# Material Safety Data Sheet



Carbon Monoxide

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name : Carbon Monoxide

**Supplier** : AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries

259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

Product use : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

Synonym : Carbon oxide (CO); CO; Exhaust Gas; Flue gas; Carbonic oxide; Carbon oxide;

Carbone; Carbonio; Kohlenmonoxid; Kohlenoxyd; Koolmonoxyde; NA 9202; Oxyde de

carbone; UN 1016; Wegla tlenek; Flue gasnide; Carbon monooxide

MSDS # : 001014 Date of : 12/3/2012.

**Preparation/Revision** 

In case of emergency : 1-866-734-3438

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Gas. [[COLORLESS GAS, MAY BE A LIQUID AT LOW TEMPERATURE OR HIGH

PRESSURE.]]

**Emergency overview** : WARNING!

FLAMMABLE GAS.

MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED.

MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Avoid breathing gas. May cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Use only with

adequate ventilation. Keep container closed.

Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.

**Target organs**: May cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, the nervous system, heart,

cardiovascular system, central nervous system (CNS).

Routes of entry : Inhalation

Potential acute health effects

Eyes : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

**Skin** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

**Inhalation**: Toxic by inhalation.

Ingestion : Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects: May cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Target organs : May cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, the nervous system, heart,

cardiovascular system, central nervous system (CNS).

Medical conditions

aggravated by overexposure : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at

risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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## Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

Name CAS number % Volume Exposure limits

Carbon Monoxide 630-08-0 100 ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).

TWA: 29 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).

CEIL: 229 mg/m<sup>3</sup> CEIL: 200 ppm

TWA: 40 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). TWA: 35 ppm 10 hour(s).

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 55 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

CEIL: 229 mg/m<sup>3</sup> CEIL: 200 ppm

TWA: 40 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 35 ppm 8 hour(s).

### Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**Eye contact**: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

**Skin contact**: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges

and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it.

Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical

attention immediately.

Frostbite : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Inhalation : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if

respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

**Ingestion**: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Flammable.

Flammable limits : Lower: 12.5% Upper: 74.2%

**Products of combustion**: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

: 605°C (1121°F)

of various substances

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Fire hazards in the presence : Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open

flames, sparks and static discharge and oxidizing materials.

Fire-fighting media and instructions

: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam or dry chemical.

In case of fire, allow gas to burn if flow cannot be shut off immediately. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.

Contains gas under pressure. Flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Special protective : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### Methods for cleaning up

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Handling**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. High pressure gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Keep container closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. To avoid fire, eliminate ignition sources. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

#### **Storage**

: Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Segregate from oxidizing materials. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Engineering controls**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Personal protection

Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

#### Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93
Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Personal protection in case of a large spill

: Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Full chemical-resistant suit and self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn only by trained and authorized persons.

#### **Product name**

carbon monoxide

#### ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).

TWA: 29 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).

CEIL: 229 mg/m<sup>3</sup> CEIL: 200 ppm

TWA: 40 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 35 ppm 10 hour(s).

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 55 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

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TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

CEIL: 229 mg/m<sup>3</sup> CEIL: 200 ppm

TWA: 40 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 35 ppm 8 hour(s).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Molecular weight : 28.01 g/mole

Molecular formula : C-O

Boiling/condensation point : -191°C (-311.8°F)

Melting/freezing point : -205°C (-337°F)

Critical temperature : -140.1°C (-220.2°F)

Vapor density : 0.97 (Air = 1)

Specific Volume (ft ³/lb) : 13.8889

Gas Density (lb/ft ³) : 0.072

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity

: The product is stable.

Incompatibility with various

: Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

substances

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

Hazardous decomposition products

not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

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Toxicity data Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
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carbon monoxide	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	35 mL/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	13500 mg/m3	15 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	1900 mg/m3	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6600 ppm	30 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3760 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	2444 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	1807 ppm	4 hours

**IDLH** : 1200 ppm

Chronic effects on humans : TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 1 by European Union.

May cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, the nervous system, heart,

cardiovascular system, central nervous system (CNS).

Other toxic effects on

humans

: No specific information is available in our database regarding the other toxic effects of this material to humans.

**Specific effects** 

Carcinogenic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproduction toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Aquatic ecotoxicity**

Not available.

**Products of degradation**: Products of degradation: carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>).

**Environmental fate** : Not available.

**Environmental hazards** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Toxicity to the environment : Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation.Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc.Do not dispose of locally.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1016	CARBON MONOXIDE, COMPRESSED	2.3	Not applicable (gas).	PHIALATON HAZARD 22	Inhalation hazard zone D  Limited quantity Yes.  Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden.  Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 25 kg  Special provisions 4
TDG Classification	UN1016	CARBON MONOXIDE, COMPRESSED	2.3	Not applicable (gas).	2	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0  ERAP Index 500  Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden  Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index

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Carbon Monoxid	le					
						Forbidden
Mexico Classification	UN1016	CARBON MONOXIDE, COMPRESSED	2.3	Not applicable (gas).	NHALATION HAZARD	-
					FLAMMABLE GAS	

<sup>&</sup>quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **United States**

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: TSCA 8(a) IUR: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: carbon monoxide

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: carbon monoxide: Fire hazard, Sudden release of pressure, Immediate (acute) health

hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

State regulations

: Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: This material is not listed.

**Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey**: This material is not listed.

Florida substances: This material is not listed.

Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed.

Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This material is not listed.

Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed.
Louisiana Spill: This material is not listed.
Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed.
Massachusetts Substances: This material is listed.
Michigan Critical Material: This material is not listed.

Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. New Jersey Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.

New Jersey Spill: This material is not listed.

New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is listed.
New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.
New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is not listed.
Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.

Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.

California Prop. 65

: WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause

birth defects or other reproductive harm.

<u>Ingredient name</u> <u>Cancer Reproductive No significant risk Maximum</u>

level acceptable dosage

<u>level</u>

Carbon Monoxide No. Yes. No. No.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)
: Class A: Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

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CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed.

Canadian ARET: This material is not listed. Canadian NPRI: This material is listed.

Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

**United States** 

Label requirements : FLAMMABLE GAS.

MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED.

MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

Canada

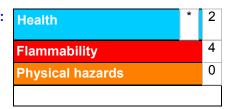
**Label requirements** : Class A: Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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