

SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME : WOOD FINISH REPAIR KIT STAIN PENS-ALL COLORS
 UPC NUMBER : 7079897500
 PRODUCT USE/CLASS : Wood Stain

MANUFACTURER: DAP INC.
 2400 BOSTON ST.
 BALTIMORE, MD 21224

24 HOUR EMERGENCY:
 TRANSPORTATION: 1-800-535-5053
 MEDICAL : 1-800-327-3874

PREPARE DATE : 02/03/1999
 REVISION NO. : 3
 REVISION DATE: 11/01/2002

GENERAL INFORMATION:
 DAP INC.: 1-800-543-3840

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

ITEM	CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WT/WT % RANGE
01	Ethanol	67-17-5	50.0-60.0 %
02	2-Propanol, 1 ethoxy	1569-02-4	1.0-10.0 %
03	n-Propyl acetate	109-60-4	1.0-10.0 %
04	Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	34590-94-8	1.0-10.0 %
05	Isopropanol	67-63-0	0.0-1.0 %
06	Chromium	7440-47-3	0.0-1.0 %
07	Cobalt compounds	7440-48-4	0.0-1.0 %

ITEM	EXPOSURE LIMITS					
	ACGIH		OSHA		COMPANY	
	TLV-TWA	TLV-STEL	PEL-TWA	PEL-CEILING	TLV-TWA	SKIN
01	1000 ppm	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	NO
02	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	NO
03	200 ppm	250 ppm	200 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	NO
04	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	NO
05	400 ppm	500 ppm	400 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	NO
06	0.05 mg/m3	N.E.	0.5 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	NO
07	0.02 mg/m3	N.E.	0.1 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	NO

Remaining ingredients are not considered hazardous per the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

Listed Permissible Exposure Levels (PEL) are from the U.S. Dept. of Labor OSHA Final Rule Limits (CFR 29 1910.1000); limits may vary between states.

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: DANGER! Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapor harmful. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Contact with the eyes may cause moderate to severe eye injury. Eye contact may result in tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue. Temporary vision impairment, cloudy or blurred vision, is possible

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin irritation or sensitization. Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Vapor harmful if inhaled. Irritates nose and upper respiratory tract. Irritation may be delayed for several hours. Vapor inhalation may affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. May effect the blood, liver and reproductive system. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation. Prolonged skin contact can cause reddening, swelling rash scaling or blistering. May cause skin sensitization.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS WHICH MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY CONTACT: Liver disease. Skin disease including eczema and sensitization. Respiratory disease including asthma and bronchitis. Pre-existing eye skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: SKIN CONTACT INHALATION

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT: Flush with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Contact a physician.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash with soap and water.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If irritation or complications arise, contact a physician or Regional Poison Control Center immediately.

COMMENTS: Call 1-800-327-3874 if irritation or complications arise from any of the above exposures.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: <100 F
(SETAFLASH CLOSED CUP)

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: N.A.
UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: N.A.

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: N.E.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CO2 DRY CHEMICAL FOAM

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Extremely flammable. Material will readily ignite at room temperature. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air. Vapors can travel long distances to a source of ignition and flashback. Containers may explode if exposed to extreme heat. Eliminate sources of ignition: heat, electrical equipment, sparks, and flames. Do not put in contact with oxidizing or caustic materials.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus, is recommended to protect from combustion products. Cool exposed containers with water.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES: Dike spill area. Immediately eliminate sources of ignition. Use absorbent material or scrape up dried material and place into containers.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING INFORMATION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid breathing vapors. Use only in a well ventilated area.

STORAGE INFORMATION: Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Keep away from heat, spark, and flame. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers from excessive heat and freezing. Do not store at temperatures above 120 degrees F.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal. Do not take internally. Construction and repair activities can adversely affect indoor air quality. Consult with the occupants or other appropriate representative (i.e. maintenance, building manager, industrial hygienist, or safety officer) to determine ways to minimize any impact.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (local or general exhaust) to maintain exposure below PEL and TLV. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas. Check all low areas (basements, sumps, etc.) for vapors before entering.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If 8 hour exposure limit or value is exceeded for any component, use an approved NIOSH/OSHA respirator. Consult your safety equipment supplier and the OSHA regulation, 29 CFR 1910.134 for respirator requirements. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

SKIN PROTECTION: Solvent impervious gloves.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Provide eyewash and solvent impervious apron if body contact may occur.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING RANGE : N.E.
ODOR : Moderately strong alcohol
APPEARANCE : Colored liquid EVAPORATION RATE: Is faster than Butyl
SOLUBILITY IN H2O : Negligible Acetate
SPECIFIC GRAVITY : 0.88
VAPOR PRESSURE : 97 mm Hg
PHYSICAL STATE : Liquid

