

**E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid**

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**Product information**

Product Name : E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid
Material : 1072500, 1072617, 1073902, 1072462, 1083826, 1074078

Use : Fire Training Fluid

Company : Chevron Phillips Chemical Company LP
Specialty Chemicals
10001 Six Pines Drive
The Woodlands, TX 77380

Emergency telephone:**Health:**

866.442.9628 (North America)
1.832.813.4984 (International)

Transport:

North America: CHEMTREC 800.424.9300 or 703.527.3887
Asia: +800 CHEMCALL (+800 2436 2255) China: +86-21-22157316
EUROPE: BIG +32.14.584545 (phone) or +32.14583516 (telefax)
South America SOS-Cotec Inside Brazil: 0800.111.767 Outside Brazil: +55.19.3467.1600

Responsible Department : Product Safety and Toxicology Group
E-mail address : SDS@CPChem.com
Website : www.CPChem.com

SECTION 2: Hazards identification**Classification of the substance or mixture**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard communication standard 29 CFR 1910.1200; the SDS and labels contain all the information as required by the standard.

Emergency Overview**Danger**

Form: Liquid **Physical state:** Liquid **Color:** blue **Odor:** Mild

OSHA Hazards : Flammable Liquid, Aspiration hazard, Moderate skin irritant, Carcinogen

Classification

: Flammable liquids , Category 2
Skin irritation , Category 2
Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure ,

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

Category 3 , Central nervous system
Aspiration hazard , Category 1

Labeling

Symbol(s)

:



Signal Word

:

Danger

Hazard Statements

:

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315: Causes skin irritation.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements

:

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
- No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Carcinogenicity:

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

IARC	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans
	Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate 64741-66-8
NTP	No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
ACGIH	No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Synonyms	: None
Molecular formula	: Mixture

Component	CAS-No.	Weight %
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate	64741-66-8	0 - 95
C9-C11 Isoalkanes	68551-16-6	0 - 95
C8-C10 Isoalkanes	68551-15-5	0 - 95
Isopentane	78-78-4	0 - 15

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General advice	: Move out of dangerous area. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Material may produce a serious, potentially fatal pneumonia if swallowed or vomited.
If inhaled	: Consult a physician after significant exposure. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
In case of skin contact	: If skin irritation persists, call a physician. If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.
In case of eye contact	: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	: Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Flash point	: < 10 °C (< 50 °F) Method: ASTM D 93
Autoignition temperature	: No data available
Suitable extinguishing media	: Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Dry chemical.

MSDS Number:100000014287

3/16

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

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|--|---|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | High volume water jet. |
| Specific hazards during fire fighting | : | Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : | Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary. |
| Further information | : | Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored separately in closed containments. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers. |
| Fire and explosion protection | : | Do not spray on an open flame or any other incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : | Carbon oxides. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Personal precautions | : | Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. |
| Environmental precautions | : | Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. |
| Methods for cleaning up | : | Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**Handling**

- | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Advice on safe handling | : | Avoid formation of aerosol. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations. |
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E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Do not spray on an open flame or any other incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers : No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**Ingredients with workplace control parameters****US**

Ingredients	Basis	Value	Control parameters	Note
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate	OSHA Z-1-A	TWA	400 ppm, 1,600 mg/m3	
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	500 ppm, 2,000 mg/m3	(b),
Isopentane	ACGIH	TWA	600 ppm,	(),

() Adopted values or notations enclosed are those for which changes are proposed in the NIC

(b) The value in mg/m3 is approximate.

Engineering measures

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits. Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 2), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Wear a supplied-air NIOSH approved respirator unless ventilation or other engineering controls are adequate to maintain minimal oxygen content of 19.5% by volume under normal atmospheric pressure. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator that provides protection when working with this material if exposure to harmful levels of airborne material may occur, such as: Air-Purifying Respirator for Organic Vapors. Use a positive pressure, air-supplying respirator if there is potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water. Tightly fitting safety goggles.

