

1,3-Butadiene

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name	: 1,3-Butadiene
Supplier	: AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym	 α,γ-Butadiene; trans-Butadiene; Biethylene; Bivinyl; Buta-1,3-diene; Butadiene; Divinyl; Erythrene; Pyrrolylene; Vinylethylene; (E)-CH2=CHCH=CH2; Butadieen; Buta-1,3-dieen; Butadien; Buta-1,3-dien; NCI-C50602
MSDS #	: 001008
Date of Preparation/ Revision	: 3/5/2014.
In case of emergency	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state	:	Gas. [COLORLESS LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GAS WITH GASOLINE-LIKE ODOR.]
Emergency overview	:	WARNING!
		FLAMMABLE GAS. MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CANCER HAZARD - CAN CAUSE CANCER. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.
		Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. May cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container closed.
		Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.
Target organs	:	May cause damage to the following organs: the reproductive system, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).
Routes of entry	:	Inhalation
Potential acute health effects		
Eyes	:	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Skin	:	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	:	Acts as a simple asphyxiant.
Ingestion	:	Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases
Potential chronic health effect	:ts	
Carcinogenicity	:	Can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Target organs	:	May cause damage to the following organs: the reproductive system, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).
Medical conditions aggravated by over- exposure	:	Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.
See toxicological information	ı (S	Section 11)

Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

Name 1,3-Butadiene	CAS number 106-99-0	<u>% Volume</u> 100	Exposure limits ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 4.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Inhalation	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product	: Flammable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 419.85°C (787.7°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: -76.15°C (-105.1°F).
Flammable limits	: Lower: 2% Upper: 11.5%
Products of combustion	 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Fire hazards in the presence of various substances	: Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and oxidizing materials.
Fire-fighting media and instructions	: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam or dry chemical.
	In case of fire, allow gas to burn if flow cannot be shut off immediately. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.
	Contains gas under pressure. Flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Methods for cleaning up	1	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. High pressure gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Keep container closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. To avoid fire, eliminate ignition sources. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Storage	: Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Segregate from oxidizing materials. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Personal protection	
Eyes	 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
Skin	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
	The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Personal protection in case of a large spill	: Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product.
Product name	
1,3-butadiene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 4.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Molecular weight	: 54.09 g/mole
Molecular formula	: C4-H6
Boiling/condensation point	: -4.41°C (24.1°F)
Melting/freezing point	: -108.9°C (-164°F)
Critical temperature	: 151.85°C (305.3°F)
Vapor pressure	: 21.35 (psig)
Vapor density	: 1.9 (Air = 1)
Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb)	: 7.1942
Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	: 0.139 (20°C / 68 to °F)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity	: Unstable.
Conditions of instability	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur. Unstable. (at high temperature)
Incompatibility with various substances	: Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids and alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	: Hazardous polymerization may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Toxicity data					
Product/ingredient name		Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,3-butadiene		LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation	Rat Rat	5480 mg/kg 285 g/m³	- 4 hours
		Vapor LC50 Inhalation	Rat	285000 mg/m³	4 hours
		Vapor LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	128000 ppm	4 hours
IDLH	:	2000 ppm			
Chronic effects on humans		CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: be human carcinogens.) by N European Union. Classified A MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Cla May cause damage to the follo membranes, upper respiratory	TP, + (Proven.) 2 (Suspected for Issified 2 by Euro owing organs: th	by NIOSH, 1 (Proven fo humans.) by ACGIH. opean Union. e reproductive system,	or humans.) by , mucous
Other toxic effects on humans		No specific information is avai his material to humans.	ilable in our data	base regarding the oth	er toxic effects of
Specific effects					
Carcinogenic effects	1	Can cause cancer. Risk of ca	ancer depends o	n duration and level of	exposure.
Mutagenic effects	:	No known significant effects o	or critical hazards	S.	
Reproduction toxicity	:	No known significant effects o	or critical hazards	S.	

Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Not available.

NOT available.		
Products of degradation	: Products of degradation: carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂) and water.	
Environmental fate	: Not available.	
Environmental hazards	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Toxicity to the environment	: Not available.	

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation.Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc.Do not dispose of locally.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information		
DOT Classification	UN1010	Butadienes, stabilized	2.1	Not applicable (gas).	PLAMAALE GAS	Reportable quantity 10 lbs. (4.54 kg)		
TDG Classification	UN1010	Butadienes, stabilized	2.1	Not applicable (gas).		Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden		
Mexico Classification	UN1010	Butadienes, stabilized	2.1	Not applicable (gas).	PLAMABLE GAS	-		

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

SARA 313

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted. SARA 302/304: No products were found. SARA 311/312 Hazards identification: Fire hazard, Sudden release of pressure, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

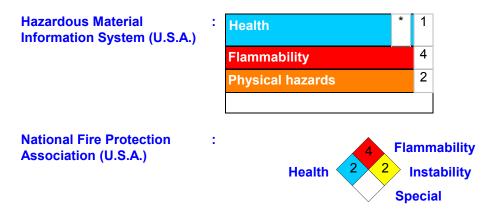
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: 1,3-butadiene

Product name

CAS number Concentration

			400.00.0	100		
Form R - Reporting requirements	: 1,3-Butadiene		106-99-0	100		
Supplier notification	: 1,3-Butadiene		106-99-0	100		
	nust not be detached from th tribution of the notice attach					
State regulations	 Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: This material is not listed. Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: This material is not listed. Florida substances: This material is not listed. Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed. Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This material is not listed. Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed. Louisiana Spill: This material is not listed. Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed. Massachusetts Substances: This material is listed. Michigan Critical Material: This material is not listed. Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. New Jersey Spill: This material is not listed. New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is not listed. New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is not listed. Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. 					
California Prop. 65	: WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.					
Ingredient name	<u>Cancer</u>	<u>Reproductive</u>	<u>No significant risk</u> level	<u>Maximum</u> acceptable dosage level		
1,3-Butadiene	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.		
anada						
WHMIS (Canada)	: Class A: Compresse	aen h				
winiwiio (Carldua)	Class B-1: Flammabl Class D-2A: Material Class F: Dangerously CEPA Toxic substan Canadian ARET: Th Canadian NPRI: This Alberta Designated Ontario Designated Quebec Designated	e gas. causing other toxic y reactive material. nces: This material is material is not list s material is listed. Substances: This r Substances: This r	is listed. ed. naterial is not listed. material is not listed.			
	Class D-2A: Material Class F: Dangerously CEPA Toxic substan Canadian ARET: Th Canadian NPRI: This Alberta Designated Ontario Designated Quebec Designated	e gas. causing other toxic y reactive material. nces: This material is material is not list s material is listed. Substances: This r Substances: This r	is listed. ed. naterial is not listed. material is not listed.			
Section 16. Othe	Class D-2A: Material Class F: Dangerously CEPA Toxic substan Canadian ARET: Th Canadian NPRI: This Alberta Designated Ontario Designated Quebec Designated	e gas. causing other toxic y reactive material. nces: This material is material is not list s material is listed. Substances: This r Substances: This r	is listed. ed. naterial is not listed. material is not listed.			

·	MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CANCER HAZARD - CAN CAUSE CANCER. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.
Canada	
Label requirements	 Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class F: Dangerously reactive material.



Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.