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat and freezing.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong oxidizers and caustics.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Normal decomposition products, i.e. COx, NOx

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Chemical Name	CAS Number	LD50/LC50
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Inhalation LC50 Rat: 20,000 ppm/10H. Inhalation LC50 Mouse: 39gm/m3/10H. Oral LD50 Rat: 7060 mg/kg. Oral LD50 Mouse: 3450mg/kg.
2-Prpanol, 2 ethoxy	1569-02-4	Inhalation LC50 Rat: >10,000 ppm/4h. Oral LD50 Rat: 4,400 mg/kg. Dermal LD50: 8,100 mg/kg.
n-Propyl acetate	109-60-4	Oral LD50 Rat: 9370 mg/kg. Oral LD50 Mouse: 8,300 mg/kg. Dermal LD50 Rabbit >20ml/kg.
Dipropylene glycol	34590-94-8	Oral LD50 Rat: 5,400 uL/kg. Dermal LD50 Rabbit: 10ml/kg.
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Inhalation LC50 Rat: 16,000 ppm/8H. Oral LD50 Rat: 5045 mg/kg. Oral LD50 Mouse: 3,600mg/kg. Dermal LD50 Rabbit
Cobalt	7440-48-4	Oral LD50 Rat: 6171 mg/kg.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No product or component ecological information is available.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE MANAGEMENT/DISPOSAL: Dispose of according to Federal, State, and Local Standards. Discarded material should be incinerated at a permitted facility. Liquids cannot be disposed of in a landfill. Do not reuse empty container. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

EPA WASTE CODE û None.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated by DOT.

DOT HAZARD CLASS: N.A.

DOT UN/NA NUMBER: N.A. PACKING GROUP: N.A.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----	CAS NUMBER
Isopropanol	67-63-0
Cobalt	7440-48-4

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----	CAS NUMBER
None	

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----	CAS NUMBER
Polyketone resin	Contents partially unknown
Dye	Contents partially unknown

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----	CAS NUMBER
Polyketone resin	Proprietary
Dye	Proprietary

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

WARNING: The chemical(s) noted below and contained in this product, are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----	CAS NUMBER
Cobalt	7440-48-4

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

CANADIAN WHMIS: This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for use of the 16 headings.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: No information available.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS RATINGS - HEALTH: 1 FLAMMABILITY: 3 REACTIVITY: 0

PREVIOUS MSDS REVISION DATE: 07/07/1998

REASON FOR REVISION: Section 1. Change name and address of manufacturer
Change emergency phone numbers.
Section 3. Update hazard information.
Section 15. Update regulatory information.

VOC less water, less exempt solvent: 710-720 gm/l

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

LEGEND: ACGIH - AMERICAN CONFERENCE OF GOVERNMENTAL INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS
N.A. - NOT APPLICABLE
N.E. - NOT ESTABLISHED
PEL - PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT
NTP - NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM
SARA - SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1986
STEL - SHORT TERM EXPOSURE LIMIT
TLV - THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE(8 HR. TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE OR TWA)
VOC - VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND
NJRTK - NEW JERSEY RIGHT TO KNOW LAW
N.D. - NOT DETERMINED

79951

This data is offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. No warranty either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review the recommendations in specific context of the intended use and determine if they are appropriate.

< End OF MSDS >

M A T E R I A L S A F E T Y D A T A S H E E T

SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET IS AVAILABLE IN SPANISH UPON REQUEST.

PRODUCT NAME : WOOD FINISH REPAIR KIT BLEND STICK-ALL COLORS
 UPC NUMBER : 7079897500
 PRODUCT USE/CLASS : Wax Blending Stick

MANUFACTURER: 24 HOUR EMERGENCY:
 DAP INC. TRANSPORTATION: 1-800-535-5053 (352-323-3500)
 2400 BOSTON STREET MEDICAL : 1-800-327-3874 (513-558-5111)
 BALTIMORE, MD 21224

PREPARE DATE : 07/07/1998 GENERAL INFORMATION:
 REVISION NO. : 1 DAP INC. : 1-888-DAP-TIPS (1-888-327-8477)
 REVISION DATE: 08/28/2002

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

ITEM	CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WT/WT % RANGE
01	Natural iron oxide	1317-63-1	1.0-10.0 %
02	Ferric oxide	1309-37-1	1.0-10.0 %
03	Quartz crystalline silica	14808-60-7	<1.0 %
04	Carbon black	1333-86-4	<1.0 %

ITEM	EXPOSURE LIMITS				COMPANY	
	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH TLV-STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL-CEILING	TLV-TWA	SKIN
01	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	NO
02	5 mg/m3 dust & fume	N.E.	10 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	NO
03	0.05 mg/m3*	N.E.	10 mg/m3dust	N.E.	N.E.	NO
04	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	NO

* The 2001 ACGIH Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents lists the median Respirable Particulate Mass (RPM) point for crystalline silica at 4.0 microns in terms of the particle's aerodynamic diameter.