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

- Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. Wear as appropriate:. Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Workers should wear antistatic footwear.
- Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

- Form : Liquid
- Physical state : Liquid
- Color : blue
- Odor : Mild

Safety data

- Flash point : < 10 °C (< 50 °F)
Method: ASTM D 93
- Lower explosion limit : No data available
- Upper explosion limit : No data available
- Oxidizing properties : no
- Autoignition temperature : No data available
- Thermal decomposition : No data available
- Molecular formula : Mixture
- Molecular weight : Not applicable
- pH : Not applicable
- Freezing point : No data available
- pour point : No data available
- Boiling point/boiling range : 41 - 202 °C (105 - 395 °F)
- Vapor pressure : 2.00 - 5.00 PSI
at 38 °C (100 °F)
- Relative density : 0.711, 15.6 °C(60.1 °F)
- Density : 5.93 L/G
- Water solubility : Negligible

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Relative vapor density	: 1 (Air = 1.0)
Evaporation rate	: 1
Percent volatile	: > 99 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.
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Possibility of hazardous reactions

Conditions to avoid	: Heat, flames and sparks.
Materials to avoid	: May react with oxygen and strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.
Thermal decomposition	: No data available
Hazardous decomposition products	: Carbon oxides
Other data	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid**

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg Species: rat Method: Acute toxicity estimate
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E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50: > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Species: rat Method: Acute toxicity estimate An LC50/inhalation/4h/rat could not be determined because no mortality of rats was observed at the maximum achievable concentration.
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E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg Species: rabbit Method: Acute toxicity estimate
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E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid**Skin irritation** : May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.**E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid****Eye irritation** : Vapors may cause irritation to the eyes, respiratory system and the skin.**Sensitization**

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate : Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

C8-C10 Isoalkanes
Classification: Does not cause skin sensitization.
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.Isopentane
Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.**Repeated dose toxicity**Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate : Species: rabbit
Application Route: Dermal
Dose: 0, 200, 1000, 2000 mg/kg
Exposure time: 4 wk
Number of exposures: 3 times/wk
NOEL: 1,000 mg/kg
Lowest observable effect level: 2,000 mg/kgSpecies: rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Dose: 0, 668, 2220, 6646 ppm
Exposure time: 12 wk
Number of exposures: 5 d/wk
NOEL: 6,646 ppmC9-C11 Isoalkanes
Species: rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Dose: 0, 314, 922 ppm
Exposure time: 12 wk
Number of exposures: 6 h/d, 5 d/wk
NOEL: > 922 ppmIsopentane
Species: rat, male and female
Sex: male and female
Application Route: Inhalation
Dose: 668, 2220, 6646 ppm
Exposure time: 13 wk
Number of exposures: 6 h/d, 5 d/wk
NOEL: > 2220 ppm
Lowest observable effect level: > = 6646 ppm
Method: OECD Guideline 413
Target Organs: Kidney**Carcinogenicity**Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate : Species: mouse
Dose: 50 uL
Exposure time: 2 yrs
Number of exposures: twice/wk
Remarks: no increase incidence of tumors

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

Reproductive toxicity

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate

: Species: rat
 Sex: male
 Application Route: Inhalation
 Dose: 0, 5.1, 12.5, 24.7 mg/L
 Number of exposures: 6 h/d, 7 d/wk
 Test period: 7 wks
 NOAEL Parent: 24.7 mg/l
 NOAEL F1: 24.7 mg/l

Species: rat
 Sex: female
 Application Route: Inhalation
 Dose: 0, 5.1, 12.5, 24.7 mg/L
 Number of exposures: 6 h/d, 7 d/wk
 Test period: 8 wks
 NOAEL Parent: 24.7 mg/l
 NOAEL F1: 24.7 mg/l

Isopentane

Species: rat
 Sex: male and female
 Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
 Dose: 0, 500, 2000, 7000 ppm
 Number of exposures: 6 h/d 5 d/wk
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
 NOAEL Parent: 7000 ppm
 NOAEL F1: 2000 ppm
 NOAEL F2: 2000 ppm
 Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Species: rat
 Sex: female
 Application Route: oral gavage
 Dose: 0, 100, 300, 1000 mg/kg/d
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 415
 NOAEL Parent: $\geq 1,000$ mg/kg
 NOAEL F1: $\geq 1,000$ mg/kg

