehicle should be well-ventilated
during transportation.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not relevant.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications • Pressure(Sudden Release of)

State Right To Know						
Component	CAS	MA	NJ	PA		
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Halothane	151-67-7	Yes	Yes	No		

Inventory							
Component	CAS	Canada DSL	Canada NDSL	EU EINECS	EU ELNICS	TSCA	
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	
Halothane	151-67-7	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	

Canada

Labor

Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% A, C
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% A

• Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

Environment

Canada - CEPA - Priority Substances List

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

Europe

Other

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Classification

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% O; R8
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Concentration Limits

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Labelling

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% O R:8 S:(2)-17
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Notes - Substances and Preparations

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Safety Phrases

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% S:(2)-17
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

United States

-Labor

U.S. - OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

U.S. - OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

Environment

U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Radionuclides and Their Reportable Quantities

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs

```
    Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
    Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
    Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed
```

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

```
    Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
    Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
    Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed
```

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing

```
    Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
    Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
    Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed
```

United States - California

Environment

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

```
    Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
    Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
    Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed
```

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

```
    Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
    Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
```

Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% developmental toxicity, initial date 9/1/96

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

```
    Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
    Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
    Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed
```

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL)

Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed

Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female

- Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed
- U.S. California Proposition 65 Reproductive Toxicity Male
- Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

United States - Pennsylvania

Labor

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

- Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances
- Oxygen 7782-44-7 19.5% TO 23.5% Not Listed
 Nitrogen 7727-37-9 66.5% TO 80.4% Not Listed
 Halothane 151-67-7 0.1% TO 10% Not Listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Section 16 - Other Information

Relevant Phrases (code & full text)

- H270 May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
 - R8 Contact with combustible material may cause fire. R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- **Last Revision Date**

Preparation Date

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

- 26/November/2012
- 26/November/2012
- To the best of Air Liquide's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either express or implied, are provided. The

information contained herein relates only to this specific product. If this gas mixture is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.

Key to abbreviationsNDA = No Data Available

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