Listed Permissible Exposure Levels (PEL) are from the U.S. Dept. of Labor OSHA Final Rule Limits (CFR 29 1910.1000); limits may vary between states.

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: In an emergency situation, this product should not pose a significant immediate concern for emergency response personnel.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite that is inhaled from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (published in June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these materials. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies respirable crystalline silica as known to be a human carcinogen. Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2).

Breathing dust containing respirable crystalline silica may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have the following serious chronic health effects: Excessive inhalation of respirable dust can cause pneumoconiosis, a respiratory disease, which can result in delayed, progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung injury. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. Smoking exacerbates this disease. Individuals with pneumoconiosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis. There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by fibrosis of the lungs, skin and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Can cause minor irritation, tearing and reddening.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: None known.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Mildly irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: None known.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS WHICH MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY CONTACT: None known.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: SKIN CONTACT

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT: Flush with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Contact a physician.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash with soap and water.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. Contact a physician immediately.

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Contact a physician or Regional Poison Control Center immediately.

COMMENTS: Call Medical Emergency 1-800-327-3874 if any irritation or complications arise from any of the above routes of entry.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: >200 F LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: N.A.
(SETAFLASH CLOSED CUP) UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: N.A.

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: N.E.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CO2 DRY CHEMICAL FOAM

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: None known.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES: Scrape up dried material and place into containers.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING INFORMATION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Keep articles away from excessive heating and freezing.

STORAGE INFORMATION: Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers from excessive heat and freezing. Do not store at temperatures above 120 degrees F.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: No Information.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Normal room ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Not required under normal usage and adequate ventilation.

Dry sanding of dried product results in the generation of dust which contains crystalline silica. Avoid exposure to dust by wearing an appropriate, properly fitted, dust respirator during dry sanding. Follow respiratory manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

If the 8 hour exposure limit or value is exceeded for any component, use an approved NIOSH/OSHA respirator. Consult your safety equipment supplier and the OSHA regulation, 29 CFR 1910.134 for respirator requirements. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) recommended permissible exposure limit of 50 micrograms respirable free silica per cubic meter of air (0.05 mg/m³) as determined by a full shift sample up to 10 hour working day, 40 hours per week.

EYE PROTECTION: None required.

SKIN PROTECTION: None required.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: None.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING RANGE	: 240 - 260 F	VAPOR DENSITY	: N.A.
ODOR	: Pleasant Odor		
APPEARANCE	: Colored solid	EVAPORATION RATE:	N.A.
SOLUBILITY IN H ₂ O	: Negligible		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	: 1.00-1.50		
VAPOR PRESSURE	: N.A.		
PHYSICAL STATE	: Solid stick		

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid high temperatures.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong oxidizers and caustics.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Normal decomposition products, i.e. COx, NOx

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

No product or component toxicological information is available.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Information.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE MANAGEMENT/DISPOSAL: Dispose of according to Federal, State, and Local Standards. This product does not meet the definition of a hazardous waste according to U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Management Regulations, 40 CFR Section 261. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

EPA WASTE CODE - If discarded (40 CFR 261): None.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not Regulated by D.O.T.

DOT HAZARD CLASS: NONE

DOT UN/NA NUMBER: NONE

PACKING GROUP: NONE

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----

No SARA Section 313 components exist in this product.

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----

No information is available.

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----

Wax

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%:

----- CHEMICAL NAME ----- CAS NUMBER

Wax

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

WARNING: The chemical(s) noted below and contained in this product, are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm:

----- CHEMICAL NAME ----- CAS NUMBER

Carbon black 1333-86-4
Crystalline silica 14808-60-7

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

CANADIAN WHMIS: This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for use of the 16 headings.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: No information available.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS RATINGS - HEALTH: 0 FLAMMABILITY: 1 REACTIVITY: 0

PREVIOUS MSDS REVISION DATE: 07/07/1998

REASON FOR REVISION:

SECTION 1: Company change. Address change and new emergency contact phone Numbers.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

LEGEND: ACGIH - AMERICAN CONFERENCE OF GOVERNMENTAL INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS
N.A. - NOT APPLICABLE
N.E. - NOT ESTABLISHED
PEL - PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT
NTP - NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM
SARA - SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1986
STEL - SHORT TERM EXPOSURE LIMIT
TLV - THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE(8 HR. TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE OR TWA)
VOC - VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND
NJRTK - NEW JERSEY RIGHT TO KNOW LAW
N.D. - NOT DETERMINED

MSDS# 79952

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

This data is offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. No warranty either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review the recommendations in specific context of the intended use and determine if they are appropriate.

< End OF MSDS >