Species: rat
 Sex: male
 Application Route: oral gavage
 Dose: 0, 100, 300, 1000 mg/kg/d
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 415
 NOAEL Parent: ≥ 300 mg/kg

Developmental Toxicity

C9-C11 Isoalkanes

: Species: rat
 Application Route: Inhalation
 Dose: 0, 291, 817 ppm
 Number of exposures: 6 h/d
 Test period: GD 6-15
 NOAEL Teratogenicity: > 817 ppm
 NOAEL Maternal: > 817 ppm

Isopentane

Species: rat

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

Application Route: oral gavage
 Dose: 0, 100, 500, 1000 mg/kg/d
 Exposure time: GD 6-15
 Number of exposures: daily
 Method: OECD Guideline 414
 NOAEL Teratogenicity: 1,000 mg/kg
 NOAEL Maternal: 1,000 mg/kg
 Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Species: rat
 Application Route: Inhalation
 Dose: 0, 500, 2000, 7000 ppm
 Exposure time: GD 6-15
 Number of exposures: 5 d/wk
 Method: OECD Guideline 414
 NOAEL Teratogenicity: 7000 ppm
 NOAEL Maternal: 500 ppm
 Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Species: rabbit
 Application Route: Inhalation
 Dose: 0, 500, 2000, 7000 ppm
 Exposure time: GD 6-18
 Method: OECD Guideline 414
 NOAEL Teratogenicity: 7000 ppm
 NOAEL Maternal: 7000 ppm
 Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Aspiration toxicity : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

CMR effects

Isopentane : Carcinogenicity: Not available
 Mutagenicity: Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects., In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects
 Teratogenicity: Animal testing did not show any effects on fetal development.
 Reproductive toxicity: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Further information : Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause narcotic effects. Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**Toxicity to fish**

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate : LC50: 8.2 mg/l
 Exposure time: 96 h

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

C9-C11 Isoalkanes

LC50: 1,000 mg/l
 Exposure time: 96 h
 Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
 see user defined free text

C8-C10 Isoalkanes

LL50: 3.6 mg/l
 Exposure time: 96 h
 Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
 semi-static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
 Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Isopentane

LC50: 4.26 mg/l
 Exposure time: 96 h
 Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
 semi-static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
 Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate

: LC50: 10 mg/l
 Exposure time: 48 h
 Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

C9-C11 Isoalkanes

LC50: 1,000 mg/l
 Exposure time: 48 h
 Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
 see user defined free text

Isopentane

EC50: 2.3 mg/l
 Exposure time: 48 h
 Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
 static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate

: EC50: 45 mg/l
 Exposure time: 96 h
 Species: Selenastrum capricornutum (algae)

Isopentane

EC50: 7.51 mg/l
 Exposure time: 72 h
 Species: Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)
 Growth inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
 Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Elimination information (persistence and degradability)

Bioaccumulation

: No data available

Biodegradability

: Taking into consideration the properties of several ingredients, the product is estimated not to be readily biodegradable

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

according to OECD classification.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate : Toxic to aquatic life.

C8-C10 Isoalkanes : Toxic to aquatic life.

Isopentane : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

C8-C10 Isoalkanes : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Isopentane : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Results of PBT assessment

Isopentane : Non-classified PBT substance, Non-classified vPvB substance

Additional ecological information : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this SDS pertains only to the product as shipped.

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by US EPA under RCRA (40 CFR 261) or other State and local regulations. Measurement of certain physical properties and analysis for regulated components may be necessary to make a correct determination. If this material is classified as a hazardous waste, federal law requires disposal at a licensed hazardous waste disposal facility.

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14: Transport information

The shipping descriptions shown here are for bulk shipments only, and may not apply to shipments in non-bulk packages (see regulatory definition).

Consult the appropriate domestic or international mode-specific and quantity-specific Dangerous Goods Regulations for additional shipping description requirements (e.g., technical name or names, etc.) Therefore, the information shown here, may not always agree with the bill of lading shipping description for the material. Flashpoints for the material may vary slightly between the SDS and the bill of lading.

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

US DOT (UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)

UN3295, HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., 3, II

IMO / IMDG (INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS)

UN3295, HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., 3, II, (< 10 °C), MARINE POLLUTANT, (C8-C10 ISOALKANES, ISOPENTANE)

IATA (INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION)

UN3295, HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., 3, II

ADR (AGREEMENT ON DANGEROUS GOODS BY ROAD (EUROPE))

UN3295, HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., 3, II, (D/E), ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS, (C8-C10 ISOALKANES, ISOPENTANE)

RID (REGULATIONS CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS (EUROPE))

UN3295, HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., 3, II, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS, (C8-C10 ISOALKANES, ISOPENTANE)

ADN (EUROPEAN AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS BY INLAND WATERWAYS)

UN3295, HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., 3, II, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS, (C8-C10 ISOALKANES, ISOPENTANE)

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**National legislation**

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Fire Hazard
Acute Health Hazard

EPCRA - EMERGENCY PLANNING COMMUNITY RIGHT - TO – KNOW

CERCLA Reportable Quantity : 667 lbs
Isopentane

SARA 302 Reportable Quantity : This material does not contain any components with a SARA 302 RQ.

SARA 302 Threshold Planning Quantity : SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

SARA 304 Reportable Quantity : This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 313 Ingredients : SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Air Act

Ozone-Depletion Potential : This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).

The following chemical(s) are listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F):

: Isopentane - 78-78-4

The following chemical(s) are listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCM I Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489):

: Isopentane - 78-78-4

US State Regulations**Pennsylvania Right To Know**

: Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate - 64741-66-8
C9-C11 Isoalkanes - 68551-16-6
Isopentane - 78-78-4

New Jersey Right To Know

: Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate - 64741-66-8
C9-C11 Isoalkanes - 68551-16-6
Isopentane - 78-78-4

**California Prop. 65
Ingredients**

: This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth, or any other reproductive defects.

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

Notification status

Europe REACH : A substance or substances in this product is not registered or notified to be registered. Importation or manufacture of this product is still permitted provided that it does not exceed the REACH minimum threshold quantity of the non-regulated substances.

United States of America TSCA : On TSCA Inventory

Canada DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL.

Australia AICS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

New Zealand NZIoC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Japan ENCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

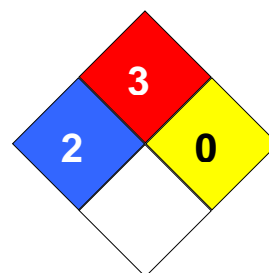
Korea KECI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Philippines PICCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

China IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Classification : Health Hazard: 2
Fire Hazard: 3
Reactivity Hazard: 0

**Further information**

Legacy SDS Number : CPC00047

Significant changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

The information in this SDS pertains only to the product as shipped.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ACGIH	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists	LD50	Lethal Dose 50%
AICS	Australia, Inventory of Chemical Substances	LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
DSL	Canada, Domestic Substances List	NFPA	National Fire Protection Agency
NDSL	Canada, Non-Domestic Substances List	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
CNS	Central Nervous System	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service	NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of

E-III™ Industrial Grade Fire Training Fluid

Version 1.2

Revision Date 2015-03-27

			Chemicals
EC50	Effective Concentration	NOAEL	No Observable Adverse Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50%	NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
EGEST	EOSCA Generic Exposure Scenario Tool	OSHA	Occupational Safety & Health Administration
EOSCA	European Oilfield Specialty Chemicals Association	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	PICCS	Philippines Inventory of Commercial Chemical Substances
MAK	Germany Maximum Concentration Values	PRNT	Presumed Not Toxic
GHS	Globally Harmonized System	RCRA	Resource Conservation Recovery Act
>=	Greater Than or Equal To	STEL	Short-term Exposure Limit
IC50	Inhibition Concentration 50%	SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China	TWA	Time Weighted Average
ENCS	Japan, Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
KECI	Korea, Existing Chemical Inventory	UVCB	Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products, and Biological Materials
<=	Less Than or Equal To	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%		